The factor of th

TEL AVIV — A leader of the right-wing opposition, former Defence Minister Ariel Sharon, vowed Monday to quadruple the number of Israeli settlers in Palestinian territories if the Likud Party comes to power next year. "Our first task when we are in power will be to increase to half a million the number of Jews" living in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, Mr. Sharon told parliament. More than 120,000 Israelis live in 144 settlements in the Palestinian territories. Another 160,000 live in annexed East Jernsalem. Mr. Sharon said the best way to prevent anti-Israeli attacks in the occupied West Bank town of Hebron, a hotbed of Arab-Jewish friction, would be to "install 5,000 Jews instead of the 450 who live there." He accused Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's left-wing government of "hating the settlers" and failing to protect them against Palestinian militant attacks. Two Israeli settlers were shot dead last week near Hebron in a militant ambush on a bus. Environment Minister Yossi Sarid, of the left-wing Meretz Party, said: "The government will do everything necessary to create ar irreversible fait accompli between now and November 1996. when general elections take place in Israel.

Volume 19 Number 5878

AMMAN TUESDAY, MARCH 28, 1995, SHAWAL 27, 1415

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

# Higher Education Council meets

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Prince Ghazi Ben Monammau, une King, on attended a meeting Monday attended a meeting of the Higher Education Council chaired by the higher \*Council changes and council changes and council changes are council changes and council changes are council changes and council changes are considered and education munister and cilipresident, Rateb Al Saoud. The council heard a Saoud. The committee tion development committee which was set up upon direction with the Popul Highness which was set up applying tives by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan in June 20, 1994.

### AOAD begins Amman meeting

AMMAN (Petra) — The ex-Prince Charle Organisation for Agricultural in deal with Development (AOAD) Disney opened its meetings in Amman Monday evening. Agri-culture Minister Mansour Ben Tarif opened the threeday meetings in which representatives of Algeria.
Bahrain, the United Arab Emirates, Sudan and Morocco are participating. In his opening address, Mr. Ben Tarif said Jordan had always been supporting joint Arab action in all fields. He said achieving food security in Arab countries can be achieved only through joint action and cooperation. Acting Prime Minister Abdul Raouf A! Rawabdeh on Monday met with Bahraini Minister of Trade and Commerce Ahmad Ben Qassem, who is current chairman of the AOAD's executive council. Discussion at the meeting

### nisation. Contraction of Khaddam, Murphy discuss peace

focused on cooperation be-

tween Jordan and the orga-

DAMASCUS (AFP) — Svrian Vice-President Abdul Halim Khaddam held talks Minister at process Monday with the former U.S. deputy secretary of lost memo state, Richard Murphy, offifridy iOSe : cials said. Mr. Murphy, who heads a delegation here from the American Council for Foreign Relations, also met Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa, they said. He is visiting Syria for several days, according to the U.S.

# embassy. Fed governor quits

· Washington (AFP) — Federal Reserve Governor John Laware has decided to resign and will not attend Tuesday's meeting of the bank's policy-making open market committee, the U.S. central bank said Monday. Mr. Laware, 67, had decided Chocolate to retire, a Fed spokesman got a real kill officially take effect until April 30, but Mr. Laware will not attend Tuesday's open market committee meeting, the Fed spokesman said.

### Gore 'non-commital' on embassy transfer

JEDDAH (AP) — U.S. Vice-President Al Gore was .10n-commital when an Islanic leader said that America - should not shift its embassy he leader said Monday. Hamid Al-Gabid, secretary general of the Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC), - old a news conference he alled four days after he met aised the subject of the Another philippins any explicit answers Another pive any explicit answer. In-tead, Mr. Gabid said, Mr. English dall tead, Mr. Gabid said, Mr. THY NEWS STORE "Wanted the OIC to ontinue supporting the

# tle East peace process." Srael starts work

"ILAT (AFP) — Israel on electricity grids between flat and Aqaba, offici. a near the Red Sea to link id. The work which will ine work which will ke three months involves uilding a high-tersion

# King, Clinton hold

talks at White House

AMMAN — His Majesty King Hussein and U.S. President Bill Clinton met at the White House on Monday for talks expected to centre on the developments in the Middle East peace process and American economic and military assistance for Jor-

The meeting began at the Oval Office and no statement was available by press time. However, Jordanian officials had said that King and President Clinton were expected to discuss the developments in the Jordanian-Israeli track of negotiations after the two countries signed a peace treaty in October and progress in other tracks of the Middle East peace process. King Hussein was expected

to reaffirm Jordan's commitment to achieving a comprebensive Arab-Israeli settlement in the region and the Kingdom's willingness to help advance negotiations between Israel's separate negotiations with the Palestinians, Syria and Lebanon.

800 killed

army raid

report

tants in an offensive in the

'Ain Defla region west of

newspaper Le Soir said Mon-

day, citing what it called reli-

lowed a report in the same

Islamic Armed Group (GIA)

were killed during the six-day

offensive after they gathered

The French-language Le

automatic as well as heavy

automatic weapons coming

Dozens of foreigners, in-

diding Eritreans, Tunisians,

Moroccans, were among

Le Soir said the Eritreans

The paper said several key

figures within the GIA were

among those killed, but that

their identities had not been

The privately-owned Le Matin daily said Monday the

army had evacuated the area

of civilians and then pounded

before sending in paratroop-

ers. An officer told the paper

several hundred "terrorists"

operation aimed at sapping the morale" of the security

forces and showing that the

authorities were "incapable

of organising presidential

elections" when it was attack-

President Liamine

Zeroual, who rules Algeria

with the support of the

military-backed government,

has promised to hold pres-

idential elections this year

and hinted Sunday that if

they passed off successfully,

he could also order local and

Meanwhile, security offi-

cials said in a statement that

Islamic extremists had shot

dead Mohammad Abdul

Rahmani, the editor in chief

of Algerian government daily

Al Mujahid, in the capital

He was assassinated as he

sat in his car in a traffic jam at

Oued Kniss in the eastern

(Continued on page 7)

Algiers on Monday.

national polls.

Le Soir said the GIA had

had been killed.

with an artillery barrage

killed were believed to be

members of the Eritrean Peo-

ple's Islamic Front.

from outside Algeria.

those killed.

revealed.

their movement.

able sources.

The King's talks with President Clinton were attended by Vice-President Al Gore on the American side and Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Kabariti and several other ministers

Mr. Gore, during a visit to Jordan last week, reaffirmed the Clinton administration's resolve to write off the Kingdom's outstanding official debts to the U.S. in full this year and said Jordan's economic and military needs would be discussed in detail during the King's current visit.

The head of the leading pro-Israel lobbying group said debt forgiveness for Jordan was in the U.S. national interest and would show other Arab countries that "a willingness to work towards regional stability provides significant benefit."

Jordan has taken "meaningful risks" in concluding a peace treaty with Israel, Steven Grossman, head of the American-Israel Public Affairs Committee,

"There is no question that virtually every leader in the Middle East is going to be attentive to the way in which

the agreement plays out."
The King planned several trips to Capitol Hill during a four-day visit. He was scheduled to hold a meeting with House Speaker Newt Gingrich Monday night.

Last Friday, the King visited the Simon Wiesenthal Centre's Museum of Tolerance in Los Angeles, the first Arab ruler to tour the exhibi-

He made a speech there saying the Jordan-Israel peace treaty would "begin a new era where the enemies of yesterday become the good neighbours and friends and cousins for all time to come."

Rabbi Marvin Hier, dean of the centre, said Monday in an interview that "there is a wall-to-wall consensus in Israel that the treaty most likely to succeed in a warm peace will be the one between Israel and Jordan." "This treaty should be used

seeks peace with its other Arab neighbours," the rabbi said, adding that both countries should be rewarded.

Unlike Israel's agreement with the Palestine Liberation Organisation and negotiations with Syria, the treaty with Jordan is noncontroversial in Israel and among Israel's supporters in the United States.

King Hussein accompanied by Her Majesty Queen Noor, arrived in Washington, D.C., early Monday.

Their Majesties were accompanied by Their Royal Highnesses Prince Ali, Hamzeh and Hashem, Prime Minister Sharif Zeid, the King's military advisor Major-General Hmeidi Al Fayez and Jordanian Ambassador to the U.S. Fayez Al Tarawneh.

They were received at Andrew Air Base in Washington by senior State Department and White House officials as well as Arab ambassadors to the

# negotiation with Iraq

WASHINGTON (Agencies)

— The White House said
Monday there would be no direct negotiations with Baghdad for the release of two U.S. citizens who have been sentenced to eight years in prison for illegally entering

White House spokesman Michael McCurry said there had been no progress on U.S. efforts to free David Daliberti and William Barloon, U.S. defence contractors who strayed across Kuwait's border with Iraq on March 13.

"We continue to press for their release through a variety of diplomatic measures," he said.

When asked whether Washington would engage in direct negotiations with Baghdad for the two mens release, Mr. McCurry said no, and added that sanctions imposed against Iraq after the 1991 Gulf war would not be a possible bargaining chip.
"These are unrelated mat-

ters," he said. The United States has rejected Iraq's charge that the two men were engaged in sabotage when they entered Iraqi territory, a move Mr. McCurry said was "an honest mistake.

The spokesman refused to say whether President Bill Clinton would consider military action to free the men, saying it would be "highly irresponsible to speculate on what the president might or might not do."

He noted, however, that the United States had successfully gained the release of prisoners in the past through diplomatic channels and said: 'Let's not think of the worst but of the best."

France has urged Iraqi authorities to free the two U.S. citizens, an official said Mon-

Foreign ministry spokesman Richard Duque said it had made the intervention via Baghdad's interests section in Paris and a French interest section recently opened in the Iraqi capital. France's relations with Iraq

are less frosty than many other Western states: Paris is pressing for a softening of the international economic emabrgo imposed on Baghdad following the Gulf war in contrast to Washington's hardline opposition.

Mr. Duque gave no details of the Iraqi response to the French intervention. Iraq's parliament speaker

described the two Americans "infiltrators,"

# Ekeus says he failed to fill in gaps on Iraq biological data He held final talks on Montoring is in place, and we find

president's visit to Jordan on Oct. 26,

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — U.N. disarmament chief Rolf Ekeus said Monday that he had failed during his four-day mission here to fill in the gaps nisation. in information about Iraq's

His Majesty King Hussein and U.S. Presi-

dent Bill Clinton in Amman during the 1994 (AFP photo)

germ warfare programme. He told reporters that the issue, crucial for Iraq's hopes for an easing of U.N. sanctions in force since its invasion of Kuwait in August 1990, was still unresolved.

"I don't think we have concluded the issue of biological warfare as yet," said Mr. Ekeus. "Iraq may be clean but we don't know that. We haven't been completely

Although he acknowledged he had been given 'some new information" during his talks with Iraqi officials here, it still had to be evaluated. "This is a co issue," he added.

But Iraqi Foreign Minister Mohammad Said Al Sahaf, who took part in Sunday's talks with Mr. Ekens and Deputy Prime Minister Tareq Aziz, insisted that Baghdad had no biological weapons. "We have no biological

weapons. Ekeus and the Américans know Iraq has no military programme in that field," Mr. Sahaf told the Egyptian opposition daily Al

Mr. Ekeus is due to report to the U.N. Security Council on April 10 on his latest mission to Iraq, whose economy has been crippled by

the oil embargo and trade

day with General Amer Rashid, head of Iraq's Military Industrialisation Orga-

He said he had held "technical talks, and the biological area" had been the focus. "We have not concluded our work... There are still some question marks of considerable importance."

His presentation to the Security Council would be factual. "It is up to the Security Council to make its judgements," said Mr. Ekeus. Mr. Ekeus reported prog-

ress on the question of chemical weapons, saying that 'Iraq provided us with a new declaration changing old declarations which had been shown to be incorrect — a new full, final and complete declaration of its chemical weapons capabilities.

That declaration will be reviewed in New York, he

Asked if his report could lead to an easing or lifting of the sanctions, Mr. Ekeus said: "We'll lay the facts on the table and it will be for the council members to interpret these facts... we hope there will be some positive action from the council.

Mr. Ekeus said there were no major problems in other weapons areas — nuclear, ballistic missiles and longterm monitoring.

On monitoring, a key element in convincing the Security Council of Iraq's compliance, he said: "The the system of monitoring Iraq

That means all elements - monitors, individuals, cameras, sensors, aerial surveillance and so on, and the Iraqi cooperation, which is a very important component are running in a satisfactory

Mr. Ekeus said he had not brought up the case of two Americans sentenced to eight-year prison terms by Iraq last week for illegally crossing the border from

Kuwait. Before returning to U.N. headquarters in New York, Mr. Ekeus was due to visit Kuwait to brief the emirate's rulers on the weapons monitoring in Iraq.

An Iraqi newspaper said meanwhile the U.S. campaign to maintain the U.N. embargo on Iraq is running out of steam.

The United States is on the verge of playing its last cards to exert pressure for keeping up the embargo," said Al Thawra daily, mouthpiece of the ruling Baath

The United States backed by Britain had led the campaign against lifting the oil

But the paper said that

Washington "seems to have embarked on the last round to save its chances. "Instead of prolonging this

aggression, the last round will be marked by a breaking down of the remainder of this

# Turkish campaign in Iraq continues; Bonn to hold back \$107m grant

ANKARA (Agencies) — Turkish forces have killed 172 Kurdish separatist guerrillas and lost 17 soldiers during an incursion into northern Iraq which entered its second week on Monday, a senior military spokesman said. Ankara also faced losing a

150 million mark (\$107 million) military aid package following a decision taken by German Chancellor Helmut Kohl in protest at the offen-

Turkish Chief of Staff spokesman Colonel Dogu Silahcioglu said the army conducted "control, combing and search operations" for Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) rebels across the mountainous border region.

He also said 17 soldiers have been killed and 23 wounded since Ankara launched its drive to stop up to 2,800 PKK rebels from using Iraq as a base to conduct its violent campaign for an independent state in southeast Turkey.

The 35,000-strong Turkish force has also captured 12 PKK guerrillas and seized 652 Kalashnikov automatic rifles, 16 mortars and 42 rocket launchers, he added at a press briefing in the south-eastern city of Diyarbakir. Following international cri-

ticism of its operation, the

crossing from Turkey into the security cordon which now covers 8,400 square

kilometres. The Turkish Daily News said more troops and equipment were flown in to northern Iraq on Sunday to reinforce the Turkish soldiers backed by tanks and war-planes taking part in Operation Steel.

Reports also said Turkish troops had pushed Kurdish rebels towards the Syrian and Iranian borders, where battles raged Monday.

Battles were reported in the Khakurk region, near

PKK rebels apparently have remained in the Iraqi town of Zakho just south of the border.

Residents said guerrillas ambushed and killed two Kurdish village guards as a captured PKK rebel was leading them to other rebels in hiding. The army has armed Kurdish villagers opposed to the PKK and

willing to cooperate. Meanwhile, Germany, shocked at suggestions that the Turkish army might remain in northern Iraq for up to a year, said it would hold up grants it had promised Ankara for the purchase of

two frigates. Foreign Minister Klaus Kinkel said Chancellor Kohl already budgeted for 1995 to subsidise the deal, available only if parliament specifically approved disbursing the

"I am shocked at comments attributed to Turkish President Suleyman Demirel that Turkish forces intend to remain in northern Iraq for a year after he personally told me last week they would pull out quickly," Mr. Kinkel told reporters.

"The Turks are doing more and more damage to themselves," Mr. Kinkel said, adding that Ankara's hardheadedness would have an impact on relations with the European Union.

There was no immediate clarification from the Turkish president's office of Mr. Demirel's reported comments, made to the Associated Press

in an interview on Saturday. Turkish authorities have so far placed no time limit on the operation. In an interview published on Monday, Turkey's mission commander said his troops must remain in

Iraq indefinitely. "There are some critical points where we could stay and must stay," Lieutenant-General Hasan Kundakci told Milliyet daily.

The German government, a major supplier of military

(Continued on page 7)

# n grid connection

three months involves uilding a high-tension wire f about eight kilometres ing at a cost of \$300,000.

# Shahal: Separation U.S.: No. in Algerian plan nearly ready

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Police Minister Moshe Shahal said Monday that he would soon put forward his plan to ALGIERS (Agencies) — (AFP) — The Algerian army separate the Israelis and Palestinians as a means to has killed almost 800 mili-

"This plan is almost ready and I hope to present it in a nied by police dogs. few days to Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin," he said. He said the plan had been drawn up to "ensure the security of residents of Israel

The government refused to following a wave of attacks confirm the report, which folby Palestinian militants." paper on Sunday that up to A string of attacks by 600 members of the hardline Palestinian hardliners opposed to the peace process with Israel has left dozens of Israelis dead since the launch

of Palestinian self-rule in in the region for a meeting of The aim of Mr. Shahal's plan is to step up controls and Soir said the army had seized stop Palestinians entering hundreds of Kalashnikov Israel from the occupied assault rifles and semi-West Bank or self-rule Gaza Strip without a special per-

"The plan was drawn up in collaboration with the army, the police, the secret services and the prime minister's advisor on anti-terrorism, and it is

Details of the plan which have already been made public include erecting fences and using sophisticated electronic methods and helicopters as well as deploying border guard patrols accompa-

idea was to create "minisecurity zones" along the 'green-line" separating Israel and the territories it occupied in the 1967 war.

But it has already come under fire from treasury officials who say it will eat up around a third of the U.S. annual military aid to Israel of \$1.8 billion. The leader of Israel's trade

union federation has called for all Jewish settlers to be evacuated from the self-rule Gaza Strip, union officials Haim Ramon, secretary

general of Histadrut, told a seminar late Sunday: "If was in Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's place, I would order a total evacuation from the Gaza Strip, including 3,000 to

(Continued on page 7)

# not based on building bar-Syria to expel hardliners, U.S. said to inform Israel

TEL AVIV (Agencies) -The United States has informed Israel that Syria is preparing to expel Damascus-based Palestinian leaders hostile to the peace process, an Israeli foreign ministry spokesman said Sun-

day.
"Washington has the impression that the Syrian aubeen planning a "vast-scale thorities have sent out signals to heads of organisations opposed to (Palestinian) autonomy that they should prepare to leave," the official

"But we remain cautious because this is only an American impression, it is still vague," he added. Israeli leaders said that if

encouraging signal that Syria was serious about peace with Israel. "This is still a report that needs confirmation. I would be delighted if they (the Sy-

true, the reports would be an

rians) would do this, but it is still too early to define what is happening between us and the Syrians is a breakthrough," Foreign Minister Shimon Peres told Israel Radio.

Israeli officials said that

U.S. officials have detected

Syrian signals that the rejec-

tionist groups may no longer

be welcome to stay in Syria.

But the officials, speaking on condition of anonymity, said Israel itself had not noticed a change in position.
"These organisations are

(Syria's) negotiating cards. They themselves know that Syria will only use them until it doesn't need them anymore," one official said. Syrian Vice-President Abdul Halim Khaddam met recently with Palestinian opposition officials and a leader of the Lebanese Hiz-

"their days in the Syrian capital are numbered," the daily Maariv wrote Monday. However, two Syrianbased groups - the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) and Demo-cratic Front for Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) - denied

bollah to warn them that

the reports as "lies." "The reports published in Maariv are baseless, they are just lies and intrigue," said Daud Talhami, a spokesman for the two groups. "Supporters of the Oslo

spread such news to cover up the scale of the opposition. Mr. Talhami said the vicepresident met with hardliners two weeks ago but simply reaffirmed Syria's opposition

(autonomy) accords want to

to separate Arab-Israeli (Continued on page 7)

(Continued on page 7)

Turkish army on Monday reshad agreed to make 150 miltricted access for journalists

yome

Ma Report Prince 1

Fice Abdu

Nonday reserves

# Russia to press Egypt over NPT

Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev will try to persuade Egypt to sign an unconditional extension of the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) during talks here this week despite Cairo's insistence that Israel must also join

Wo im'
velt 11'
ioci 11'
orr 11'

hou te

:m:ttm-

mit.

ectil 1

ngd ¾,

It go 🚛

stCi

æs

œ

in!

០០១៩ឧ៤៥៦៩៩៩៩៥៩៩៩៥ភូ<u>២</u>៨៩៩

"As a major nuclear power, Russia is very interested in seeing an unlimited extension of the NPT," said Omar Al Faruq Hassan, the Egyp-tian Foreign Ministry official in charge of relations with the Commonwealth of Indepen-

dent States (CIS).

"But we feel that to fulfil
the NPT's mission, no country should be excluded from it, so that no non-nuclear country remains threatened by countries possessing this

Mr. Kozyrev will visit Cairo on Tuesday and Wednesday for talks with Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak.

Egypt and other Arab states have demanded an Israeli commitment to join the nuclear pact.

Israel says it is threatened by nations such as Iraq, Iran and Libya and refuses to join the NPT before total peace is concluded with all the countries in the region.

Western experts say Israel has some 200 nuclear war-

"We will try to explain the Egyptian position to Russia," Mr. Hassan told AFP. "We are not opposed to the treaty as such but to the scope of its application, which should guarantee its universality."

Russia and the United States, co-sponsors of the Widdle East peace process, support an unlimited and unconditional extension of the treaty when it comes up for discussion in April at the United Nations.

Mr. Hassan refused to say whether Mr. Kozyrev, who visits Israel after Egypt, would bring new compromise proposals to resolve the disto Egypt by a Russian foreign minister since the breakup of the Soviet Union in 1991. However, Mr. Kozyrev did

attend the signing of the Israeli-Palestinian autonomy accords in Cairo in May 1994. Mr. Kozyrev and Mr.

Mubarak will also discuss the

Arab-Israeli peace process and trade relations between Egypt and Russia. A large delegation of Russian businessmen will accom-

pany Mr. Kozyrev on his visit, Mr. Hassan said. Trade between the two countries, which amounted to \$1 billion in 1991, has fallen to \$171 million, of which \$30

million represented Egyptian exports to Russia, he said. Another senior Foreign Ministry official said Russian companies, which lacked foreign currency, "prefer to deal with Western countries rather than Egypt, which does not pay in cash."

"Egyptian exporters often fail in their commitments in terms of quality and delivery date. This has made them lose a large part of the Russian market to Asian products which have more competitive prices," he added.

Mr. Kozyrev will also discuss the case of two Egyptians fighting alongside Chechen rebels who were captured by the Russian army, the official said.

Moscow has said the two

were mercenaries, while Cairo insists they were Egyp-tian workers drafted into the Chechen ranks. The talks will also cover

the sanctions against Iraq and Russia supports the lifting of the U.N. embargoes imposed on Iraq after its 1990 invasion of Kuwait and on Libya for refusing to extra-dite two of its citizens sus-

pected in the 1988 Lockerbie

airliner bombing.
Mr. Kozyrev will leave
Cairo on Wednesday for Israel, Syria, Lebanon and

# **Tutankhamon tomb** infected with fungus

spreading fungus infection which threatens its decorations, an official told AFP on Saturday.

"The entire tomb of King Tutankhamon is infected with over 100,000 spots varying between one and seven millimetres in size, said Mukhtar Ammar, a professor of microbiology at Al Azhar University.

wir. Ammar, who diagnosed the tomb's malady as an asperigillus fungus in 1987, said that a chemical sprayed on some of the spots in 1990 seems to have stopped their growth.

His team will now begin spraying the rest of boyling's tomb in Luxor, 720 hilometres south of Cairo.

Archaeologists noticed black spots on the tomb's murals soon after Howard Carter opened it in 1922. But it was only in the late 1980s that they noticed the disease was spreading over the decorations

"The fungus feeds on moisture in the air. After Howard opened the tomb, rain and moisture came in and with the large number of visitors it has been growing," Mr.

The head of the Egyptian High Antiquities Council,

CAIRO (AFP) — Scientists are fighting to save King Tutankhamon's tomb from a Abdul-Halim Nureddin, told AFP that renovators were currently installing in Tut's currently installing in Tut's tomb wooden walkways and glass barriers over the walls. as well as equipment to re-

duce humidity. Last year visits to the tomb, one of the most popular on the west bank of Nile, were limited to 250 per day to reduce wear and tear to the monument, he added.

Three other tombs in the Valley of the Kings are undergoing similar renovations in a project worth more than one million Egyptian pounds (\$340,000), Mr.

Nureddin said. A wider project to protect the pharaonic tombs in Luxor in coming months will be funded by a \$15 million grant from the United States.

The grant to the American Research Centre in Cairo "will be used to construct walls around the tombs in the Valley of the Kings and dig a drainage canal to take torrential rains away from the sites," he said.

Many of the tombs were partially flooded when heavy rains struck Luxor in November. Tutankhamon's tomb, however, was spared.

The Valley of the Kings is the site of 50 royal tombs, among them Tutankhamon's. known for their wealth of wall decorations.



# Carter tries to achieve reconciliation in Sudan

Jimmy Carter

on anything.

ceasefire to permit work

proposed a ceasefire to the

government in Khartoum.

Mr. Arter said he would

Sudan has in the past re-

jected a ceasefire which is not

part of an overall settlement.

International and regional

mediators have failed to get

Mr. Carter said the money

the warring parties to agree

and equipment needed to fight guinea worm in south-

ern Sudan were available and

non-governmental organisa-

government reported Sunday

that its army had retaken a

strategic southern town con-

trolled by rebels for eight

An army communique car-

ried on state radio said the

town of Nasir, 800 kilometres

south of Khartoum, was re-

taken Saturday. The town

had served as the headquar-

ters of Mr. Machar's United

of victory and Islamic slogans

that echoed through louds-

peakers in the streets of

Khartoum on Sunday. There

The insurgents took up

arms in 1983 to press for

increased autonomy and de-

velopment for the predomi-nantly animist and Christian

south, traditionally domin-

ated by the ethnic Arab and

Although the rebels are now split into warring fac-

tions, they agree on the need

for a referendum on self-

determination. Sudan, fear-

ing the southerners would opt

to secede, opposes a referen-

fundamentalis government in

the north spends more than

\$1 million a day on the war

with the southern rebels.

The cash-strapped Muslim

was no mention of casualties

in the communique.

Muslim north.

State radio broadcast songs

faction.

tions were ready to help.

vainst the disease.

KHARTOUM (AP) - Former U.S. President Jimmy Carter said Sunday he would push for reconciliation between the Sudan's government and rebels in the south. Mr. Carter also said he wants to discuss the issue of "terrorism" with Sudan's government, an obstacle in the way of better U.S.-

Sudanese relations. The State Department has listed Sudan as among the countries supporting "inter-national terrorism." General Omar Al Bashir, who installed an Islamic regime in a 1989 coup, is accused of allowing Islamic militants to train in camps near the capital. Sudan has denied it is fostering "terrorism."

"We look forward to having a briefing on the issue of terrorism, hoping that any element of terrorism is eliminated and relations are improved," Mr. Carter said upon his arrival in Khartoum.

While in Sudan, Mr. Carter was to participate in a conference beginning Monday on Guinea worm disease. Last year, it affected at least 160,000 people in Africa and the Indian subcontinent.

Mr. Carter also said he had "ideas" for a reconciliation between Gen. Bashir's government and rebels in southem Sudan. Mr. Carter's nine-day Afri-

can tour also includes stops in Ghana, Nigeria and Kenya. Earlier Sunday, Mr. Carter said he is seeking a ceasefire in southern Sudan to enable a campaign against guinea

worm disease. Mr. Carter was speaking to journalists in Kenya before leaving for Khartoum.

The guinea worm parasite transmits river blindness disease among humans. Mr. Carter said the disease can be prevented with a single tablet of medicine.

He said guinea worm has been eradicated in most parts of the world, but nothing has been done in southern

"There are certainly now more cases of guinea worm in southern Sudan than in all the rest of the world combined," Mr. Carter said.

The Carter Centre in Atlanta is leading efforts to eradicate guinea worm. Mr. Carter said the centre has made "tremendous progress" in many countries.

He said John Garang and Riak Machar, who head rival rebel factions in southern Sudan, had pledged in separate meetings to observe an international-supervised

# Somalis see grassroots initiatives as key to peace

Elders in southern Somalia say only a grassroots peace campaign will avert a new threat of clan fighting and give the stability needed to start development in the war-torn Horn of Africa country. The problem with trying

"We should start from the bottom... from villages, sub-clans, regions to clans and then to the country. Otherwise I see no immediate solution to our problems," he

Mr. Ali is heading explora-tory talks in the desolate Ma-

Marcre, until a few years ago a thriving sugar estate built with European and World Bank aid, is now a desolate ruin. Only 70 Ocean port of Kismayu, civilians from any faction can move freely here, but armed

On the banks of the mango tree-lined Jubba River, vouths stand guard to ensure that no armed men cross the

# are wary of travelling to Kis-

MARERE, Somalia (R) --

to reach a political settlement in Mogadishu (the capital) is that not every interested group is present. Some groups find it difficult to stick to agreements they are not directly party to," Maalim Omar Ali told Reuters at the

rere settlement of Jubba Valley to "create access for everyone in this area to move freely, make possible coexistence among clans, in order to achieve lasting peace and stability."

militias are barred.

# mayu, which is controlled by warlord Mohammad Said

Hersi, known as Morgan. Marere is controlled by Colonel Ahmad Omar Jess, once an ally but now a rival of Morgan.
"We are trying to solve that. Talks with Morgan's

people are high on the agen-da," said Mah'ud Hire, another elder. The communities in Marere, like those of neighbouring areas, are settling in after

trekkiong back from refugee

settlements in Kenya to reclaim the homesteads they abandoned in 1991. Anarchy that followed the 1991 ouster of dictator Mohammad Siad Barre completely emptied the fertile Jubba Valley — except for a few Somalis who had no clan

The sugar factory is in ruins and the smart modern houses formerly occupied by foreign experts are wrecked. The once colourful gardens in the residential area are a

allegiance, elders in the area

The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) has flown in seeds for planting in the rainy season that grow their own food and end the dependence on food handouts, ICRC's Boris Michel seaid.

Mr. Michel said he had received unprecedented cooperation in the Marere region, where Somalis readily repaired and cleaned the air-

# **NEWS IN BRIEF**

### Saudi official warns against sorcerv

RIYADH (AP) — The deputy interior minister, remarking on the recent behading of a man accused of witchcraft, said Sunday that sorcery was un-Islamic and unacceptable. " do not think it is anything that should attract attention," said Deputy Interior Minister Prince Ahmad Bin Abdul Aziz, when asked about the execution while opening a ward for osteotherapy treatment. "Its existence denotes ignorance of the faith above all else, and such ignorance is not acceptable," he said, according to the official Sandi Press Agency. Interior Ministry records showed that on March 10 a Saudi was beheaded in Riyadh for sorcery practices that led to "physical and mental ailments in many perons." The records also claim he used the practice to have improper sexual relationships with several women His Yemeni assistant and a Saudi woman who "turned her. home into a den for the witchcraft" were each sentenced the seven years imprisonment, according to the records. They were also sentenced to an unspecified number of lashings.

### Israeli given suspended sentence for shooting girt

TEL AVIV (AFP) — An Israeli army officer received is six-month suspended jail sentence Sunday for shooting a Palestinian girl aged 14 two years ago in the Gaza Strip judicial sources said. Ephraim Mushkato was found guilting of "homicide by negligence" by a court in Lod near Tel Aviv over the death of Aida Abed Rabbo. The girl who was on her doorstep in the village of Bani Suheila near Gaza City, was killed by bullets fired by Major Mushkato as he chased youths who had been throwing stones at the Israelis. The court found that Maj. Mushkato had failed to shout out a warning before shooting as required by army regulations but the judges opted for a light sentence because of his "impeccable" military record.

### Zhirinovsky praises people's regime in Libya

CAIRO (AP) — Russian ultranationalist Vladimir Zhir inovsky condemned U.N. sanctions against Libya and said his country could learn from Musmmar Qadhafi's rule. Mr. Zhirinovsky, who once prescribed dictatorship as a solution to Russia's problems, praised Colonel Qadhafi's "authority of the people," in which popular committees run the government. "The visit will also enhance and deepen bonds and relations between us in all economic, political and cultural fields," said Mr. Zhirinovsky on arriving Saturday night in Tripoli, Libya. His statement was carried Sunday by Libya's Jamahirya News Agency. Mr. Zhirinovsky met Sunday with Col. Qadhafi and urged the U.N. Security Council to lift 3-year-old sanctions against Libya. He declared his support for Col. Qadhafi in "encountering the unjust measures imposed on it by the Western countries through the so-called Security Council."

### Saudi-Yemeni committee to meet in April

SANAA (R) — A joint committee of Sandi and Yemeni military officials will hold their second round of talks on settling a long-standing border dispute between the two countries in April, a Yemen government newspaper said on Monday. Al Thawra newspaper quoted Yemen's par-liamentary Speaker Sheikh Abdullahl Ben Hussein Al Ahmar as saying the joint military committee would hold its next round of talks in Sanaa on April 3. They held their first meeting in Riyadh last week. Sheikh Ahmar was the leader of the Yemeni side in negotiations with Saudi Arabia in February which concluded with the signing of a memorandum to end their 60-year-old border row.

## Velayati meets with Chinese host

BEINING (AFP) - Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati met his Chinese counterpart Qian Qichen here Monday, with both officials urging a further strengthening of friendly bilateral ties and economic exchanges. "The Chinese government attaches great importance to develop ing its relations with Iran and wishes to further such a relationship," Xinhua quoted Qian as telling his guest, who arrived in China Monday for a three-day visit. Mr. Qian highlighted in particular China's satisfaction with expanding bilateral economic and trade relations, expressing the hope that an eighth meeting of a Sino-Iranian committee on such cooperation would lead to the further growth of

## The residents of Marere Suspects held in killing of Bahrain policeman

MANAMA (Agencies) — Bahrain said on Monday a number of people suspected of killing a Bahraini police-man last week had been

An Interior Ministry statement published by local newspapers said attempts were underway to "uncover the motives for the crime." It did not name those arrested or say how many were de-

The body of police officer Ibrahim Rashid Abdul Karim Al Saidi was found behind his car on Wednesday in Nuwaidrat village, 10 kilometres south of the capital Manama, a previous govemment statement said.

Nuwaidrat was the scene of anti-government protests after the arrest of a school teacher accused of inciting

HOSPITALS

The English-language Gulf Daily News on Monday quoted an Interior Ministry spokesman as saying the authorities "would not hesitate to take action against people attempting to undermine the security of Bahrain and its

on Dec. 5 after the detention of a Shiite Muslim cleric and sporadic unrest has continutied by protesters demanding the release of detainees and the restorations of parliament dissolved in 1975. At least seven civilians and

Riots erupted in Bahrain

two policemen have died and hundreds have been arrested in the protests. A schoolboy died Sunday

after being shot by security forces who broke up a meeting at a college in Diraz, northwest of Manama

opposition groups and residents said. Abdul Hamid Abdullah

Ashari, 17, was struck in the head by a bullet when security forces dispersed the school pupils Saturday, residents of Diraz told AFP by telephone. He died in Bahrain international hospit-There was no official con-

firmation of the report.

Two Bahraini opposition groups in exile — the Bahrain

Freedom Movement and the Islamic Front for the Liberation of Bahrain - said "violent demonstrations" erupted in several areas with large Shiite Muslim populations after an Education Ministry official, Abdul Wahab Hussein, was arrested on March

Mr. Hussein, 42, from

Nuwaidrat, southeast of Manama, was among a group of activists who drafted a petition in 1992 calling for the return of parliament, which has remained suspended in the Gulf state since 1975, the sources said.

He was in a committee which included the Shifte cleric Sheikh Ali Salman, whose arrest on Dec. 5 sparked the most violent riots in Bahrain since its independence in 1971.

The Sheikh was expelled to the United Arab Emirates in mid-January and he later requested political asylum in Britain.

The Hussein called on the prime minister, Sheikh Khalifa Ben Salman Al Khalifa, to talk to the opposition to resolve the political crisis on March 17.

### JORDAN TELEVISION Tcl: 773111-19

PROGRAMME TWO ..... Le Prince Et La Sirenc 17:00 . 17:30 . 18:49

Tour Du Monde Tour Du Ciel ..... News in French The Bold and the Beautiful
Faut Pas Rever
Home Improvement
The Nature of Things News in English

### **PRAYER TIMES**

'Ast

# CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweißeh, Tel. 810740 Amerables of God Church, Tel.

e ph Church Tel. 624590. Charge of the Annunciation Tel. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasancia Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annuciation Tel. Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. 628543.

nian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. san International Church Tel. Evangelical Latheran Church Tel: 824328.

a24328. German-speaking Evangelical Congregation Tel. 684195 The Church of Jesus Caries of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691. The Evangelical Local Church in Annual

# WEATHER

Tel. 811295.

Bulletin supplied by the Depart-

Temperatures will continue to rise gradually becoming around average with winds southeasterly light to moderate. In Agaba, winds will be northerly active and seas

Min./Max. temp. 

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 15, Aqaba 23, Humidity readings: Amman 47 per cent. Aqaba 37 per cent.

### USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

AMMAN: Dr. Fakhri Tavel 648633 694916 Dr. Yousef Abdo 661912 Firas pharmacy . Ferdows pharma Al Asema pharmacy Nairoukh pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy Yacoub pharmacy . 623672 636730 644945 637660 623672

amad Al Hills .... 279773

ZARQA: Dr. Tareq Hijjawi 985445

# **EMERGENCIES**

Food Control Centre .....

Abdali Telephone Repairs

Jordan Television

Electric Power

Queen Alia Intl. Airport 08-53200

AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn Civil Defence Department Civil Defence Immediate 6442R1#6 ..... 630341 Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777
Fire Brigade 617101
Blood Bank 617101 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity .... 642362 Maihas, J. Amman
Palestine, Shmeisani
Shmeisani Hospital
University Hospital
Al-Musaher Hospital Highway Police ... 896390 845844 Al-Muasher Hospital ... The Islamic, Abdali .... 605800 666127/37 Al-Ahli, Abdali ....,... Italian, Al-Muhajrecu Vater and Sewerage 777101/3 897467 nan Municipality Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich Complaints. 787111 Telephone Information (directory assistance)

623101

661101

773111

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital (09)900560 (09)986732 (09)990990 Ibs Sina Hospital ....... Al Hikma Modern Hospital RHD: Princess Busma Hospital Greek Catholic Hospital Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)27227S (02)247100 AQABA: Princess Hays Hospital .

# FOR THE TRAVELLER

**AIRPORT** This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia In-ternational Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be veri-

QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONAL

ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ)

(Terminal 1) M:00 Jakaria, Kuala Lumpur (RJ) 97:30 ..... Damascus (RI ..... Aqaba (RJ) Abu Dhabi (RJ) Muscat, Dubai (RJ) 10:15 Doha, Bahrain (RJ) 16:35 16:45

Frankfurt (RJ)

### Other Flights (Terminal 2) . Vienna (OS) .. Rome (AZ)

...... Beirut (ME) Amsterdam (KL) DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ)

# Filahts (Terminal 1)

...... Geneva, Madrid (RJ) ..... Aqaba, Paris (RI) . London (RI) .... Cairo (RI) Larnaca (RJ) ... leddah (RJ) 25:30 .... Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ)

### Kuala Lumpur, Singapore (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2)

	C (************************************
<b>30</b> .	Damascus, Paris (AF) Vienna (OS) Damascus (AZ)
40	Vienna (OS)
-20	····· Damascus (AZ)
11267 - 00	m Al Sheikh, Munich (YP)
25	m Al Sheikh, Munich (YP)
55	
	Demand (NO)

### HIJAZ RAILWAY TRAIN

Dep. Amman 8:00 every Monday 5:00 p.m. every Monday 7:30 a.m. every Sunday 5:00 p.m. every Sunday

# MARKET PRICES

Uppet/lower price in fils per kg-Cucumbers (large) Cucumbers (small) 150 / 100 180/80 1200/800 200 / 150 Lemon Marrow (large) Marrow (small) 100 / 60 150 / 80 320/ 240 500/400 560/ 400 400 / 320 Pepper (hot) ... Pepper (sweet) Potato ......

280 / 190

400 / 300



. . . The second second

January Con-

1 moti

the security on a Reduce a deline · "

Egeciée abbloses Ment job listing

of the harman

ialorces chief visi

944 A. MICH WEEK (A)

September 1 Sec 11stners College Course Co by hotel Again at de lectronic dialogue:

MINAN DRAMA T

Arabici entitled in the Royal Cutte



nasters degree in military sciences from

His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah Ben Al Hussein Monday receives an honorary (Petra photo)

# Prince Abdullah receives honorary masters degree in military sciences

Royal Highness Prince Abdullah Ben Al Hussein, the Regent, Monday received an honorary masters degree in military sciences from the Royal War College in appreciation of his efforts to develop the Jordan Armed

The degree was presented to the Prince during a meeting Monday at the Royal Court with the Commander of the Royal War College and members of its steering

Prince Abdullah voiced his appreciation of the college's role in upgrading the efficiency of the Armed Forces offic-

The commander of the col-lege delivered an address at the meeting in which he thanked Prince Abdullah for

hinese hor

 His particularly the war college,
 Prince and his keenness to introduce modern military technologies to these institutions.

The meeting was attended by Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ben Zeid, His Royal Highness Prince Ghazi Ben Mohammad who is the cultural secretary of His Majesty King Hussein and the King's advisor Mohammad Rasou Al Kilani,

Prince Abdullah, the eldest son of King Hussein, was born in Amman Jan. 30, 1962. He started his education at the Islamic College in Amman, which he attended until 1966. He entered St. Edmund's School in Surrey, England and later attended Deertield Academy in the United States, where he completed his high school educa-

his continued support of the military's training institutes, ioined the Royal Academy of In 1980, Prince Abdullah

Sándhurst in England where he received his military

The Prince joined Oxford University for a year, starting in October 1983, for special studies in international politics and world affairs.

From August 1987 to May 1988, he attended the School of Foreign Service at Georgetown University in Washington, D.C.

In January 1993, Prince Abdullah was promoted to full colonel and is currently commander of the Jordanian Special Forces.

He has participated in several training courses in artilley and various small arms. He has also served with the Jordanian Special Forces in airborne and anti-terrorist activities.

Prince Abdullah is also a paratrooper.

# U.S. motion picture group reviews Jordanian laws

AMMAN (AP) — Jordan related to copyrights and inhas assured the American Motion Picture Association that the Kingdom will tighten and enforce legislation to stect all copyrights and intellectual property rights, a Jordanian businessman said

Monday. The pledge was conveyed to Jeff Hardey, vicepresident of the association. and Nathan Knight, a lawyer, during talks here, said Murad Bushnaq, the head of a local company that coordinated

the two Americans' visit. Messers Knight and Har-dey met with Minister of Culture Samir Habashneh and senior officials from the ministries of Trade and Information as well as representatives of the private sector, Mr. Bushnaq told the Associated Press.

"They were assured that -Jordan is seriously working on further tightening its laws

tellectual property rights, and new legislation will be enacted before the end of the year," Mr. Bushnaq said.

He said the visitors were "highly impressed with the assurance," and that the American Motion Picture Association intended to enter the Jordanian market ahead of the new legislation so as not to "leave a vacuum" when the laws are enforced. No official was immediate-

ly available for comment. Messers. Knight and Hardev left for Cairo early Mon-

The U.S. administration has been pressing Jordan to tighten its laws on copyrights and intellectual property rights, saying strict legislation was a prerequisite to encourage American firms to do business in Jordan.

Pirate copies of computer software and videotaped

American films are abundant in the Jordanian market, most of them originating in the Gulf states, which are notorious for piracy of copyrights and intellectual property rights.

piracy business in Jordan at about \$30 million a year, only a tiny fraction of the multibillion-dollar turnover in pirated products in the Gulf and the Far East.

Jordan enacted an amended version of a 1952 law on copyrights and intellectual property rights in

Minister of Industry and Trade Ali Abul Ragheb told U.S. Secretary of Commerce Ron Brown on Feb. 8 that the government was drafting new laws to make Jordanian legislation on copyrights and intellectual property rights at par with international con-

# Jordan ready to help Yemen in education arena

AMMAN (Petra) — Acting Prime Minister and Education Minister Abdul Raouf Rawabdeh on Monday exssed Jordan's readiness to elp Yemen in educational fields by providing the Yemeni education ministry with Jordanian expertise in the fields of comprehensive education, teacher training and developing curricula and school textbooks.

At a meeting with a Yeme-ni delegation headed by Deputy Education Minister Abdul Fattah Jamai, Mr. Rawabdeh stressed Jordan's keenness to enhance relations with Yemen.

He said educational achievements accomplished in Jordan were the main reason for success achieved in political, social and economic

Mr. Rawabdeh underlined the importance of opening

new scopes of cooperation

between Jordan and Yemen and called for adding to the

By a Jordan Times

Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The vice-

resident of the European

Investment Bank, the

monetary arm of the Euro-

pean Union (EU), Arian Obolenski, will pay a two-

day visit beginning Wednesday for a review of

EIB-financed programmes

and future projects in Jor-

dan, officials and diplomats

They said Ms. Obolenski was scheduled to meet with Minister of Planning Rima

Khalaf and other senior

officials at the ministry on

Nabil Sweis of the Minis-

try of Planning said Ms. Obolenski was also sche-

duled to visit "sites of pro-jects that are financed by

EIB and in the process of being financed by the

The EIB vice-president

will also review projects resulting from the Middle

East peace process as well as "petential future projects!" Mr. Sweis told the

Ministry of Finance fi-

gures show that Jordan has

received JD 108 million in

EIB loans since the signing

of the first protocol be-

European Commission, the

executive arm of the EU, in

The current protocol —

covering 1993 to 1996 — calls for 126 million Euro-

pean Currency Units

(ECU) (about \$150 mil-

lion) in loans and grants to

Jordan. The EIB handles

the loan part — 80 million

ECUs (\$96 million) and the

European Commission the

Mr. Sweis as well as

European diplomats said

most of the funds envisaged

in the protocol were

rest in grants.

een the Kingdom and the

Jordan Times.

said Monday.

Wednesday.

ties and pave the way for enhancing the values of Arab Mr. Jamal commended educational ties between the two countries and stressed his ministry's eagerness to benefit from Jordan's experi-

tional process. He also lauded the performance of educational institutions in the Kingdom. The Yemeni delegation

was also received by the secretary general of the ministry of education who briefed its members on the national educational development plan and the main problems facing it.

The delegation also visited the minstry's training centre where its director, Mahmoud Massad, presented a briefing on the centre's programmes and plans.

already committed

The last such allocation

came this week when an

EIB delegation and the

Water Authority of Jordan

(WAJ) signed agreements covering loans totalling 18

million ECUs (JD 15 mil-

lion or \$21.6 million) to

finance seven water pro-

from the European Com-

mission could come from

its central budget, but pros-

pects for such assistance

were not immediately

Comments from Euro-

pean diplomats indicated

that the commission might

be inclined to consider aid.

but they declined to discuss

Expected to be discussed

during Ms. Obolenski's

talks are also projects that

could be financed by the

EIB in the water and en-

vironment sectors.
The EU has set aside 1.8

billion ECUs (\$2.16 bil-lion) for regional projects

in the water and environ-

ment sectors in the Middle East as part of the Arab-

According to European

diplomats, any country in

the region could seek loans

from this allocation for pro-

jects whose feasibility has

been established through

In the case of Jordan, the

Kingdom is expected to seek financing for water projects called for in the

peace treaty it signed with

The European Union is

financing feasibility studies

Israel in October 1994.

Israeli peace process.

Further aid to Jordan

educational and cultural protocol signed between the two countries new articles that would bolster educational ence in developing the educa-

Acting Prime Minister and Minister of

with its educational needs with visiting Education Abdul Raouf Rawabdeh Monday reviews prospects of assisting Yemen Abdul Fattah Jamal (Petra photo)

### Princess Basma to chair follow-up Senior EIB official meeting on Cairo population conference to arrive for talks

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Royal Highness Princess Bas-ma Wednesday will chair the national symposium, a follow-up meeting to the Cairo Conference on Population and Development.

The symposium, organised by the Jordan Family Planning and Protection Society, will focus mainly on the objectives and principles adopted at the Cairo conference as well as discuss the new orientations of the International Union for Family

It will also discuss the role of the national media in raising public awareness of the mmendations adopted at the Cairo conference.

On Sunday, Princess Basma returned home from New York where she participated in the preparatory meetings for the World Conference on Women which will be held in Beijing in September.

Princess Basma called for the need to find a mechanism to implement the international draft plan of action prepared for the Beijing confer-

In another meeting held on the sidelines of the confer-

ence, and chaired by Princess Basma, participants agreed to form an Arab committee to coordinate stands concerning the international plan of

Upon her invitation, the participating group in the New York meetings will attend another meeting in Amman that will be held on May 18 to discuss the best ways to put this mechanism

The Jordanian delegation

presented a plan of action that included 37 amendments to the international plan of action based on the United Nations treaty on eliminating all kinds of discrimination against women, combatting illiteracy, combatting violence against women, and promoting women in decision-making posts.

The amendments were drawn in light of dominant traditions and values in every

# Dams clear 90% capacity with unusual recent rainfall

AMMAN (Petra) — Recent rains have increased dam waters in various parts of the Kingdom by 700,000 cubic metres, thus raising reserves to 90.646 million cubic metres (mcm), sources at the Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) said Monday. The sources said the King

Talal Dam currently holds 68.4 mcm, about 91.1 per cent of its total capacity. They said the Wadi Arab

for the water projects with an 11 million ECU (about \$14 million) grant. The EU has also indicated that it would be will-Dam holds 15.4 mcm, or 89.8 ing to finance the projects per cent of capacity, Sharhadepending on the outcome bil dam has 3.7 mcm, equalling 78.8 per cent of capacity, Al Kafrein dam 2.4 mcm, or of the feasibility studies.

98.1 of capacity and the Wadi Shu'eib dam holds about 1.4 mcm, or 98.1 per cent of its

capacity.
The sources said these wa-

ter reserves were relatively good and would contribute to an extent in meeting the agri-cultural needs in the Jordan Valley along with quantities which will be pumped from the Yarmouk River in accordance with the Jordanian-Israeli peace trea-

Meanwhile, figures released by the Meteorology Department Monday showed that Kufr Assad, near Irbid, received the highest amounts of rainful since Sunday morning until Monday 8 a.m. with 7.5 millimetres. .
It was followed by the

Queen Alia International Airport area which received 5.7 mm. The department said

temperatures will continue to rise as a result of a high air pressure covering the entire east Mediterranean region.

It said the rise in temperatures will continue until Wednesday when temperahigher than the annual aver-

# **HOME NEWS IN BRIEF**

### Royal Decree approves government job listing

AMMAN (Petra) — A Royal Decree was issued Monday approving the 1995 government departments' personnel system which will take effect July 1. The number of jobs listed in the system stands at 121,115, reflecting an increase of 2,564 over 1994. Ministries and government departments have asked to fill 10,000 vacant posts. A total of 1,700 new jobs were created at the Ministry of Educa-Ministry of Justice, 1,750 at the Civil Defence tion, 750 at the Ministry of Health, 120 at the and Public Security Departments and the rest at other government departments.

### Armed forces chief visits PSD

Lieutenant General Abdul Rahman Adwan. would help alleviate unemployment and up-Gen. Kaabneh, accompanied on the visit by grade the living standards of people in the he chief of staff of the land forces, the Kingdom.

commander of the air force, the inspector general and senior army officers, was briefed on the PSD's command and control projects.

# Parliamentarians stress peace

AMMAN (Petra) - A Jordanian parliamentary team, on a current visit to Europe, expressed Jordan's keenness on pursuing peace that will help solve economic and social problems. In a meeting with the Konrad Adenauer Foundation, the head of the Jordanian team. Deputy Abdul Hadi Majali, said Jordan is keen on implementing the Jordanian-Israeli peace treaty and hopes progress will be achieved on all Arab-Israeli tracks. He said Jordan aspires to solve most of its economic and social problems when peace AMMAN (Petra) — Chairman of the Joint prevails. Mr. Majali said Jordan hopes to Chiefs of Staff General Abdul Hafez Marai enhance cooperation with Germany and the Kaabneh Monday visited the Public Security European Union, especially in terms of laun-Department (PSD) and met with its director, ching joint projects in the different fields that

# **WHAT'S GOING ON**

## AMERICA WEEK (AQABA)

₹ Miago Saldivar Y Sus Tremendos Cautro 🌣 Exhibition of oil paintings by Hamond Espadas Conjunto/Country Group at the Aqaba Gulf Hotel, Aqaba at 6:00 p.m. (the week includes exhibits and papershows featuring the USA, video program-

### mes and electronic dialogue). **ECOND AMMAN DRAMA FESTIVAL**

Plays (in Arabic) entitled "Umm Al Khosh" and "The Eyes of Maria and x. Sindbad" respectively at 7:00 p.m. and 8:30 p.m. at the Royal Cultural Centre.

### EXHIBITIONS

- Chantout at the Balqa' Art Gallery,
- ★. Exhibition of oil paintings by Yousef Baddawi at Alia Art Gallery.
- Exhibition of art by Ahmad Al Babili and Mohammad Ali at the Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Art.
- Exhibition of books dealing with Arab and Islamic subjects at Instituto Cervantes (the Spanish Cultural Centre.

# Housewives more likely to suffer stress than working women — private study

By Beatrix Immenkamp Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — Housewives are more likely than working women to suffer from stress and stress-induced health problems, according to the preliminary research data of a study conducted by the Middle East Centre for Human Studies.

"Given that almost 90 per cent of all Jordanian women of working age are housewives, the high level of physical complaints related to stress among housewives is particularly worrying," Dr. Josi Salem-Pickartz, director of the centre, told the Jordan Times. About forty per cent of housewives included in this study said they suffered these physical complaints.

According to the findings of British and American research in health psychology, the physical and psychological well-being of mothers is one of the most important factors influencing a child's development and healthy growth.

The study, "Coping With Stress Under Various Conditions: An Example of Jordanian Women," focused on three sections of the female population: Single working women, working mothers and housewivers with children under the age of five. Ninety per cent of the 500 participants in the

study ranged in age between 20 and 40 years, and 70 per cent had children under the age of six. Working women were approached through a

questionnaire, while the housewives were interviewed. In general, the study found that the higher the woman's level of education, the more likely she

the home, even if she had Among the housewives, 28 per cent had obtained the Tawjihi-degree, 20 per cent had been to college and 18 per cent had gradu-

was to be working outside

ated from university. Among working mothers, an equal percentage had obtained the Tawjihi, but 39 per cent had been to college and 22 graduated from university.

For single working women, figures ranged from 31 per cent holding the Tawjihi-degree, 41 per cent going to college to 13 per cent graduating from

conducted in the latter half

The study, which was

of 1994, found that housewives were more likely than their working counterparts to have experienced chronic distress within the last two years, as well as acute distress over the last six months.

They were also more likely to suffer from different psychosomatic complaints that are frequently associated with long-term subjective stress, such as skin problems, breathing problems, low or high blood pressure, headaches or migraines, back pain, sleeping problems, eating problems as well as problems with digestion.

Chronic stress factors most frequently experienced by all three groups of women were ongoing financial problems, too many social obligations, and too many responsibilities at home.

Continuous dissatisfaction with everyday life was another common cause of distress. Other factors ranged from ongoing marital discord, problems with family, in-laws and neighbours, unemployment, health problems of family members, including the woman herself, to water shortages and lack of

All three groups of women identified health problems in the family and financial problems as the most common stress factors over the last six months.

For housewives, incidences of marital discord, trouble with in-laws and husband's unemployment more frequently caused stress than among working women.

The most frequent health problems shared by all women in this study were headaches and migraines and problems related to blood pressure.

Whereas an equal per-centage of working and non-working women complained of having to cope with moderate levels of stress, housewives complained more frequnetly of experiencing extreme

levels of stress. The Middle East Centre for Human Studies, which was founded in October 1994, conducted the study in cooperation with institutions that either employ women and others which have women as clients. As the study was privately commissioned, the centred was unable to release the names of the institutions in

the study.
According to Dr. Salem-

yet represent a picture of women in Jordan as a whole, since the sample

was limited. "The next step would be to make the study more representative, by including random samples of women from all walks of Dr. Salem-Pickartz

She added that additional research should be done on the women's general life situations, methods they have devised to cope with stress, and who they turn to with their medical prob-

The Middle East Centre for Human Studies, a private institution combining the expertise of professionals in the areas of psychology, sociology, social research, education, health, communication, management and administration, conducts multi-disciplinary

research. Upon completion of the research stage, intervention strategies will be proposed by the centre to the institutions involved, aiming to reduce levels of stress for working and nonworking women and proposing ways for them to cope with it, said Dr. Salem-Pakartz.

# Russian jets bomb refugee camps in southeast Chechenya

SERZHEN YURT, Russia ple and five children, an un-(AFP) — Russian warplanes bombed refugee camps in separatist-held southeast Chechenya Monday, killing several people, witnesses

The planes attacked the camps on the outskirts of Serzhen Yurt, destroying a number of small houses crammed by refugees, including many children, an AFP correspondent reported.

Test or put test fr. il ton de o Juin la col Juin la c

Jnin a li nit Mis in len e T : est Jr : est Jr : on f : he T e ; or her is he is in her no in her no

sta igo' emifim—

foe y

-8:1 =

ngd × i It v: 🐧

ars ec of ce ir

A La

င္လ

OIT

Witnesses said more than two people had been killed and others badly wounded, but exact figures were not

immediately available.

About 15 former holiday camps transformed into refugee centres are strung out along the Khulkhulau River that runs through Serzhen Yurt, just outside the n-held town of Shali.

Residents estimated 1,000 refugees from the three-anda-half month old war lived in the camps. More than four planes fired rockets and dropped

bombs at several of the camps, witnesses said. At one camp, a row of small houses was badly damaged and one house was blown apart.

In one of the small houses. home to several elderly peo-

exploded bomb appeared to have ripped through the roof and floor and embedded itself below the house.

"Look how many children there are here," said Djab-railo Elbi, a 65-year-old refugee from Shali, pointing to the youngsters, who were about six years and wore castoff, oversized overcoats.

"Yeltsin is the Moscow bandit. Yeltsin and Chernomyrdin, they are the ban-dits," Elbi shouted, referring to the Russian president and prime minister

There are only refugees here, there are absolutely no (separatist) fighters at all," said Malika Yussopo, a 25year-old refugee from Argun.

She said there had been no ground fire aimed at the planes, one of which buzzed the village earlier in the day, to provoke the attack.

"Even if we had wanted to shoot at the planes, we couldn't have. There wasn't even time to know where they were coming from," Yussopo said.

Two people were badly injured in her camp. They did not make it to the basement in time and were hit by shrap-

nel, she said. The refugee camp was once used by the Soviet youth tiations," he said

corps, the Pioneers, and by Mr. Gvarmati, whose tourists for summer holidays. country took over the pres-A life-sized Soviet-era statue idency of the OSCE in Deof a boy and girl sitting on a cember, said the OSCE hopes to open a permanent office in Grozny next month to monitor the human rights bench looking at the river emerged unscathed in the Tens of thousands of Russian troops, backed by tanks,

He said Moscow has agreed in principle to the idea and discussions to that effect were to continue with authorities here Monday.

Mr. Gyarmati at the weekend accused Russian troops of widespread human rights violations in . Chechenya cluding rape and arbitrary

He said that although both sides in the Chechen war were responsible for human rights violations, the Russian violations were on a larger scale as a result of their continued raids on Chechen posi-

"That could be explained by the fact that it's a war situation, but that can't be used as an excuse by Russian authorities who must control the army," he said,

Several other international bodies, including the Euro-pean Union and the Interna-tional Red Cross, have recently accused Russian forces of violating human rights in



U.S. first lady Hillary Clinton (left) smiles with Pakistani Prime Minister Bhutto at a luncheon in her honour at the prime minister's house, in

ed Ms. Bhutto described Mrs. Clinton

# Mrs. Clinton urges bigger role for women

"Investing in the health

and education of women and

girls is essential to achieving

Sri Lanka in 12 days.

LAHORE, Pakistan (R) -U.S. first lady Hillary Rodham Clinton, on the second day of an extensive goodwill mission, urged gender-conscious South Asia Monday to give women a greater role.

Speaking at the Lahore University of Management Sciences, a famed business school in Pakistan, the wife of U.S. President Bill Clinton said: "If women don't thrive, the world won't thrive."

The first lady's message stated the theme of her 32,000-kilometre trip to five of the world's poorest countries: improving the lives of women and children by giving them more education, health care and opportunity is a global social necessity. She is visiting Pakistan, In"Investing in human capit-al, building the human infras-Mrs. Clinton, accompanied

poverty," she said.

humour about the condia, Nepal, Bangladesh and troversy surrounding her

global prosperity. We have seen in parts of Asia and she said. "Some people, I would imagine, have quite rude nicknames for me." South America that the education of girls can help lift whole populations out of

tructure and enhancing human productivity ought to be our common concern," she

on her trip by her 15-year-old daughter. Chelsea, deliverd the speech after touring a clinic and school for girls and visiting a family in a village 20 kilometres from Lahore. She showed a sense of effort to expand the tradi-tional role of U.S. first ladies when a student asked her if she had a nickname.
"My nickname? Well, is depends on who you talk to,"

Before leaving Islamabad earlier Monday, Mrs. Clinton conducted a seminar with more than a dozen young women at a college for girls on the problems of women in the modern world.

For nearly an hour, she and the students talked about how to mix careers and marriage, the importance of education and the raising of children.

Later Monday, Mrs. Clin-ton arrived in Lahore Monday from Islamabad on the second day of her visit to

# Former head of Gucci dynasty shot dead in Milan

MILAN (R) - Maurizio Gucci, former chairman of the Gucci luxury leather goods and fashion dynasty, was shot dead outside his office in Milan Monday,

They said a man in his 30s fired on the 45-year-old millionaire with a pistol fitted with a silencer at about 9 a.m. (0800 GMT), hitting him three times in the face. A guard at the building, on Via Palestro in central Milan, was hit in the shoulder but was not seriously injured. The killer drove away in a car, a police spokesman said.

Police said the attack could be the work of a professional hit man but the motive was not immediately clear.

Maurizio Gucci was the last grandson of the firm's founder, Guccio Gucci, to be involved with the company whose products became a byword for casual elegance and also brash consumption.

He sold his 50 per cent stake in the business to the London-based Arab investment bank Investcorp for a sum reported to be between \$150 million and \$200 million in 1993 after an acrimonious boardroom battle, and gave

up the chairmanship. Maurizio's cousins Roberto, Paolo and Giorgio sold

artillery, planes and helicop-ters, entered Chechenya on

Dec. 11 to crush the separat-

ist administration declared

three years earlier by Presi-

lish full control over

Chechenya anytime soon, the

head of an international team

of monitors that visited the

breakaway republic said

Hungarian diplomat Istvan Gyarmati, leader of the

Organisation for Security and

Cooperation in Europe

(OSCE) team that visited

Chechenya last week, added

that even if control were rees-

tablished, the political rift be-

tween Moscow and the seces-

sionists in Chechenya would

He said he was against sending an international

peacekeeping force to quell

solved through political nego-

still exist.

Russia is unlikely to estab-

dent Dzhokhar Dudayev.

their half to Investcorp in 1987 after an internal feud that earned the Florentine family comparisons with the mediaeval Medici dynasty from the same city.

The company said it was shocked by Monday's killing

but would not be issuing an official statement.

The death of Maurizio is a blow but I would like to stress that relations between Maurizio and the Gucci company ended in 1993," a company spokeswoman in Milan said.

official residence was the Swiss mountain resort of St. Moritz, had recently set up his own company, Vierse, at the office where he was kil-His companion, Paola,

Maurizio Gucci, whose

rushed to the scene in tears after learning of his death on the radio, witnesses said. The Gucci empire, whose

red and green motif and linked GG gilt logo appeared on thousands of franchised products, grew into a jet-setters favourite from its humble origins in 1906 at a saddlery shop in Florence.

# Kaelin returns to witness stand in Simpson trial

LOS ANGELES (AP) — The O.J. Simpson whom the Rev. Jesse Jackson saw over the weekend was nothing like arrogance. There's a sense of dressed, under-control Simpson who passes notes to his attorneys, grimaces at questions he doesn't like and smiles at Kato's jokes.

Instead, Rev. Jackson described a sorrowful inmate, yearning for just one more conversation with Nicole Brown Simpson.

row," Rev. Jackson said after emerging from the jail Sun-day. "There's no sense of

Rev. Jackson said Simpson was brought to the point of tears during their meeting, which lasted slightly more than an hour.

"He said he thought about the last time that he talked to his ex-wife and how he's always longing for one more conversation," Rev. Jackson

Simpson is on trial in the June 12 knife slayings of Nicole Brown Simpson and mend Konald Goldman. Asked if he believes Simpson is guilty, Rev. Jackson leclined to comment.

Rev. Jackson said Simpson had asked his lawyers to arrange the meeting, and that he also wanted to talk to the families of the victims while he was in Los Angeles.

nis children, Rou Goldman and Nicole. O.J. is a suffering victim," Rev. Jackson said. "They are all losers. There are no winners.

Brian "Kato" Kaelin, the one-time Simpson house guest, was expected back on the stand Monday, followed by Mr. Kaelin's friend Rachel Ferrara, who has corrobo-rated his account of hearing three thumps on his guest room wall at the Simpson estate while talking to her on the phone.

### "It's just a sense of sor-"Everybody's a victim

LOS ANGELES (AFP) -The film industry was buzzing before the Oscar presentations, with Forrest Gump, Pulp Fiction and The Shawshank Redemption vying for top honours.

This has become one of the most eagerly anticipated contests the movie industry has seen in a long, long time," said Art Manteris, bookmaker at the Las Vegas Hilton. The votes for the 67th pre-

sentation of the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences have been in since Tuesday, but were being kept secret until the envelope opening ceremonies here Monday. Most observers expect For-

rest Gump, the story of an Alabama simpleton, who makes good as he charges through life armed with innocent optimism, to dominate the awards.

The film entered the presentations with 13 nominations, a feat that ties it with Who's Afraid Of Virginia Woolf (1966) and places it just behind All About Eve (1950) with 14.

Best film, best actor and best director are among the nominations garnered by Gump, which also has picked up several Golden Globe Awards.

Gumo captured the imagination of filmgoers as well. as earning \$550 million worldwide. It reportedly earned star Tom Hanks and director Robert Zemeckis roughly \$35 million each.

But it might not be such a sure bet Monday, according to the oddsmakers.
Lenny Del Genio, booking director with Bally's Las Vegas, told AFP that the film was at even money to win the

The Shawshank Redemption, the fictitious story of a unjustly jailed banker, which got seven nominations in-



U.S. actors John Travolta (left) and Samuel L. Jackson, stars of the film Pulp Fiction, practice as presenters during rehearsals for the 67th Academy Awards. Travolta has been nominated for best actor and Jackson for best supporting actor for their Pulp Fiction roles (AFP photo)

even money, Del Genio said. Manteris saw the competition as tight, but he said the race was between Forrest

Getting and Pulp Piction. The former posted 2-F odds and the latter 3-1, by Manteris' calculations. Monday night might also feature real-life comeback

stories of the kind so often celebrated in Tinseltown pro-First there's Woody Allen,

cluding best actor, is also at a favourite American comic writer, actor, and director.

Two years ago, many peo-ple had dismissed him as a man whose career was blasted by the headlines that he was having an affair with the 21-year-old adopted daughter of his companion,

But with his latest offering, a comedy set in the 1920s entitled Bullets Over Broadway that has received seven Oscar nominations, Allen is

Excitement mounts over 67th annual Oscar awards again the toast of the indus-

try, the gloom of his recent past seemingly behind him. "Seven nominations, this is the Academy's way of saying all is forgotten," said Damien Bona, author of Inside Oscar, the behind-the-scenes book on the annual awards bestowed by the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sci-

John Travolta, who is up for best actor with his performance in Pulp Fiction, could be the second combeback kid.

Saturday Night Fever (1977) pushed him into su-perstardom when he played a Brooklyn disco kmg, but Travolta's career began to sag in the 1980s with a string of lackinster appearances.

Travolta reclaimed a measure of his fame in the early '90s with the Look Who's Talking series, but films superimposing his voice over baby actors left him far below his former glory.

All that turned around practically overnight after Travolta sunk his teeth into Pulp. Landing the Oscar would be the icing on the cake for him.

Monday might even hold some solace for non-Americans weary of the deluge of U.S. films bombarding their theatres. Oscar statuettes could go to British, French, Russian, and Cuban films among others.

Mr. Madness of King George a brief biography of the Britsh monarch who permanently lost the U.S. colonies and temporarily lost his mind, could bring Britain's Nigel Hawthorne an Oscar for best actor and compatriot Helen Mirren the award for

best supporting actress.

Four Weddings And A
Funeral, the farcial British look at yuppies coming to terms with their biological timeclocks, has also been nominated for best picture.

KIEV (R) — The director of said pillars supporting Cher-nobyl's stricken fourth reacthe Chernobyl nuclear power station has denounced a Brittor were "in imminent danger

Chernobyl boss denounces disaster report

ish newspaper report suggest-ing a new disaster at the plant could occur at any time. Sergie Parashin, in a state-ment read on Ukrainian television on Sunday evening, accused the West of putting pressure n'Ukraine to shut operation. The fire and explosion in down the plant, site of the world's worst nuclear disas-

"The main spectacle of the anti-nuclear movement focuses on nuclear energy, a so-called information leak Originating from a 'secret' European Union report," the

statement said "The events of 1936 cannot recur. No technical grounds were stated because more than \$300 million has been invested in safety at Chernobyl. This is a gimmick to put pressure on Ukraine."

The Observer, quoting a report it said was suppressed by European Union officials,

of bursting."

It said such a collapse could send debris crashing through a containment shell hurriedly erected around the reactor in 1986 or into the adjacent third reactor, still in

the fourth reactor on April 26, 1986 sent radiation over most of Europe and Ukraihave since died as a result. More than 10 per cent of the national budget is still devoted to the cleanup.

Ukraine's five nuclear power stations provide more than a third of the country's electricity. The industry has increased salaries to prevent a mass departure of specialists and statistics showed a decline in technical incidents last vear.

But international experts

eration of Chernobyl's first and third reactors is unsafe and Western nations have been pressing for its closure. Reactor No. 2 was closed after a fire in 1991.

Ukrainian leaders say they cannot shut Chernobyl until alternative sources are found for the seven per cent of the country's electricity provided by the plant. They say be-tween \$4 billion and \$6 billion in assistance is needed.

Ukrainian President station this month and said it was up to the international community to work out a plan to close Chernobyl, taking account of the former Soviet republic's economic

Industrialised countries have offered several hundred million dollars in assistance to help close the station. But the EU last week made the provision of general financial aid contingent on a deal to shut Chernobyl.

in honour of Armed Forces

# have said the continued op-Burma leader: Army must stay strong

rallied the troops against a

the Tatmadaw should be able

wide pro-democracy protests

that left thousands dead or

Ironically Burma's most

prominent political prisoner

is the daughter of independ-

ence martyr Aung San, and

lives under house arrest just a

few kilometres from where

Despite urgings from

abroad, Nobel Peace Prize

laureate Aung San Suu Kyi is

still detained at her house on

the shore of Rangoon's Inya

Lake where she has been

highly-publicised meetings

with top SLORC officials late

last year, has said her release

must be unconditional and

she will not make any secret

Rumours were swirling in

diplomatic and media circles

that Ms. Suu Kyi, 49, might

be released to mark Armed

Forces Day. But although

SLORC earlier this month

freed two leading dissidents it

has not said when Mr. Suu

On Sunday 2,874 prisoners

Kyi will be released.

deal with the SLORC in ex-

change for her freedom,

Ms. Suu Kyi, who had two

held since 1989.

Gen. Than Shwe spoke.

future of Mynamr.'

imprisoned.

RANGOON (Agencies) — Burma's military government Monday celebrated its 50th armed forces day with the commander in chief calling for a strong army that can keep fighting to safeguard Burma's independence and

sovereignty. General Than Shwe, who is also Burma's prime minister and chairman of the ruling State Law and Order Restoration Council (SLORC), made the comments in an address to about 4,500 troops and guests in Rangoon's Resistance Park.

Thousands of people lined streets around the park from soon after dawn to watch a military parade and hang gar-lands of jasmine around the necks of 3,300 singing soldiers, airmen and sailors as they marched past the Golden Shwedagon Pagoda into

The troops joined 1,500 invited guests, including about two dozen foreign military attaches, to hear Gen. Than Shwe's speech commemorating the military's "anti-fascist resistance" of 1945.

"Just as the Tatmadaw (army), in concert with the people, regained the nation's independence, it is also dutybound to continue to preserve independence and sovereignty," Gen. Than Shwe said in a 40-minute speech under a blazing morn-

ing sun.
"With the changing situa-tion in the international arena today, it is essential to remain ever vigilant and safeguard independence and sovereignty. Therefore it has become necessary to build up the Tatmadaw to be modern and strong."

Burma's armed forces have in recent years been expanded to some 300,000 men,

equipped with arms from were released after the gov-China and elsewhere. ernment announced it was Speaking at the same spot reducing by one third the sentences of 23,901 convicts as independence hero General Aung San did when he

Japanese army of occupation During his speech Gen. Than Shwe said the SLORC 50 years ago, Gen. Than Shwe also said the army and was working on reconciling the SLORC must play a key ethnic differences in Burma. political role in Burma. and it wants to make peace To this day, our Tatmadaw, as is the SLORC, is still with different armed rebel groups.
"There are 14 armed discharging the duties of the state," he said. "In essence,

to participate, with general goodwill, in the national poli-tical leadership role of the always left its door open to welcome the remaining armed groups.
"I would like to confirm Myanmar is the name the here once again that the Tat-SLORC, formed in 1988, madaw is always welcoming gave to Burma following the the armed groups in the jungbrutal suppression of nation-

national groups which have

realised the Tatmadaw has

ies," he said. Burmese junta troops were bracing Monday for an attack on the border town of Tachilek by troops of drug warlord Khun Sa, Thai officials said.

Burmese border guards sealed off the town Sunday. closing the Tachilek border checkpoint with Thailand's Mae Sai district, a centre of trade in the area, an official with the Mae Sai district chief's office said.

By early Monday, no reason had been given for the closure, though the Thai official said it was assumed that the Burmese were anticipating a raid by the Maung Thai Army (MTA), the insurgent force loyal to opium warlord Khun Sa.

A week ago, an MTA strike team infiltrated Tachilek and launched a surprise raid on government positions with rockets and machine guns, killing at least three Burmese troops according to Radio Rangoon, and five civilians according to London-based human rights group Amnesty International

### iran's nightingale breaks silence

LONDON (R) - Man

one of Iran's most policy traditional singers, broken years of silence with walked onto a London seafter being bauned from performing in Iran since the was overthrown in 1970 and the same of the performance of the performa was overthrown in 1970. The tiny, grey-haired woman known as the nightingale of Persia, was greeted win ex plosive applause when sang at the Royal Alberthall. "Marzieh, Marzieh chanted the 3,000 strong and dience as the 70-year-old sand ger smiled and turned store in front of the musical blowing kisses. This is a new era for the Iranian people and it is my duty while I have blood in my veins to sing the voice of the Iranian people she said at the end of Priday concert. More than once the audience stamped their ies and clapped to the rhythm of and crapped to the rhythm of the sometimes fiery, some times mournful songs. But Marzieh, whose real name it Ashrufos-Sundat Morteza asieed her finger to he raised her finger to her line bringing silence. Iran's green white and red flag hung on either side of the stage and about 60 security personnel. half of them women wearing headscarves, roamed the car ridors of the concert hall Marzieh, accompanied by the London Festival Orchesta and the Iran Traditional Orchestra, sang old and new songs telling of the plight of Iranian women under a Maslim fundamentalist govenment. "I come to convey the cries of the women of Iran to the rest of the world," she told Reuters earlier. She said women were whipped for wearing makeup or allowing a few strands of hair to show from beneath their chadous (headscarves) and could be stoned to death the third time they committed such indicretions. Marzieh, whose career spans 50 years, left Iran last year and joined the exiled Iranian opposition in

### **Rolling Stones** see no end to their run

Ber De bender inta-

A land

ಚ್ಯುಕ್ಕ

MELBOURNE (R) — Billed as the world's oldest rock and roll band, the Rolling Stones think they've still got a ba more life in them yet. Speak ing at the start of the Australian leg of their World Voodoo Lounge Tour, the land armed of four remaining members of the five-man band that formed way back in 1962 saw no end in sight. "We're look and DOILCE ing at people offering as shows for 1996 at the mo ment," lead singer Mick Jagger told a packed news conference Sunday. But although the spritely looking looked as if he could make looked as it ne count seem the distance, the years seem began the current tour in Washington began the current tour m Washington in August last year. Guitarist Keith Richards, looking haggard maybe from Saturday's flight to Melbourne from Tokyo. did not remove his sunglasses during the 25 minute indoor conference. He has boasted in recent weeks that during the Stones' last tour to Apstralia in 1973 he was on acid the entire time and did not remember anything about the country. "There are the odd gaps," said Richards Sunday, dressed in his trademand is expected to make \$26 million from ticket sales alone from their seven Australian concerts Sydney, Melbourne, Perth Adelaide and Brisbane and up to \$265 million from the 24 country, 12 months Voodoo Lounge Tour was will be seen by 6.1 million Wernment:

### Thousands of dollars blow across highway

A SECTION OF THE SECT BOSTON (AP) — It was pennies from heaven. It was pennies from heaven. It was dollars. Thousands of dollars. Thousands of dollars. There's money blowing all over the place," a passing motorist told police. Bills in tered both sides of the four lane McLellan Highway in a mixed commercial-residential mixed commercial-residentia mixed commercial-residents
mixed commercial-residents
corner of East Boston, sad
corner of East Boston, sad
corner of East Boston, sad
corner of East Boston, sad corner of East Boston, said
Sgt. William Fleming of the
Massachusetts Bay Trans
portation Authority. Officers
recovered \$7,070 in \$100.
\$50, \$20 and \$10 bills. They
have no idea how much was
pocketed by passers-by. No
one had called to claim the
money by Saturday morning
officer Jim Browning said
No one had turned in and
more cash, either.

---

... 375-7

Rolling 🔄

588 D0 91

to their, .

. .



The corpses of three Burundian Hutus lay in a street of the capital Bujumbura following fierce armed clashes between the Tutsi-dominated army and ethnic Hutus (AFP photo)

# Burundis president warns of genocide

BUJUMBURA (AFP) — Burundi's President Sylvestre di was undergoing "a period Ntibantunganya warned Monday the country was on the brink of genocide after a week of ethnic bloodshed claimed scores of lives and thousands fled the capital. "It's too calm," a local extremist militias, but Hutu

journalist said after some residents said a massacre had humanitarian agencies estitaken place. mated that 500 people were killed in the Buyenzi district of Bujumbura as Tutsi-led troops allegedly carried out 'ethnic cleansing" against

"It's the beginning of geno-cide," Mr. Ntibantunganya told Belgian radio by telephone. He stated that Burun-

KAMIKU ISSHIKI, Japan

(R) — Japanese police sear-

ching buildings owned by a

doomsday sect Monday

found a second secreet

underground room which

they said was probably used

for confining dissident fol-

. The room was square,

made of concrete and nine

square metres in area and

about four metres (13 ft)

deep. There was a single

wooden chair and a large

pool of water on the floor.

the cuit, called the Aum

Shinri Kyo (Supreme Truth

Sect) have alleged torture

took place within the cult,

but a police official said there

was no evidence the room

Last Wednesday, police

arrested five sect officials.

including three physicians.

for illegally confining people.

They also rescued six people

police she saw sect doctors

LONDON (R) — While sci-

entists argue about global

warming theory, interest

groups and lobbysts say it is

time to stop talking and act.

"Action must be taken

Delegates from more than

framework convention on cli-

mate change, signed in Rio

One of those rescued told

held against their will.

was used for torture.

Some former members of

of destabisation which could extend beyond its borders." The president estimated that 150 people were killed as troops went into the Buyenzi district overnight Friday in an operation to crack down on

Mr. Ntibantunganya declared that "the (Hutu) victims are ethnically targetted and the perpetrators are from another ethnic group (Tutsi)" and demanded international "political action" to "de-

nounce extremist forces." A trickle of Hutu refugees headed Monday into exile in Zaire, carrying belongings and with their bedding on their heads, but there were no longer the tens of thousands who left in the past few days.

Some 23,500 Bujumbura residents, around half of them Zairean nationals, have fled to Uvira in eastern Zaire since Friday, the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees

(UNHCR) said Monday. But Mutiti Wa Bassara, responsible for relief matters in the Zairean prime minister's office, put the total at 35,000, stating that the government had a "different appreciation of the situation" because a large number of

tion," - used against anyone

preparing weapons or poiso-

nous materials with intent to

Police analysis showed re-

sidue from three chemical

samples - from the complex,

the subways and the site of

another poisoning in Japan

last July — was methylphos-phine acid diisopropyl and

related substances, Japanese

The chemical is a by-

product of the deadly nerve

gas sarin, identified as the

The analysis showed that

the same people produced

the three samples using an

identical method, according

to the news reports, which

police have not confirmed.

Also Monday, police broke into a secret chemical labora-

tory they had uncovered.

However, they did not reveal

details of their investigation.

tinuing Sunday's focus on a

cluster of buildings called

'Seventh Satian" (Sanskrit

for truth) - the name the

They seemed to be con-

gent in the three cases.

media reported.

murder.

gium, said they were prepar-ing for their "Easter holidays", in what several admitted was an evacuation. "Burundi is finished," an elderly Greek shopkeeper said after spending 32 years in the central African high-

refugees had not yet been

Kessler Monday said the

Uvira region, where two new

refugee camps have been set

up, had already taken in

some 110,000 refugees from

Burundi, particularly French

people and nationals of the

former colonial power, Bel-

Many foreigners living in

Burundi and Rwanda.

UNHCR spokesman Peter

land nation. Apart from sporadic shooting, the city was quiet overnight, even in the northern Kinama and Kamenge districts where remaining Hutus said they feared attacks by Tutsì militias backed by the army.

The district administrator in Kinama, a Hutu, said he was convinced that "a policy of ethnic cleansing" had been implemented. "We are at war," he added. "Anything is possible in light of what has

happened."...
"Burundi has to be watched very carefully to avoid a catastrophe similar" to that in neighbouring Rwanda last year, the president told RTBF radio. Between 500,000 and a million people are believed to have been massacred there by Hutu ex-

cult gives to one of several

clusters of buildings at its

sprawling complex in Kamiku

On Monday, about 40

officers — five wearing heavy

chemical warfare outfits -

carried cutting and lighting equipment and caged canar-ies into Seventh Satian.

Meanwhile a Moscow

court Monday suspended the

activities of the Japanese cult

Aum Supreme Truth and de-

cided to temporarily freeze

the assets of the group, sus-

pected of perpetrating the

Tokyo underground a week

The sect, which has six centres in Moscow and

counts several thousand local

followers, was also banned

from teaching, Judge Irina Vorobyeva told AFP.

to suspend the group follow-

ing reports on Russian televi-

sion in which the cult's lead-

er, Shoko Asahara, called on

followers to defend him and

commit collective suicide.

She said the court decided

sshiki.



Burundian refugees carry all their belongings the Tutsi-dominated army and ethnic Hutus in as they cross the border into neighbouring the capital Bujumbura (AFP photo)

give intravenous injections

and pills to people wanting to

leave. Another follower told

the Yomiuri Shimbun he had

witnessed people being

buried on grounds owned by

The police official said they

were continuing to search the

more than 20 buildings in the

sprawling compound for

other possible underground

The raids of the sect's com-

plex at the village of Kamiku

İsshiki, 100 kilometres west

of Tokyo, started Wednes-

day, two days after nerve gas

attacks on Tokyo subway

trains during the morning rush hour killed 10 people

The raid has entered a new

phase since Sunday when au-

thorities announced they

were seeking evidence the

cult had been making deadly

chemicals with intent to kill.

were based on an abduction

charge. But now the charge

against it is murder prepara-

Governments urged to act over global warming

Until Saturday, the raids

and injured 5,000.

Japan police find end cult underground room

# sacked

Mandela fired his estranged wife, Winnie, from his government Monday following weeks of embarrassing controversy and calls for her

told a packed news conference he was relieving his wife of her duties as deputy cabinet minister of arts, culture, science and technology.

This decision has been taken both in the interests of good government and to endiscipline among leading officers in the government of national unity," Mr. Mandela

help the former deputy minister to review her position and seek to improve on her own conduct in positions of re-sponsibility," he said. Immediately after the news

"I have decided to terminate your appointment... with immediate effect," Mr. Mandela said in the letter. 'Thank your for the services von rendered to the government so far."

Mrs. Mandela has defiantly criticised the government's approach to social reform, made an unauthorised trip abroad, split the ranks of the African National Congress Women's League, and most seriously, been accused by police of bribe-taking and influence peddling.

Mrs. Mandela's name and popularity as a longpersecuted, high-profile militant popular among poor blacks gave her a far bigger role in the country's politics than her minor cabinet post signified.

Mr. Mandela said the decision followed "much reflection" and added his wife had in the past played an important role in the struggle against apartheid."

and it is my right to reshuffle the cabinet if I consider it necessary," Mr. Mandela said. He named a human rights lawyer, Brigitte Mabandia, to replace Mrs. Mandela but made no other changes.

# **Bosnian troops launch fierce** attack on Serb-held Majevica

BELGRADE (AFP) - Bosnian army troops launched a fierce attack Monday on Serb positions in the mountainous Majevica region in northeast Bosnia-Herzegovina, raining shells on the area, the Bosnian Serb News Agency (SRNA) reported. The Bosnian Serb News

Agency said more than 300 shells fell on the region after the offensive began at 0600 GMT, with the Banj Brdo sectors and the Stolice telecommunications relay station taking the brunt of the

The agency said the Bosnian Serb troops managed to maintain their positions and had inflicted heavy losses on the mainly Muslim Bosnian troops who began offensives in northeast and central Bosnia early last week. . SRNÁ said more than 200

Bosnian soldiers had been killed and several hundred injured since the operation

began. It said that fighting was also continuing on Mount Vlasic in central Bosnia. Local Serb military sources in that region were quoted by the agency as saying that Serb troops were set to crush Muslim troops along that front.

The U.N. Protection Force (UNPROFOR) Monday warned it would call for air strikes against the Bosnian Serbs 'If they struck at civilians in U.N.-declared safe

The "deliberate targeting of civilians will not be tolerated without response on our party," UNPROFOR spokesman Colum Murphy said here, following a Serb attack over the weekend on month truce due to end in the Muslim-held eastern enfive weeks," Mr. Murphy clave of Gorazde, one of six said. U.N.-declared safe areas in

Bosnia. Some 15 civilians were injured in the shelling Saturday amid rising tension throughout the country triggered by a government offensive, launched at the start of the week in the centre and northeast of

the country. Speaking of the U.N. mandate adopted in the spring of 1993 for the defence of Bosnia's safe areas — Bihac, Gorazde, Sarajevo, Srebrenica. Tuzla and Zepa - Mr. Murphy admitted that "instructions to UNPROFOR on the ground are less than

But this, he said, "allowed reater discretion" to the U.N. commander on the ground

And attacks that deliberately targeted civilians in the safe areas "will meet a resolute response, including the use of air power if necessary against the appropriate weapons systems

UNPROFOR decided for "political reasons" not to call in an air strike following the attack on Gorazde, but the Serbs should beware that present warnings were not "hol-

PARIS (R) — An angry duel

between French presidential

election front-runner, Paris

Mayor Jacques Chirac, and

fellow conservative Prime Minister Edouard Balladur

prompted truce calls Mon-

day.
"Balladur bites," the daily
Liberation said in a front-

page headline after the pre-

mier abandoned his usual

docility to brand Mr. Chirac a

demagogic professional of

politics during a weekend ral-

very aggressive and I regret them," Mr. Chirac told

France 3 Television Sunday

about his Gaullist rival, who

has dropped from favourite

to fighting for second place

with Socialist Lionel Jospin

less than a month ahead of

the April 23 first-round bal-

lot. "I hope it was a slip."

quality is to control his tem-

per," Foreign Minister Alain-

Juppe, Mr. Chirac's chief

jibe mocking the premier's

new drive to go down-market

to shed an image of a haugh-

"Perhaps a professional's

"I found his comments

low threats," he added. "Peace like the snows of Bosnia is melting" and events are pushing us towards a more general war" with the much-abused four-

"We cannot hold off the parties indefinitely and we cannot work in a political he added, referring to lack of progress in peace talks to end the three-

"Events are sliding out of control and our worst fears could become reality in the not too distant future," he

year-old war.

His comments came as members of the international "contact group" on Bosnia - Britain, France, Germany, Russia and the United States - were meeting in London in a bid to rescue the peace plan from the diplomatic quagmire it settled into after Bosnian Serbs rejected it last summer.

In another development, Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic has called on the United Nations and the four great powers to stop the government offensive, which Monday entered its second week, the Bosnian Serb News

Agency reported.
"We ask you... to use your influence to put a stop to the Muslim offensive and ensure the retreat of Muslim forces to the demarcation lines"

French campaign nastiness

ty, wealthy patrician.

France 2 Television.

fixed by the ceasefire of Dec. 24, Mr. Karadzic said in a letter to U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali.

"If Muslim forces do not give up the threat of war. a large-scale war could break out," he warned.

A week of bloody clashes has allowed government forces to seize a number of strategic positions in central and northeast Bosnia.

UNPROFOR military spokesman Major Herve Gourmelon said early reports suggested government forces had seized 40 to 50 square kilometres of territory in the Vlasic Mountain area of central Bosnia and the same to

the northeast of Tuzla. Following the attack, Mr. Karadzic Sunday ordered a general mobilisation of his forces who currently control

70 per cent of the country. Mr. Murphy also condemned the Bosnian government for its ongoing offensive, terming it "provoca-tive." And he warned that the U.N. would not be "manipulated" into defending a safe-area if government forces nudged the Serbs into

attacking it. The five-nation "contact group" on Bosnia Monday pondered ways of restarting peace negotiations, as Bosnian negotiator David Owen warned of a "much nastier, much bloodier" tion to come,

# Winnie Mandela

CAPE TOWN, South Africa (AP) — President Nelson

The sacking rids Mr. Mandela's cabinet of a rebellions and divisive figure who publicly criticised his conservative economic policies. It does not affect Mrs. Mandela's standing in the African National Congress or her position as a member of parliament.

sure the highest standards of aide, said.
"We don't need amateurs these days," he added in a

"I hope this decision will

conference, an eight-line letter from Mr. Mandela was nerve gas attack on the delivered to Mrs. Mandela's office informing her of the decision. Her spokesman, Alan Reynolds, said he told her of the letter in a telephone call.

Firing his wife marks the most dramatic act Mr. Mandela, 76, has performed since coming to office almost a year ago in South Africa's first all-race elections.

"I appointed the cabinet

"Balladur climbs on tables at his rallies, sometimes eats mutton with his fingers and forms," he said. even goes hitch-hiking. It's not very natural," he told

Mr. Juppe said the fight had gone too far and called for a ceasefire in order to "bring the campaign back from abuse to ideas" in the run-up to the April 23-May 7

prompts call by Juppe for truce

two-stage poll.

But Mr. Balladur's spokesman, Budget Minister Nicolas Sarkozy, returned to the offensive Monday, accusing the premier's rivals of talking "nonsense" by making wild campaign promises.

Asked if he was targetting Mr. Chirac, he replied, "By promising to raise all spending and cut all taxes, yes."

We have set ourselves a tremendous challenge, to win with the ambition of considering French electors as responsible beings," he said. Mr. Chirac rejected Mr.

Balladur's call for a televised debate, saying he had been brutally knocked back into the ropes" when he first asked for it when Balladur was ahead in the polls.

"I believe it's a bit too late now... today everybody knows the (candidates') plat-

Mr. Jospin also attacked Mr. Chirac, staking out his own political turf by ridiculing Mr. Chirac's efforts to attract left-wing votes with promises of social justice.

He said the Paris mayor, a former -right-wing prime minister, now posed as an opponent of Balladur to build up his lead.

"There is a candidate... who is trying to say that he no longer belongs on the right, who wants to erase the leftright divide," he told France 2 Television. "Voters need to know who is who, where we come from and what we stand

All three leading candidates come from the elite ENA civil service school, but Mr. Jospin said he had never ceased fighting for social justice and equality since his

days as a student. "Chirac has not been identified with that kind of thing in his political career.... was he ever seen in a demonstration, in a strike?" he asked

# Berlusconi fights to reassert leadership

ROME (R) — Silvio Berlusconi sought to reassert his leadership of the centre right Monday following talk that his primacy was under attack a year after his lightning general election victory.

Signs that the media mogul was being challenged for sup-remacy by hard-right leader Gianfranco Fini, once regarded as his most trustworthy ally, surfaced on the first anniversary of the billinoaire March 27.

Mr. Berlusconi was expected to use a rallay of his self-built Forza Italia Party in Milan to repeat the battle cry for a snap election that he has been hammering since he resigned as prime minister last

Newspapers quoted Mr. Berlusconi as saying reports of waning prominence in his Freedom Alliance coalition with Mr. Fini's National

businessman's triumph last Alliance and smaller parties was unfounded.

"I see that ... the agents of disinformation are at work giving credence to the fairy story that I'm no longer leader of the Freedom Alliance,' Mr.. Berlusconi was quoted

as saying.
Mr. Fini, a clean-cut 43year-old and one of Italy's sharpest politicians, has been identified in several recent polls as more popular than Mr. Berlusconi.

# U.K. Conservatives back party leader

LONDON (R) — The government closed ranks Monday behind the embattled chairman of Britain's ruling Conservatives and tried to quash speculation that Prime Minister John Major's job could soon be on the line.

Barely a week goes by without the hothouse atmosphere of Westminster, the seat of parliament, breeding whispering campaigns against one minister or another. But politicians said the par-

ions performance of the Conservatives, who are failing to narrow the opposition Labour Party's 35 percentage point poll lead despite sparking economic news, meant the latest speculation had to be taken seriously.

The media's favourite scapegoat in the event of an expected troucning for the Conservatives in May's local elections is party Chairman Jeremy Hanley.

The Times newspaper said Monday Mr. Major had already decided to get rid of gaffe-prone Hanley, who sits in the cabinet as minister without portfolio, in a summer reshuffle to prepare for

the next general election, year in November. which must be held by May But a senior government

official said the report was wrong.
"The prime minister has full confidence in all

members, of his cabinet and indeed in all his ministers,' the official said. "I haven't heard the word 'reshuffle'... this year." Environment Secretary

John Gummer also leapt to Mr. Hanley's defence. "Mr. Hanley is an excellent chairman of the party and he has been appointed to be chairman of the party for a long time and that is what he will be doing," he said. Mr. Gummer was speaking

at a news conference on the May local elections against a background of poll predictions that the Conservatives could lose over 1,000 of the 3,728 seats at stake.

It is forebodings of such a massacre that have fuelled speculation that Mr. Major could face a challenge wheri, under Conservative Party rules, he submits himself for re-election as leader at the start of the parliamentary

Labour leader Tony Blair mischievously fanned the flames last week by musing that panicked Conservatives might dump Mr. Major in favour of Trade Secretary Michael Heseltine.

Conservative malcontents just failed to muster enough votes last year to mount a challenge — a candidate must be backed by 10 per cent of the party's members of parliament — but Defence Secretary Malcolm Rifkind acknowledged Sunday that a challenge this autumn was possible.

"It is always possible you'll get some very foolish individual backbencher who might put himself up just as... a stalking horse. But I don't think it will be very significant," Mr. Rifkind told BBC

An obscure MP flushed out the first opponents to Mr. Major's predecessor, Margaret Thatcher, by standing as a "stalking horse" challenger in 1989. A year later Lady Thatcher quit.

Thousand: dollars bion.

now in order to stabilise the climate and prevent catasacross higher trophic changes in our environment," says Earthaction, a pressure group made up of citizens' groups in 127 countries. 100 countries meet in Berlin from March 28 to April 7 to discuss progress on the

> De Janeiro in 1992. The U.N.-sponsored meeting will discuss progress made in curbing the growth of pollutants such as carbon dioxide, said to be the main cause of global warming and the 'greenhouse effect.'

Those who believe in the greenhouse effect say carbon emissions from power stations and cars will cause

the world to warm up, melt-

ing the Earth's caps and submerging low-lying areas. Climate patterns would be disrupted and food production

Some groups have been disappointed by progress on cutting CO2 emissions since the Rio agreement. They say governments' fine words have not been matched by

action.
"In the three years since they signed the climate change treaty, the world's governments have failed to respond effectively to the threat of climate change," said an article in the current issue of the U.S. magazine World Watch.

The belief that little has been done to match the Rio target — that carbon dioxide emissions should be stabilised

at their 1990 level by the year 2000 - was recently underlined in a report by Paris based consultancy DRI. "It is also clear... that none of the Western European countries even approaches

stabilising its emissions, with the growth in energy-related CO2 emissions tending to accelerate after the year 2000," said Dri's European Energy Service. The DRI report said

energy-related CO2 emis-

sions in Europe will increase by 6.4 per cent between 1990 and 2000, and by a further 15 per cent between 2000 and Experts say that North American and Japan, among industrialised nations, have shown little interest in action

to curb the gases said to global warming. Earthaction has published a six point programme to cut pollution, which says nations should:

- Steadily phase out fossil fuels — replacing them with renewable energy like wind, solar, and hydro power. Discourage private cars

and trucks in favour of public

transport. - Set minimum standards for energy efficiency.

- Halt construction of power stations without an environmental test. Offer development assistance to encourage re-

newable energy. Halt deforestation. Environmental group Greenpeace believes the summit will make progress, but warns big business might seek to dilute action. "Some companies will be

seeking action to protect the

environment," said Greenpeace negotiator Bill Hare, 'but major oil, car and chemical companies will have lobbyists there, 'and they have close links to OPEC and the energy lobby." And if action is not forth-

coming, environmental lob-byists believe they have a powerful trump card to play. They say energy companies could be vulnerable to lawsuits seeking compensation for wilful damage to the environment, similar to action

in the U.S. against tobacco

Chairman of the Board of Directors: MAHMOUD AL KAYED Director General:

MOHAMMAD AMAD Editor-in-Chief:

gar fuil CO n Wo imin rek rim roci our on pt nee Iril

troepy i

nF'3<sup>2</sup>

بالإرب

a0 (

ect-£ '

ned x

æs ;

ec of

in;<sup>n</sup> in;<sup>n</sup> ter<sup>y</sup>

GEORGE S. HAWATMEH

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation. University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 ·Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO .Facsimile: 696183

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

# Turkey must silence the guns

NOW THAT Turkey has demonstrated its determination to eliminate the Kurdish Workers Party (PKK) by invading northern Iraq, the world should demand that Ankara show resolve in setling this explosive problem by peaceful means. The plight of Turkey's Kurds cannot be addressed simply by making a deep incursion into Iraq. There are about 12 million Turkish Kurds who still await a meaningful initiative from the Turkish government. The late President Turgut Ozal was heading into the direction of offering the Kurds within his country a measure of autonomy that would have enabled them to realise some of their demands and spare Turkey the agony of costly conflict. That bold step was short-lived, though, because of Ozal's sudden death two years ago. Whether Ankara views its Kurdish citizens as a separate people or just a minority, they are still entitled to some basic rights that have yet to be attained Surely no one condones the PKK and its terrorist actions. But there is considerable worldwide support for the Kurds' national yearnings. As long as the territorial integrity of Turkey can be safeguarded, the sky is the limit as to how far the Turkish Republic can go to meet the demands of the Kurds within its borders. The only effective way to resolve the Kurdish threat to Turkey's security and stability is to start immediate negotiations with moderate Kurdish leaders, especially with Kurdish members of parliament who are now in Turkish jails. It is bad enough that Ankara loung it necessary to trespass into the territory of a neighbouring country. Had the north of Iraq been under the control of the central Iraqi government, Turkey's action would have led to a wider conflict. To prolong the stay of Turkish troops across the Iraqi borders would be a repetition of the Israeli occupation of South Lebanon. And what if the Kurdish rebels chose to hide in the mountains of Syria or Iran? Would that

then widen the scope of the conflict? As long as Ankara professes its respect for Iraq's territorial integrity, there is every reason to expect Turkey to withdraw as soon as possible from northern Iraq and instead start a genuine effort at real reconciliation within its own borders. It is high time that Turkish leaders recognised that Kurdish demands and aspirations are legitimate ones and that dialogue is less expensive and more effective a tool to end the bloodshed and the misery of the peoples.

### ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RA'I Arabic daily said in its editorial Monday that His Majesty King Hussein summarised Jordan's battle for peace in one phrase, saying this battle against the enemies of peace is but a struggle against poverty, unemployment and social discrimination. The paper said triumph over these destructive factors is a victory for life, for the coming generations and the right of people in the Middle East to security, education, bread, medicine and other basic needs. It said the King's address to the World Affairs Council in Los Angeles did not only stress the values of peace, but also dealt with the need to have the international community shoulder its responsibilities in protecting this peace. It is certain that people would not be convinced of the feasibility of peace if it did not make their lives change and their conditions improve, said the paper. It said the many forces that worked for establishing peace in the Middle East are invited now before its too late to shoulder their responsibilities towards parties involved in the peace process, particularly those who suffered of aggression, invasion and occupation, and to convince them that prosperity comes from peace, not from fighting. If these forces did not progress at the moment to shoulder their responsibilities, all the forces of extremism, despair and terrorism will take a leading position and succeed in ruling this newborn peace before it gets stronger and becomes able to resist, added the newspaper.

AL DUSTOUR Arabic daily dealt in its editorial with His Majesty King Hussein's meeting with President Bill Clinton, which was scheduled to be held Monday, saying the meeting comes at a time when there are intensified contacts between Congress members and the American administration. It said there is no doubt that Jordanian-American relations, which retrieved some of their previous warmth. would rank high at the meeting, particularly that there are declared American pledges to Jordan that should be honoured after Jordan made peace with Israel. In addition to the American pledge to meet Jordan's defence needs and help the Kingdom economically, there were pledges made repeatedly by the American president and the secretary of state to write off Jordan's debts to the U.S. and urge other creditor countries to follow suit. The paper said the two leaders were also to discuss means of achieving progress on other track of the Arab-Israeli negotiations.

The View from Fourth Circle

By Rami G. Khouri

# Euro-racism and anti-semitism: An Arab perspective

I WAS privileged last week to participate in a European Media Forum Against Racism and Intolerance, organised in Strasbourg by the Council of Europe as part of its launch of the European Week of Action Against Racism. The gathering revealed two important aspects of this troubling phenomenon: The spread of racist and intolerant actions in Europe, and the obvious will of the majority of Europeans to fight against this ancient scourge.

From our perspective in the geographical and ideological centre of the Arab-Islamic World, European racism raises a series of questions that need to be fully aired in order for us to play a more effective role in three important

a) identifying the full historical roots of European

b) clarifying the relationships between traditional antisemitism against Jews and contemporary political and moral violence against Jews and Muslims, and, c) working with Europeans to counter the much wider. "international, transnational and civilisational consequences of Euroracism, xenophobia and intolerance, which far transcend the acts of violence or extucsion that are suffered by individuals or small groups within Europe

The most troubling and glaring aspect of Euro-racism is not its sudden resurgence, but its long and recurring historical antecedents. From our perspective, contemporary European racism against Blacks. Muslims, Arabs, Turks, Asians and other non-white, non-Christian "others" is difficult to separate from the centuries-long tradition of European colonialism and imperialism - a tradition of European colonialism and imperialism — a tradition that saw European powers between the 15th and 19th centuries physically conquer and economically exploit virtually the entire southern lands of Africa, Asia and the Americas.

The intellectual, economic, moral and geo-political roots of modern European racism are deeply embedded in the continent's history. But history is not a static force; the dominant post-imperial and post-colonial European major-ity today argues passionately for a political ethic that is tolerant and inclusive, and institutes laws to back up its claims. This week, as a mosque was bombed in Germany, a leading American neo-Nazi was arrested in Denmark. Our challenge in the Arab-Islamic World is to connect with this prevailing European ethic that seeks to defeat racism and anti-semitism, to fortify it, and to work with it to remove the lingering aftershocks of historical bouts of European intolerance, victimisation and exclusion.

We have two major, inter-connected entry points into this issue. The first is traditional European anti-semitism, which is the long and ugly practice of signling out Jews as scapegoats for European problems — a tradition that is well documented in France, Spain, Italy, Russia and other places, and that reached its height in the Nazi Holocaust. European anti-semitism, especially the Dryfus affair in France in the late 19th century, was a major reason for the birth of political Zionism and the formation of the state of Israel, which in turn have been the leading causes of the Arab-Israeli conflict. This conflict has generated the most serious disagreements, suspicions and confrontations between Arabs, on the one hand, and Europeans and Americans, on the other; these have subsequently fuelled anti-Western Arab nationalist and Islamist sentiments, alongside counter-fears of Arabs and Muslims in Europe and the United States, and violence by both sides against

The great historical tragedy and irony is that we now witness genuine, comprehensive anti-semitism in Europe, where violence and racism are being practised by a small minority of Europeans against all the semites — not just Jews, but also Arabs, Turks, Muslims and others who trace their physical or religious lineage to the Jewish offspring of Noah's son Shem. Intra-seminic solidarity requires us to work with the Jews and Europeans to achieve a full appreciation of all the victims of anti-semitism.

Our second entry point into the debate on European racism revolves not around the discrimination or exclusion suffered by non-European individuals, but around larger scale confrontations and fears between entire countries, cultures and civilisations. The fact that NATO and the United States secretary of defence, for example, should both speak publicly about the potential threat of militant Islam to Western or Middle Eastern societies, at a time when NATO, the United States and other Western entities have rather calmly acquiesced in the contemporary pogrom against over a quarter of a million Muslims in central and eastern Europe, leads many thoughtful commentators in our region to speak of a "new Crusade" by the West against

One wonders what the West would have done if, say, thirty thousand Jewish women were raped in Russia or Turkey, as Muslim women were raped in Bosnia and its environs since 1991? If coming to grips with racism is important, which it is, it also seems important to the Arab/Islamic World for the West to come to grips with the following blatant double standard: Why does the West find it compelling to assist Kurds in northern Iraq or Christians in southern Sudan — good deeds, to be sure — but the same West prohibits Islamic states from offering aid to the besieged Muslims of Bosnia? Is this racism, moral insolvency, or just fatigue, or what?

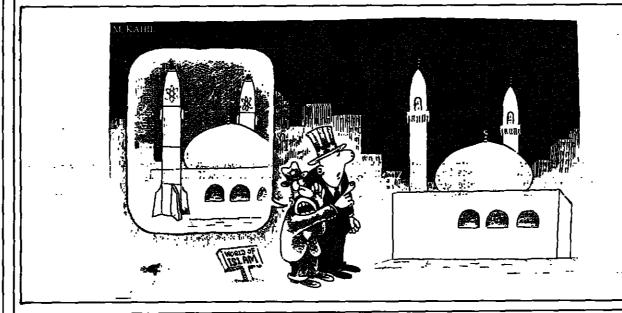
These budding geo-political or even civilisational con-

frontations are aggravated by the spectacle of Western nuclear double standards that see the West actively participate in the provision of nuclear technology to North Korea and other East Asian states, but fervently deny it to Iran, Iraq, Pakistan and other Arab/Islamic states. A similar Western double standard on democratisation also generates Arab/Islamic anger; most of us in this region view it was overtly racist for the West to promote democracy in places such as the former Soviet Union, while accepting anti-democratic slippage in most Arab states as culturally inevitable.

These trends have several negative consequences, other than deepening the Arab/Islamic perception of the West's prevailing political ideology as little more than a modern version of the same old racist, imperial and colonial attitudes of centuries past. They fortify the same Islamist militancy that the West claims to fear; they increase the likelihood of Arab/Islamic violence against the West, and Western racism and violence against Arabs/Muslims; they heighten strains between Christians, Muslims and Jews in the Middle East itself, where these three communities had generally lived in impressive tolerance, coexistence and mutual cooperation for many centuries, until the intrusion of Western colonial interests; and, they aggravate domestic social tensions and political/economic instability in Arab/ Islamic countries, thereby further fuelling the rise of Islamist militancy as the most attractive — often the only available - alternative to the prevailing cycle of national

Racism in Europe, from our perspective, is a far more complicated issue than merely the ability of Turks to live in German cities or French girls of North African origin to wear their head scarves in school. Racism against indi-viduals is merely the tip of an iceberg that reaches deep into history, and far across to other continents and cultures

The most impressive aspects of this racism and antisemitism issue in Europe, I would suggest, is the passionate manner in which the vast majority of Europeans are mobilising to fight it, and to rid themselves of this lingering scar. It would be worthwhile for Arab and Islamic governments and civic organisations to use this moment especially this week of the Council of Europe's, anti-racism action in Europe — to grasp the full political dimensions of the anti-racism struggle in Europe, and, more importantly, to identify opportunities for the Arab/Islamic people to engage in this struggle in our true persona — as one of the world's most ancient protagonists for valor and human decency, rather than only as the recurring and hapless



# Turkey in the hawk's shadow

By Jonathan Rugman

IT WAS in the Kurdish town of Cizre, an ugly con-crete warren of shops and houses near Turkey's border with Iraq, that I watched the local population usher in the traditional Kurdish new year earlier this

A crowd of several hundred walked in spring sunshine down Cizre high street, awkwardly waving Turkish flags in front of police marksmen. A plainc-lothes policeman filmed the scene from the gun turret of a bulletproof Land-Rover. Whenever the camera was turned on, the Kurds responded by bursting into polite rounds of applause.

This Kurdish new year was largely peaceful; very different from three years ago, when I saw a similar demonstration. Then there were shootings and deaths. Kurds shouted "Kurdistan!" and furiously waved the red and yellow flags of the outlawed Kurdistan Labour's Party (PKK).

Now you must look amongst the 600,000 Kurds of Europe for such violent outbursts of Kurdish nationalism. In the ancient Kurdish homeland, Turkish state forces appear to have regained control of most militant separatist strongholds, turning the area into what often feels like a vast prison camp.

The Turks have done it not by winning over Kurdish hearts and minds but by pouring in arms, men and informers; by killing, arresting or imprisoning tens of thousands of PKK members and supporters.

The PKK's rural powerbase is vanishing. A Turkish Interior Ministry source has been quoted as saying two million civilians had been driven out of the conflict zone in the last decade, the majority in the last four years. Although it denies

operating a scorched earth policy against PKK terror, the Turkish army was reported to have burned down another group of ru-ral Kurdish hamlets last week. The last four years have

seen hundreds of mysterious deaths and disappearances and of cases of torture in police custody. It now appears that the state has established an atmosphere of such secrecy and fear in Kurdish areas of Turkey that human rights abuses - intended to eliminate the PKK threat -can be committed with almost complete impunity. Now that radical Kurdish

MPs have been locked up, now that the Kurdish-born Yashar Kemal, Turkey's most famous novelist, facing trial in Istanbul for crimes of thought, what more can the country do to silence its internal critics?

The stakes for Turkey are high. Unless Turkey's record improves during the nest six months, the European Parliament says it will try to block a customs union between the European Union (EU) and Ankara, a deal of mutual benefit.

Through customs union, Europe stands to gain a strong commercial foothold in an eastern Mediterranean market of 60 million through closer EU ties. Turkey, besieged by rampant inflation among other problems, would be strengthened in its commitment to becoming a Western style democracy.

But the corner the Turks are being asked to turn is perhaps the most difficult in their country's short history. Ever since Mustafa Kemai Ataturk ("father of the Turks") founded the modern republic in the 1920, Turks have been nurtured on an educational diet of virulent, uncompromising and decidely racist

If human rights are to improve and Turkey is to move towards further democracy the country will have to unlearn many of the worst excesses of the revered Ataturk period. The idea of social consensus in Turkey is a myth; the country is a cauldron of increasingly distinct secular, religious and ethnic interest groups, and the idea that there is unity in diversity still hasn't taken

grip.
The late president, Turgut Ozal, realised that Ataturk's rigid nationalist legacy had to be changed if social chaos was to be pre-vented. Mr. Ozal made a start, lifting the ban on the Kurdish language, even claiming in public that his grandmother was of Kurdish origin.

But since his death in 1993, Turkey has responded to the growing PKK conflict — a canc. admittedly caused in part by the former president's relative liberalism - by clamping down on all forms of dissent. The Prime Minister, Tan-

su Ciller, makes frequent reassurances to Western leaders that change is coming but, even if she is serious, conservative hawks in her own party are set to oppose democratic reform. The fear in parliament

and indeed amongst the general public is understandable; straddling the Balkans, the Caucasus and the Middle East, Turkey lives in a dangerous neighbourhood, riven by ethnic, religious and nationalist conflicts. If Turkey were to unban "separatist" thought crimes, if it were to allow Kurdish language broadcasting and education. many Turks fear the separatist PKK wold be victorious - that Ataturk's

scared borders would begin to crack. The sad fact is that even if the strict constitution drawn up after the 1980 military coup were to be changed, Ankara would find it difficult to change the lifelong mentality to Turkish soldiers and police. As the Turkish army marched across the mountains into northern Iraq last week, it was embarking on what is for many Turks a holy grail - the defence of Ataturk's unitary state.

The Turkish army colonel briefing journalists began a fit of barking apoplexy when I asked him to explain what was happening across the border; the Turks are members of NATO, but they can also be surely isolationists, believing they are answerable to nobody but themselves. That conviction gives soldiers and police carte blanche to treat Kurds any way

None of this should detract from Europe's support for Turkey's war against the Marxist-Leninist PKK. which is fast emerging as the most violent guerrilla movement in both Europe and the Middle East. But just as Turkish security forces often blur the distinction between Kurdish rebels and civilians, so Ankara tends to mistake the difference between enemies and true friends.

Turkey's NATO allies need to be both critical and understanding, with human rights playiung a major part in foreign policy. Not because we ought to care, but because if Turkey does not change its spots and embrace reform, it will slide ever further backwards into instability,

Last week's much trumpeted military operation in Iraq seems a sad diversion from the truth: that Turkey's Kurdish embroglio is primarily an internal problem, and one that must be urgently solved.

The Guardian

# Foreign policy: American leaders misread the public

By William Pfaff

PARIS — Every four years since 1974 the Chicago Conncil on Foreign Relations has taken a reading on what Americans believe about where their country stands in the world and where it should go in its foreign relations.

The latest survey was conducted late last year, and the results have just been published. They contradict the widely held assumption that Americans today have become isolationists, but contribute to the evidence that Americans are becoming increasingly isolated, out of touch with the world beyond. That is a matter for which the press bears a responsibility (and television

a particularly heavy one). Interest in news about local affairs has gone up by 10 per cent in the last four vears, while interest in other countries and in U.S. relations with those countries has fallen. The percentage of local news interest is the highest in the history of the survey, at 65 per cent, a reflection of the concern with domestic problems that helped elect Bill Clinton. The public says in this survey that the first three of the nation's top 10 probiems are crime, unemployment and health care/health insurance.

Foreign relations do not appear on that list, although foreign policy does appear as No. 10 on a separate list of what the country's leadership worries about. (The leadership figures come from a separate polling sample of congressmen and senators, Clinton administration officials, journalists, academics, and members of labour, church and interest groups). Still, Americans want the

United States to play a leading world role. Asked if the country should "take an active part in world affairs" or "stay out," the response is overwhelmingly for engagement — 65 per cent versus 29 per cent among the public, and 98 per cent versus 1 per cent among

Moreover, 73 per cent of the public and 43 per cent of the leaders think the United States will play an even greater role in the decade to come. "Declinism" obviously has not carried the day.

Nor is there a marked reluctance to use force. Ninety-one per cent of the

leaders and 54 per cent of the public would support the use of American troops against a Russian invasión s.of Western Europe, and almost as many (in both categories) would favour

ette ege e 🚁

arcen mariñ

? • - •

Contract of the

2.15

Dr was in

\$3.30 V.

174 mg

Barton and

Francisco

Park Contract to

Carrier Sections (And Co.

STORY STORY

Bearing and the second

Bright Commission Comm

ter - Fore w -

S. Walter Vand

Managara and the

\*paration

paged from page 1

A Real Property of the second

And Paper

Fair Metromatic

Selection of the select

September 1979

The secondary

er mond - compress.

Sept Solice Land

Sale Secure

Aller Street W. R.

Albert Selection of Cal

All place the re-

A COMPLETE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

See of believe on a

Age and control

before and control

before and control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

control

Participants and designate

STATE OF THE STATE

3

Birdina hilik

Arabia from Iraq. Sixty per cent of the leadership and 32 per cent of the public would be in favour of fighting if Russia invaded Po-

These, of course, are snap reactions to telephone questions. A considered judgement might be different. The answers do not necessarily reflect a real grasp of the subjects at hand. A notorious case of this concerns foreign aid, which only 45 per cent of the general public favours (as against 86 per cent of the leaders). A much publicised survey in January, made by two independent policy groups, together with an earlier Harris poll, found that Americans want aid expenditure to go down, but they also believe that 15 per cent to 20 per cent of the U.S. government's current spending goes to foreign aid. The actual aid figure, of course, is less than I per cent - military and nonmi-

litary aid combined. The most striking result of the Chicago survey is what it reveals about the differences between leaders and public. Leaders are much more strongly in favour of troop use to defend, American allies but also are lower in their support for NATO. Public support for the alliance is not far off where it was in 1974. On the other hand, the leaders - 20 years ago strong, positive supporters of NATO — were by 1990 strongly negative in their

attitude. Leaders are much more convinced that China will play a great world role in the future than is the general public. The public is much more of the opinion that Japan will have that role. Leaders strongly favour aid to Eastern Europe, Russia and Africa; the public attitude is negative about all three. Among leaders and general public more are: unfavourable to aid for Israel. Leaders favour aid to the Palestinians on the West Bank and in Gaza. The public is unfavourable. Nearly half the leaders (47 per cent) are for U.S. arms sales abroad. Only 16 per cent of the

public approves. Las Angeles Times DAY, MARCH &

Rami G. Khoki

edear technology (c)

but lervendy

bitter Sovie!

intie more than

to fear they make

acr against the We

שושרוכי עיבון באון

BORNE INCADIST E

d. the aggravate de

ther tucking the to

HARTING - OF THE

revailing cycle (12)

perspective water

a minimum to long to A North Africa ing

and Radon again. erg that reader de

of this taken and

MERCH IS The DES

John of Europe

MOUTINE .: ES OF THE P

Arab and Law Pr

all of Earny in the

all positical defend

t and more marry

Details -- Fors to the man and

olicy: Lleader

ne publ

Mantein E. .

通行数 1:C: 4.二

Making . ~.2

液素も est tac lesars

much be in their

Mr. P. Russia Jak

春娘 たまい フェン

MENTAL TO A DISC

sagener met i

gent to some .

BORNAGE HIST.

3000 1 120 ELE

APRIL 1 TOTAL D

Ach to the

Me general serve

継 報しい ヤギギ

he exists An

Spirited and

**秀 州湖**东为为"

gar source fo

Mary Mary 22 P

in the second

BETTIERS WATER

PROMOTE SERVICE

See all the state of

part 1 2 pet 2 S RATINGET ...

Manage and

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

BERTHAM IN THE THE

Property of the second

lars of the second

The state of the state of

ik ik

WI 91720 M

Stevers Winds

and the second

AND THE PARTY OF

ad Arrests 25

SEE MET STATES

M ha the Aller

distance the

a the

COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

Maria Maria

STATE OF THE PARTY 
pure. The

at Janes was son?

WEIGHT BILL IN FIRM

PRINT RIDER

a parties are the

Salver Libre.

der and gener

THE STATE OF THE S

I fur lease the fire

M WO BE

Care Person

Bert I am mer series

the law year ways

M Angelon Flats

5 arms um

Per Medines

38 3 great water

MA Re II

ie Tealeis

ANTEL DESIGNATION

utede Leader are made

**द्वी तरा** ्टः'

Ve

# The two faces of terror

WHEN FOUAD and his night assignments in Algiers, they wore hoods and leotards, carried kalashinkovs and popped pills to stay awake all night. They were nicknamed

On one occasion, they turned up at the door of someone's flat. Fouad, as always, contrived to stay well in the background. His colleagues banged on the door. A sleepy-looking man opened it. "You are Mourad, aren't you?" they asked. "Yes, my name is Mourad." A shot rang out and the man crumpled to the floor. His children ran out as the police made off. It was a scene that Fouad experienced many times.

The members of the police squad got on well with each other, which was only normal, says Fouad, when you have all managed to survive with bullets whistling past you." He occasionally complained about their methods, about they way they were willing, on the strength of a mere de-nunciation, telephone call or anonymous letter, to go and arrest, and sometimes execute, a man "without finding out if he was armed,

if he was guilty..." Once, a planned police assault on the second floor of a block of flats ended in carnage. Fouad's colleagues started shooting indiscriminately the moment they entered the building. Fouad said: "Wait, we must evacuate the building instead of killing anyone who happens to be around." His colleagues replied: "Are you

on their side now?" No doubt they said that in a moment of anger, for they knew that Found had once saved their lives in one of Algiers's main squares. That day, their squad had laid a trap for a "terrorist" belonging to the fundamentalist Armed Islamic Group (GIA). When he turned up for what he thought was an appointment, he smelt a rat. He was a kid of about 19 and. like many of the new Islamist hitmen, looked deliberately hip: jeans, leather jacket, earing, and a bum-bag round his waist, con-

cealing a revolver. The "terrorist" was about to draw his gun, but Fouad, who as usual had kept in the background, managed to shoot first. He hit him in the heart and felt no remorse. "I knew what his record was, and in cases like that I kill. I kill knowing I have proof. God knows that. There won't be any problems with God." Whenever news came in that a policeman had been

they take his gun?" or "Did they take his identity card? He remembered how a colleague who had been seriously wounded asked about the possibility of compensation. He got a dusty answer from his superior officer: "Here you're paid to die!"

One day, at the police station, Found suddenly realised he was weeping. A memo had just come in from the headquarters of the Algiers police: any policeman living in an "exposed" area of town was strictly forbidden take his gun home. In other words, the idea was to prevent the guns of murdered police-men being recovered by the

"We were no better than shit," says Fouad. "And they wanted to turn us into dmen, into blood-thirsty beasts." He lived in the Cité des Eucalyptus, one of in Algiers, and an Islamist stronghold. He slept in the kitchen. "There were 14 of us crammed into a two-

One day a strange rumour started up wheih turned out to be true. The members of a family who were burying their son, a murdered policeman, refused to allow his colleagues to touch the coffin and screamed: "It wasn't the Islamists who killed him, it was you lot." The policemen did not immediately understand the implications of their accusa-

What happened was that "the fairest and most liked" policeman in each district would be rubbed out by the authorities with the specific purpose of "shocking and outraging people." An officer who had allegedly been the target of an attack in which several of his men were killed was caught in the act of writing threatening letters to himself so as had mounted the whole operation himself.

A group of "Ninjas" once got shot in the back by a military patrol that was following them. One police inspector, who was universally known to have had a criminal career before joining the force, confessed to murdering 14 of his col-

leagues.
Fouad remembers how he once chased a car whose occupants had just carried out an attack. "We managed to stick with it, and we were pretty pleased with ourselves. Then suddenly we saw it drive into the security forces barracks. I notified headquarters by radio and was told: 'Mission accom-

plished, return to the police

Fouad was so sickened by his experiences as a member of the 'Ninjas', part of the Algiers police force, that he fled to Paris. Dominique Le Guilledoux reports



station'." On another occasion, a car full of Islamist commandos executed a policeman in the street. "We got its registration number in order to identify the car. The walkie-talkie went completely dead. In the end we were asked to halt our in-

vestigations.

Samir, Ahmad and Kamel are Algerian policemen who, like their friend Fouad, fled to Paris six months ago. They report similar experiences: "As the years went by, everything got completely mixed up. We were convinced that members of the regime were killing each other, that there was a second form of terrorism — a legal terrorism — which was trying to raise the temperature. One couldn't trust anybody. We were supposed to be fight ing the GIA, but we realised that spectaular attacks were being riggered gy government services.

"It is difficult to see how the assassination of President Boudiaf by a lone gunman or the attack on the French consulate, a building surrounded by military barracks, could have been possible without complicity or manipulation. There are people at the head of the state who have an interest in keeping the war on the boil and postponing the moment of reckoning — which would reveal how they had misappropriated funds, for

Fouad, Samir, Ahmad and Kamel realised that it was their destiny to kill

without knowing what for, and to get killed without

knowing by whom. Sometimes, on their night patrols, they would enter into a strange dialogue with Islamist commandos using police radios they had seized in the course of their operations. Fouad heard things like: "Paradise is the fate of our dead; hell is reserved for yours." He shouted back: 'You're up in the mountains, and meanwhile we're screwing your sister."

The Islamists recited verses from the Koran in a gentle voice and said calmly: "In any case, we are going to kill you one by one." That angered Fonad: 'If you really are a man, lay down your weapons, and we'll make an appointment and fight with our bare

Once, at four o'clock in the morning, the patrol car he was in zigzagged to a halt at a corner. "I heard gunfire from all sides, I felt a bullet go through my leg. The policeman who was driving was dead, and I flopped over him and shut my eyes. When the shooting was over, I could sense someone's face staring at

me. Then they went away. When he went to hospital for treatment, he brought his own drugs and dressings, and stayed there for as short a time as possible. "It's probably one of the places where a policeman can most easily get bumped off," he said.

As the summer of 1994 finacée cancelled their marwas drawing to a close,

Fouad could see no way of extracting himself from his predicament. He had not been home for more than a year and was sleeping in an office at the police sta-

A friend had been incautious enough to talk in the corridor about "government provocation and manipulation," and immediately members of military security set up a watch on his home. Policemen who resigned from the force were assassinated. Fouad swore that he would keen his last bullet for himself, so he would not have to suffer having his throat cut. Ramadan had been an

ordeal in 1994. There was no let-up in the wave of attacks. "One ended up forgetting about those who had been killed the pre-Fouad was con vinced the "terrorists" were planning an operation at sunset — at the very moment when, after a day of fasting you can think of nothing but the first second of darkness that means you can eat. "I ate my supper on the terrace of the police station with my kalashnikov

on my knees. Some policemen suspected of being double agents were tortured by their colleagues. They were given electric shocks, or were tied to a ladder and allowed to fall. "They talked. One of them went mad: He was prepared to confess to the assassination

of Boudiaf." The father of Fouad's

riage plans. "If I'd been a beggar, a street sweeper, anything but a policeman, he'd have accepted me." Ordinary people had long stopped talking to police-

Fouad, who grew up on a housing estate, had gone into the force because he liked the idea of directing traffic. He remembers the first months of his job in 1989, when he kept his uniform nicely ironed, worked afternoons at a major crossroads in Algiers and smiled at the girls in the

Ahmad remembers: When we joined the police, we were the new Algerians.' They were beginning to appoint inspectors who were too young to have fought in the war of independence. We believed in elections, and in endin violence and corruption in the force. We had had legal training. We were posted to the districts we lived in, and for the people on the housing estates it made an extraordinary change."

As for Fouad, he just says: "Our credo as policemen was a bit like, The king is dead, long live the king!' We were prepared to go along with any govern-

He had noticed at the beginning of the civil war that youngsters on his estate "who had done nothing" were being arrested and deported to camps in the desert. He knew that the police would keep on arresting, torturing and releasing people "until they

could take no more and joined the maquis." Fouad learnt not to react

when he went to the funerals of 19-year-old colleagues who had been beheaded. He said nothing when he was told by his superiors that from now on he would have to fire without warning at anyone he saw moving about about the streets at night. "Yet I knew that on the estates young people often took it in turns to their younger brothers sleep in their bed for three hours. They would stand at the bottom of stair-

cases having a smoke."

He did not protest when, after a patrol was over, he was told to go back on the job: "You can't just come back like that, your colleagues are in trouble, go and help them." Whenever obeyed orders. He might, for example, only pretend to go to a place where an attack had taken place.

He had no hope of finding a flat because his superiors has themselves grabbed the new flats that were supposed to go to policemen like him living in GIA strongholds.

His friend Ahmad had managed to slip out of Algiers during the holidays and take refuge in Paris. From there he wrote Fouad a deliberately provocative letter. "Stay in your shit since that's what you wanted." Fouad replied: "Here it's pure brain-washing. We're turning into vampires because we

we have orders to fire at anything that moves."
Often Fouad would go down to the beach at night

just to scream at the waves. When Fouad too managed to obtain permission to leave the country for a holiday, he handed in his police identity card just before getting on the plane, but without having time to notify his mother. He joined Ahmad and the other refugee policemen in Paris. Some of them have found accommodation in

suburban garages, others are living with relations.

They have applied for political asylum, but have no illusions about their chances. And while they wait for their visas to be renewed — which is also unlikely — they try to sur-vive as best they can, selling n the corndors of the Paris Métro or distributing leaflets in the street.

One day Found bumped into a childhood friend in Barbès, a Paris district with a high concentration of Arabs. "he belonged to the Islamic Salvation Front and I was a policeman, but we didn't care." The two men embraced each other several times and asked about their respective careers. Fouad says: "We got on

well together." He feels less of a policeman now. "Our bosses exploited us too much, they let us down too many times," he says. But he would dearly like them to get "their just deserts."

# Separation

killed, his superior officers'

(Continued from page 1) 4,000 settlers in the Gush Katif area" close to the Egyptian border.

Mr. Ramon is a former minister and one of the rising stars of Mr. Rabin's Labour Party. Some 5,000 settlers are still

in the Gaza Strip where Palestinian self-rule was launched in May. Israeli soldiers continue to be deployed around the settlements to protect them.

Israel should "concentrate on solving the problem of unemployment which has reached 30 to 40 per cent of Palestinian workforce in the Gaza Strip, because it threatens the head of the autonomous authority, Yasser Arafat," Mr. Ramon

He also warned that until the delayed Palestinian elections took place, "the peace process remains reversible." A senior official of the Labour Party met Monday with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader, Yasser Arafat and said he was sure the two sides could reach a compromise on the next phase of Palestinian self-

Nissim Zvili told reporters: "I am certain that we will reach a compromise which will allow the two parties to live in peace and security. "Arafat understands Israel's security needs and we spect the political rights of the Palestinians," Mr. Zvili added after two hours of talks with the Palestinian leader in

sage is clear. We are committed to the peace process and we will do our best to see it succeed."

the meeting would help to cess while taking into account Israel's security needs." The two sides have set a July 1 target date to reach an

agreement on elections. Jericho by helicopter after a four-day visit to return to his headquarters in the Gaza

# Algeria

Ruiseau suburb of the city. the statement said. The kil-

was waiting for them.

The daily Liberte reported Monday that Islamic extrem-

understand we have to re-

"The Labour Party's mes-

Mr. Arafat for his part said "push forward the peace pro-

Mr. Arafat later left

He arrived in Jericho on Friday to meet U.S. Vice President Al Gore and held a Palestinian National Authority (PNA) cabinet meeting in the oasis town on Saturday.

(Continued from page 1) lers escaped in a vhehicle that

Abdul Rahmani was the 30th journalist to be murdered since May 1993 in attacks blamed on Muslim fundamentalists who have been at war with the secular, army-based government for the past three years.

ist gunmen killed 17 civilians and wounded three others in the Chlef region of Algeria, 200 kilometres west of the capital.

The 20 people were travelling to market in Zebouda in two vans from the hamlet of Laghounet Lahdjar when they were stopped at a roadblock set up by the armed gang

last Tuesday, the paper said. Radical groups in Algeria launched their campaign to topple the government after the military-backed governmnet in January 1992 cancelled elections that a fundamentalist party was poised

# Kabul

(Continued from page 12)

Gen. Qanooni said the role of the Inter-Service Intelligence (ISI) - Pakistan's secret service which chanelled weapons to Afghan groups during their 10-year war against the Soviet Union could also "not be ruled

Defence ministry officers asserted that historically, Pakistan had always been a regional rival to Afghanistan, a neighbour "they feared and plotted" against to keep

"Pakistan wants to keep us

divided, fighting amongst ourselves, so that we'll never be a threat to them," one senior officer said. Although the Afghan government did not recognise

the Talibans as a legitimate

Afghan force, it would be prepared to negotiate with them, Gen. Qanooni said. We have no preconditions for negotiations with the Talibans, only that they should not resort to

fighting against us," Gen. Qanooni said. The Defence Ministry would accept provincial delegates from Talibancontrolled provinces as part

of a United Nationssponsored peace plan. He stressed that Rabbani, whose two-year official term as president expired last December, was still willing to transfer power under an international peace plan pro-vided the United Nations

came up with a "practical mechanism" for this process. Gen. Qanooni would not comment on whether excommunist General Abdul Rashid Dostum, who launched an unsuccessful coup to topple Mr. Rabbani in January 1994, would be accepted

by the president as a future On the question of Hezb-e-Islami leader Gulbuddin Hekmatyar, whose forces were defeated around Kabul in mid-February, Gen. Qanooni was much more conciliatory.

"We cannot deny the poli-tical role of Hezb or its leader in the future," Gen. Qanooni In Islamabad, Pakistan, the United Nations on Mon-

day made an emergency

appeal for \$2 million in aid

for Afghanistan, mostly for

food and other urgently

needed supplies. Millions of Afghans have been driven from their homes during the 16 years of fighting in the country. Food is available in Kabul, the scene ofthe heaviest recent battles, but is too expensive for many in a country that has no formal economy.

The \$2 million would go

for food, transportation, and other humanitarian needs, Martin Barber, head of the U.N. aid programme to Afghanistan, told a news con-ference in Islamabad.

The world body requested \$106 million in humanitarian aid for Afghanistan this year, but has received pledges and contributions of less than \$30 million so far.

Many potential donor countries are reluctant to give when the country is still enmeshed in civil war.

# Syria (Continued from page 1)

peace accords.

He added that Palestinian leaders "have not mentioned anything like this. On the contrary they have underlined Syria's respect of the right of Palestinians to voice their opinions."

Ten Palestinian groups opposed to the Israeli-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) autonomy accords are based in Damascus. Besides the DFLP and PFLP, they also include the Islamic Resistance Movement, Hamas, and Islamic

Israel's Deputy Foreign Minister Yossi Beilin would not directly confirm the report but said it was one of the Jewish state's conditions in its peace talks with Syria in Washington.

Israel and Syria resumed direct talks at ambassadorial level in Washington last week after a three-month suspension as a result of a Mideast peace mission by U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christ-Their ambassadors to the

United States, Itamar Rabinovich of Israel and Syria's Walid Muallem, are focusing on security arrangements to follow an Israeli withdrawal on the Golan Heights.

## **Iraq** (Continued from page 1)

But Saadi Medhi Saleh, who has chaired the legislature since 1989, suggested there was still room for leniency in handling their

Mr. Saleh spoke to the Associated Press two days after the men were tried in an Iragi court.

Conviction of sabotage or espionage could have resulted in the death sentence or prison terms for life. On Sunday, Ryszard Krystosik, a Polish diplomat who heads the U.S. interest sec-

tion in Baghdad, urged Iraq

to free the two Americans,

saying they are "absolutely He also said he would insist

live so much at night. And that his office be given the right to visit the men in pris-

In the first comment from an Iraqi official since the conviction, Mr. Saleh said: We have already (tried) these two infiltrators according to Iraqi law, which prohibits the entering of the borders according to illegal

He added: "Those two detainees were entering our border secretly and by illegal manner, maybe for political or technical reasons. And we have detained them to know these reasons.

He implied that the Americans's motivation may have been sabotage, saying: "We have no aggressive intentions towards those two Americans. But we bave just applied Iraqi law according to the manner we do to all the foreigners who are coming for sabotage or other political reasons.

Asked if there was room for leniency, given the men's claim that the crossing was accidental, Mr. Saleh said: The humanitarian doors are not shut to them yet."

(Continued from page 1) hardware to Turkey, has expressed concern at Ankara's military campaign in Iraq. German rights groups and

military experts say Turkey is breaking its promise to Bonn and using German weaponary in its campaign.

Ankara has denied the charge, which has been raised frequently in the past, and Mr. Kinkel has said he sees no reason to doubt the word

Six Germans arrested in southeastern Turkey as suspected collaborators with the PKK on Saturday were released on Monday, the German foreign ministry said. A ministry spokesman could not give any informa-tion about a Belgian photo-

of his Turkish colleagues.

grapher and a Briton also reportedly detained in Cizre, south of Diyabakir, the same The Germans were released from house arrest in a

hotel at around midday and were on their way to Ankara, a receptionist at the hotel said. The foreign ministry spokesman said they would make their way back to Ger-

The Belgian photographer, Koen Obgenhaffen, told Bel-gian VTM television on Sunday he and the Germans were detained when they refused to hand over their photo equipment.

# France

(Continued from page 12) and hundreds of millions on Russian and Chinese arms. The emirate has budgeted \$12 billion over the next decade to re-equip its armed

forces. The boats' weapons have yet to be subcontracted. The boats are due to be delivered over the next four years.

# Egyptian president opens meeting on African economy

CAIRO (R) — Egyptian face our challenges as long as President Hosni Mubarak destructive conflicts continue Monday opened an African foreign ministers meeting on the economy of the world's poorest continent with a call for solving its growing debts problem.

/elc

ioci

OTT

he Biai

non-nai Aide Jui<sup>n</sup> la

οπ3**έμ** υ

her Teyig

or harig

re hert

onec

nat rai

hothr

"Debts have reached a level beoyond that of the African countries' ability, especially at a time when they are subject to pressure after the implementationof. structural reform programmes and liberalising trade," President Mubarak told more than 30 African ministers taking part in the two-day meet-

He added that "\$300 billion of African debts is a terrifying number, putting in consideration all the deacriorating economic conditions among the continent's countries.

President Mubarak warned that economic and social development cannot be achieved without putting an end first to several armed conflicts in the continent, in-

cluding civil wars.
"We will not be able to

Israeli

cabinet

approves

to exist between some of our countries, or even among people of the same country,

He called for the activation of the so-called African conflict-resolution mechanism which African leaders approved in an earlier sum-

In his speech, President Mubarak emphasised the importance of enhancing inter-African trade which now stands at five per cent of the continent's total trade. He called for measures to confront the negative short and medium term effects of the **GATT** agreement on African

The ministers, whose countries are members of the Organisation of African Unity, will seek to approve a "Cairo declaration" on eco-nomic and social develop-

ment in Africa.

A draft released ahead of the two-day meeting, entitled "Relaunching Africa's Eco-nomic and Social Development," said the ministers to Africa's precious commodity exports from implementation of the Uruguay Round GATT agreements.

The draft says govern-ments should set up business guidelines to promote foreign investment in Africa — currently just two per cent of direct foreign investment in the developing world.

The declaration also says African states, highly dependent on cash from their commodity exports, should respond to the erosion of inter-national trade preferences caused by the GATT agreement by boosting intra-African commerce.

It says member states, while aiming to promote their cash crops for exports, cannot afford to ignore the press-ing needs of their own hungry

populations.

The text urges African countries to set aside at least one per cent of GDP to develop science and technology. It urges them to mod-emise their rudimentary industrial base and redouble efforts to explore and de-

# Greece cut in two by tax rebels, transport chaos

tax cut OCCUPIED JERUSALEM ATHENS (R) — Greek farmers, in open revolt against a new Socialist tax law, vowed AP) - Prime Minister Yithak Rabin's cabinet has Monday to keep up a week-long blockade which has approved a tax cut that would ave middle income Israelis caused transport chaos by the equivalent of \$400 milcutting the country's main

north-south overland links The tax cut, which is to go Hundreds of tractors. nto effect in September, was many flying Greece's blue and white flag, are now bassed by a vote of 10-7. It will reduce income tax for blocking road and rail lines sraelis earning more than 5,500, shekels (\$2200) a between Athens and the main northern port city of nonth on average by about a Salonika, effectively cutting the country in two.

Cabinet ministers who Despite repeated pleas by apposed the plan charged it vould increase the gap bethe Socialist government to give up the protest, the farween rich and poor, and pposition leaders mainmers' resolve showed no sign ined it was aimed at bol-

of weakening Monday.
"We're not leaving. We'll lering Mr. Rabin's sagging stay here until Easter if our opularity ahead of elections farmer told a television inter-Finance Minister Avraham viewer. Orthodox Easter is shohat said the intention was o ease the burden on the on April 23.

The revolt has caused traffic chaos, sent vegetable prices soaring, begun to choke off petrol supplies and is growing into a major showdown with the Socialist gov-

State Railway Company (OSE) President George Petsos said Monday he would sue those obstructing trains. He estimated the dispute was costing OSE more than 100 million drachmas (\$425,000)

vider-raging plan presented y Mr. Shohat last week that a dav. Shopkeepers and merrise included an interest rate chants have joined the tax

revolt as well, calling a nationwide strike on Wednesday. They have shut shops sporadically around Greece for two weeks and

occupied government offices. The main complaint against the law is a set of "assessment criteria" which determines the minimum tax that non-salaried workers must pay, regardless of their declared income.

The law, passed by parliament last year, aims to force the country's notorious legion of tax evaders to pay up. Economists estimate the black economy at some \$30 to \$45 billion a year.

The farmers' demands have grown to include a list of items including higher proand Greece's withdrawal from various international farm accords.

"These mobilisations... are the final spasms of whole groups of people who want to retain their exemption from paying taxes," Finance Minister Alexandrus Papado-

poulos said.
National Economy Minister Yannos Papandoniou told reporters after crisis talks with other senior ministers on Monday: "The mobilisations by a small number of farmers constitute a negative development. They harm society as a whole."

# Dollar breathes easy as sellers fade

LONDON (R) — The dollar clambered to firmer ground Monday as sellers shied away, wary that authorities could swing into action to ward off attacks in a week when Germany and the United States will ponder in-

"If there is going to be coordinated action to help the dollar this is the week to do it," said David Coleman, treasury adviser at investment bank CIBC Wood Gun-

Elsewhere, Wall Street's record high close on Friday kick-started European stock markets as German and French shares surged more than one per cent in early

The dollar held comfortably above 1.41 marks and 89 yen in morning European trading, after the Bank of Japan supported it aggres-

Home sales

in U.S. fall

sharply

sively overnight, dealers said. Talk that Japan may ease its official interest rate to limit the soaring yen also allowed the dollar to catch its breath. "While that speculation remains, dollar/yen is going to remain well under-Chester said. inned." said Adam Chester,

International in London. The U.S. and German central banks will meet to consider monetary policy on Tuesday and Thursday respectively. Analysts do not expect them to alter interest rates — a factor which could knock the dollar off its ledge later in the week.

bond strategist at Yamaichi

Germany, torn between pressure to ease credit and quell a punishingly high mark and a need to subdue inflationary fears, may bow to price pressures and keep the cost of credit unchanged,

"Towards the end of the back in the dollar on the mark if the FOMC (Federal Open Market Committee) don't do anything and buba leave rates unchanged," Mr.

Last week Bundesbank President Hans Tietmeyer appeared to rule out a cut in rates as a response to imbalances in the foreign exchange market which have seen European currencies and the dollar strike record lows against the mark this month.

The German unit was slightly firmer in early trading on Monday.

On the stock exchanges, German and French shares retreated from early highs but still clung to double-digit

London's market -

day's best, although technically strong due to a shortage of stock. The FTSE 100 index breached the 3,150 barrier on Friday and made an unsuccessful attempt at a fresh hurdle some 20 points

Dealers said the market was nervy in the wake of Wall Street's 50.8 point climb on Friday — its seventh new closing high in 11 sessions. The U.S. market is storm-

ing ahead on hopes the Federal Reserve had managed to engineer a "soft landing" for the booming economy.

Tokyo's nikkei-225 index ended a sharp 2.20 per cent up at 16,096.25. Brokers said the rise was a mere correction after six days of falls, and that sentiment had not improved

# Oman **outlines** major gas liquefaction project

Busines

oporation

we better

r ping role

# ## #\$ . J

-12 × 12 +-- 7

22 10 - 1

leggxyrr a mw

77 (N. Per

-----

1. 70 3 3 5 5 5 5 5

eath him in the

reference been.

11. C. S. ....

STEEL A BUT

Section 1

Patriote per e Participation as

 $\widehat{X}(X)(X)=\widehat{Y}_{i}:X_{i+1}$ 

327

Transfer of the

The Board

A PARTIE STATE OF THE PARTIES OF THE

THE ASSETS OF THE

The second of th

Service Control

A COLUMN TO THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O

20 20 Distriction of the second

A Secretary of the

Marian Control

Eller State 
and .

the term in the total of the term in the t

\*\* 15.00

DOHA (AFP) — The Gulf state of Oman has released details of its first gas liquefac-tion project, which it said would cost around \$8 billion and produce over six million tonnes per year.

The project will target the Far East and other countries and the Omani government has been involved in negotiations with potential buyes to get one of the biggest gas projects in the region off the eround.

"The final investment decision is scheduled for mid-1996, with the plant ready for start-up at the end of 1999 and first cargo in early 2000,7 said Khalifa Ibn Mubarak Al Hinai, director general of the gas and petroleum industries department at the Omani oil

Mr. Hinai, speaking at a key gas conference in the Gulf state of Qatar, said the project had two main phases upstream and down-

The upstream phase involves the appraisal of the gas, its subsequent develop-ment and production and its transport by pipeline to the liquefaction plant, he said, adding this part would be fully owned by the Omani government.

The downstream project comprises gas liquefaction, shipping and marketing. It is being undertaken by the government as a 51 per cent owner. The other shareholders include Shell Overseas Trading Ltd, Total, Partex (Oman) Corporation, Mitsubishi, Mutsui and Itochu.

# Israel-EU trade talks

in the accord.

WASHINGTON (AFP) News of a sharp drop in U.S. home sales in February added to signs that the economy is slowing Monday, a day before the Federal Reserve (Fed) meets to decide whether to raise interest rates

Sales of existing homes fell five per cent in February after a revised four per cent drop in January, surprising markets, which had been expecting a fall of less than one per cent.

The slowdown was seen as being largely due to higher mortgage rates, the result of moves by the Fed to raise interest rates seven times in the past 13 months to try to rein in sharp economic growth before it led to higher inflation.

The increases have taken the average interest rate on a 30-year home mortgage to 8.77 per cent, compared to 7.15 per cent in February last year - a difference in monthly payments of some \$140 on a loan of \$100,000.

The February home sales figures added to a growing list of economic indicators suggesting that the rate increases were having the deired effect, all economic data are still surging ahead unabated.

Even before Monday's home sales figures, most analysts were expecting the Fed to adopt a wait and see attitude when its policymaking open markets committee meets Tuesday, and not move again on interest rates until the economic trend becomes clearer.

Economic figures for January and February have come in extremely mixed, and several Fed governors have expressed the opinion that the effects of the past year's rate hikes have not yet trickled through.

# at impasse, official says

TEL AVIV (R) - Negotiations between the European Union (EU) and Israel aimed at finalising a new economic accord reached an impasse at the weekend over agricultural issues, an Israeli agriculture ministry official said.

Tzvi Alon, the agriculture the trade talks, said in a Sunday statement that the negotietions were held in "an atmosphere that was not good, without real intent to conclude (negotiations) successfully.

No immediate EU comment was available. Mr. Alon said the EU had pressured Israel over the years to limit import duties on food products and proposed this be explicitly defined

HAVANA (R) - Faced with

severe shortages of beef and cow's milk, Cuba is stepping

up production of protein-rich

soy products such as soy

yoghurt, soy ice-cream and

are under way to boost soy-

bean production to replace

Soybeans were never an

important component of the

Cuban diet. Most Cubans say

they will eat products like

soyburgers if there is nothing

else, but will continue to

dream about beef, pork,

chicken and butterfat-rich

ice-cream which are tradi-

Under Cuba's present

rationing system, all children

under seven years of age re-

ceive a quart (0.9 litres) of

cows' milk a day but those in

other age groups receive only

a few cans of items like con-

tional Cuban soul foods.

essential, customary foods.

Food Industry Minister

Short of meat and milk,

Cubans turn to soybeans

"This week, when Israel agreed to this in principle, it became apparent that the EU was not prepared to do the same at its end," Israel's agriculture ministry said in a statement.

Israel and the European Union have been negotiating this accord for months. Israel's foreign ministry has openly supported the accord despite strong objections from both the agriculture and industry and trade ministries.

The agriculture ministry is mainly concerned with Israeli exports of grapes, flowers, oranges and meat and has been seeking more favourable terms on shipments of these goods to the EU.

Israel this week agreed to

densed milk a month.

Yoghurt, ice cream and

cream cheese made from

cow's milk were in abundant

supply until a few years ago.

but have seen a steep decline

one symptom of economic

both under a U.S. trade

embargo and the loss of aid

from its former ally, the

Mr. Roca said the produc-

tion of yoghurt made from

soy milk will reach 40,000

tonnes this year compared to

11,000 last year, with a goal

of 100,000 tonnes by 1996.

ground (minced) meat re-

ceived by Cuban families

under the strict system of

food rationing has contained

a substantial portion of soy

meal. The official meat ration

in Havana is three-quarters

of a pound (about one third

of a kilo) every ten days.

Since the mid-eighties, the

Soviet Union.

Limited food supplies are

grant more favourable terms to EU exports but the EU refused in turn to exempt Israeli goods from "strict limitations," the statement said without elaborating. The statement also charged

that with regard to the participation of Finland, Sweden and Austria in the EU, the latest proposal for Israeli exports to these countries could lead to millions of dollars in losses for Israel. "The Europeans have all

the reasons to improve terms for our exports. They got a fair deal from us for their goods and if they do not reciprocate, a real crisis will erupt which, within a few months, will cause great damage to both sides," Mr. Alon

### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY MARCH 28, 1995 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Come to a better meeting of the minds with associates and increase your productivity today. You can make a fine impression on them now by what you accomplish. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Be more cooperative with associates and establish more harmony today. Routine duties should be handled with precision for prosperity to occur.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Be quick in seizing a new opportunity to advance in your line of endeavour now handle business affair wisely and be pleased to take on any situation occurs.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You are able to gain a cherished aim today. Be sure not to neglect important routines thereby you can think constructively.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Come to a greater accord with associates so that you can work more harmoniously with them. Make plans for the days ahead with any project.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Plan your activities early, since the planets are favourable this morning. You have excellent ideas that should be put into operation now to get the best results. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) This is the time to put a special talent you have to work to gain the recognition you deserve. Sidestep one who is belligerent to you and inaccurate also.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You are now inspired and can find new activities through which to express yourself. Avoid a foe today who has a knack for showing up at the wrong time. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Have a serious talk with the one you love and patch up any differences you have before you go to bed this evening. Relax at home tonight for peace of mind. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You can reach a far better understanding with an associate now and get much more accomplished by going directly to the issues.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You can be gregarious now and gain excellent results. Your hunches are accurate today so use them to benefit you.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Try to entertain your associates now and come to a better understanding. Find a better way to gain the favour of a friend which will benefit you.

Birthstone of March: Aquamarine - Jasper

THE Daily Crossword by Mary E. Brinder

ACROSS Loud noise

5 Idolize 10 State of unco

# **Peanuts**

00,000 Israelis — about a

mar.er of wage earners -

' all income tax.

staelis.

to together pay 80 per cent

"The people who pay more

an have to be rewarded,"

Economics Minister Shimon

But Labour Minister Ora

samir said she preferred to

The tax cut is part of

rut by the central bank.

ilso reduce taxes on poorer

defreet told reporters.











### **Andy Capp**









# Zutt'n'Jeff

1





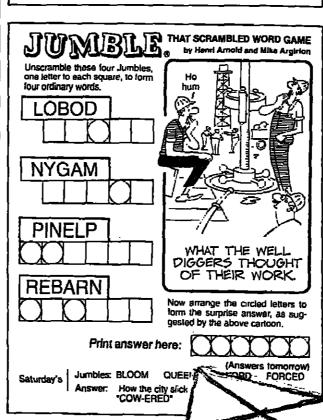


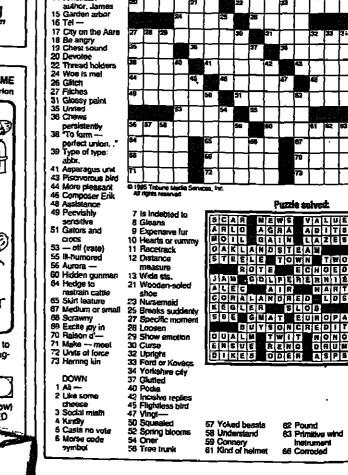






"You were breathing really heavy during that kiss! You were thinking about our bills again, weren't you?





)man utlines najor gas iquefaction | roject OHA (AFP)

See of Oman has real

as project, which

M. with the plant feet

errment at the One

Ar Hinas speaking

gre control

M wate of Ocer Se

ect had two many

pe abstresu: 1925

es the appearant

His habited ter the

a and produces

sport by papers

this part

wanted by the fire

Be dewnstream me

prises gas and

beut and market

under den mie

Ment as a first

at The other ca

manude Sher in

ang list Tie E

ani Comercia

i. Mutsu, and the

MARCH 28, 1961

# is the second

Sie a better meet.

De mitte biet birt

38年**8年12**11日本生士。

Balanc Julies un.

Married and the second

MELLEY STATES

i. Y water die in epat inpinal is

so a greater and a

Back was all of the

tent tet fire fire games

**测 5. 对 2. 为** 7. 一

These sales are

BEEL STORY

esté manuelle de

You are the more

SEPTEMBER 1982 CO.

WIND THE

er II. Hastastor

Merchan ... " ... "

mental in real in

30 Bullion Table

20 10 gr --

I I to the second

her are actual to the

المتكلفة الرائدان والمعلمي

And a record was the

ن مؤده (

je r

S LEELES

37 T

Profesional Colors

PE

STREET,

A review of economic news from the Arabic press

### produce over in his project over in his projec **Ports** the Oman solutions as been involved if the with potential been with potential been as with the potenti Corporation plans better week in the regard shipping role for Aqaba

The final average **☆☆ THE PORTS Corpora-**Khalifa lon Mican tion has prepared a new regulation that includes new and between the bases for owning and operating vessels in Aqaba. The new regulation, to be discussed later by the Council of Ministers, will remove all obstacles that have prevented people and companies from owning and registering ves-sels in Jordan. According to Dureid Mahasneh, directorgeneral of the Ports Corporation, the new regulations will provide comprehensive tax exemptions and will encourage foreign companies to invest by owning and registering vessels in Jordan. He indicated that by having vessels registered in Jordan with Jordanian flag, the Kingdom will be able to save large amounts which, otherwise, would have been paid as freight fees.

Dr. Mahasneh pointed out that the new regulation would provide wide employment opportunities for many Jordanians specialised in marine services and that would greatly benefit the Treasury (Al Ra'i).

**★★ THE MUNICIPALITY** of Greater Amman will begin reasphalting a number of main and secondary roads in Amman on April 1. Mayor Mamdouh Abbadi said the municipality finished awarding the necessary tenders and gave instructions to contractors to start the work atothebeginning of next month. A JD 3.5 million had been allo-cated for this month (Al

★★ THE JORDAN Petroleum Refinery Company (JPRC) will be distributing day. The unleaded petrol, which does not suit most cars in Jordan, will be selling for 350 fils a litre and will be available at the JPRC station in Jabal Amman and Al Burj station on the Seventh Circle. Special petrol costs 300 fils per litre while ordinary petrol sells at 220 fils a litre (Al

**☆☆ ACCORDING TO Wa**jih Hamdi, Egyptian ambassador in Jordan, Egypt is studying the possibility of supplying natural gas to Jor-dan. The ambassador said the subject was raised by Energy and Mineral Resources Minister Samih Darwazeh during the meetings of the Higher Jordanian-Egyptian Joint Committee in Cairo two weeks ago (Al Dustour).

\*\* TOTAL ASSETS of the Central Bank surged by JD 39 million last month to reach JD 3,155.9 million at the end of February compared to JD 3,116.9 million at the end of January 1995 (Al Dustour).

**☆☆ THE NATIONAL** Jordanian Aluminium Foils Company, a public shareholding company registered at the Ministry of Industry and Trade on Feb. 22, 1995 with an authorised JD 1.4 million capital, is floating JD 350,000 shares at JD 1 par value for public subscription. The company plans to spend JD 800,000 to buy land, build a plant and acquire equipment and vehicles. The remaining amount will be used as a working capital and reserves for emergency needs. Main founders of the company are: Ahmad Tewlik Abul Roub (JD 70,000), the Premier Company for National Investments (JD 70,000), Favez Sharari Al Fayez (JD 70,000), Khaled Abdul Rahman Al Khatib, a Lebauese, (JD 30,000), Zuhair Mihyar (JD 30,000) Daoud Al Far (JD 30,000) and Basima Al Nabulsi (JD 30,000). Subcription. which starts April 1 and ends April 20, 1995, should be for a minimum 200 shares with only 25 per cent of the value to be paid. The remaining 75 per cent of the cost is to be paid over the next four years

# Economic slowdown hits Saudi bank profits

Bank did well and the Saudi DUBAI (R) — An economic slowdown in Saudi Arabia and falls in world bond markets last year hit 1994 bank profits in the oil-rich kingdom, bankers said Monday. They said prospects for the kingdom's banks in 1995 did

not appear much brighter. Although assets of 11 of the country's 12 banks that have announced their results so far grew in 1994, five saw profits decline between 7.6 per cent and 36.9 per cent. Profit growth of the other banks was generally slower than in previous years.

Riyad Bank, the second largest in the kingdom, registered the 36.9 decline in profits, which the bank said was due to unfavourable conditions on world financial

But all banks remain profitable and bankers said they are encouraged by the government's recent macroeconomic moves, which included slashing projected 1995 public spending, raising the prices of public utilities and starting to repay billions of dollars in arrears owed to contractors.

American Bank notched profit growth of 7.2 per cent. But the bankers said the public spending cuts and a growing private sector role in the economy are pressuring banks to lend money they do

not have. "We haven't got money to lend. It is as simple as that. The liquidity here has been dry for months now and it is highly unlikely that that situation is going to improve this year," one senior banker

Figures compiled by United Sandi Commercial Bank (USCB) showed the 11 banks lent 121 billion riyals (\$32 billion) in 1994, up 12.2 per cent from 107 billion (\$28 billion) in 1993.

But the economic slowdown has slowed customer deposits, which edged up by only 3.3 per cent to 223 bil-lion riyals (\$59 billion) in 1994. This in turn has restricted the amount of money banks can lend on to busi-

Saudi Arabia, like other Gulf Arab states, is suffering a slow-down because of fall-

Markets In co-open	Times ation with man Bank when	
Corrency	New york Close Dut 24/3/95	Tokyo Close Dat 27/3/95
Sterling Pound	1.5940	1.5923**
Destache Mark	1.4173	1.4152
Swits Franc	1.1742	1.1675**
French Franc	- 4.9485	4.9778**
Јарелеза Уел	88.95	89.59
Rurepean Carreny Linit	1.2907	1.2929**
USD Per STC Europeine Opening to Bill n.m. CAST		
brockroney laberest Rates	Detec	27/3/1995
Correscy I Mi	II 3 MTIS 6 M	TIS 12 MTHS

Ситенсу	1 MTR	1 MTHE	6 MTIS	12 MTB
		0 101.715	0 M 11/3	12 14117
U.S. Dollar	5.81	6.00	6.12	6.43
Sterling Pound	6.06	6.25	6.75	7.31
Deutsche Mark	4.62	4.75	4.81	5.12
Swiss Franc	3.37	5.37	3.56	3.75
French Franc	7.56	7.56	7.25	7.06
Japanese Yen	2.06	1.57	1.67	1.47
Esreptin Currency Unit	6.68	6.68	6.87	6.93

Prodous #	localy			Date: 27	/3/1995,.	
Metal	USD/Uz	SD/Gent*	Metal	USD/Oz		i.
Gold	382.20	7.60	Silver'	1.62	0.110	ď
* 23 Karmi						

Control Bank of Jordan Britanga Rote Bulletin	
Date:	27/3/1995

Саттерсу	814	Oue
U.S. Dollar	0.6900	0.6920
Starting Pound	1.8965	1.1020
Deutsche Mark	0.4868	9.4612
Switz Franc	0.5892	0.9921
French Franc	0.1383	0.1390
Japanese Yest"	0.7691	0.7729
Dutch Guilder	9.4342	0.4364
Swedish Krean	*****	246777
Italian Lira*	0.0399	0.0401
Belgian Franc	24244	*****

Other Carrencies	Date: 27/3/1995		
Currency	Bid	Offer	
Behratel Digar	1,8140	1.8270	
Letranese Litra*	0.041675	0.042725	
Sandi Riyal	0.1836	0.1846	
Korralti Dinar	2.3100	2.3608	
Qetari Riyal	0.1885	0.1900	
Egyptian Pound	0.1900	0.2100	
Ontani Riyal	1.7830	1.7950	
UAE Dirkens	0.1873	0.1282	
Greek Drackssa*	0.2760	0.3350	
Cyprice Pound	1,4475	1.5350	
Per 180			

### **LONDON EXCHANGE RATES**

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Monday.

U.S. \$1.00 costs 1.3990/00 1.4136/46 1.5850/60 1.1692/02 29.11/15 4.9760/10 1710.6/5.6 89.49/59 7.3025/25 6.2880/30

5.6165/15 One sterling \$1,5932/42 One ounce of gold \$382.20/382.50





Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

Dutch guilders

Belgian francs

French francs Italian lire

Japanese yen

Danish crowns

Swedish crowns

Norwegian crowns

Swiss francs

financial commitments and bankers said they were now receiving less government de-

funds. "The 1994 results of banks were mixed largely due to different positioning in bond holdings," one banker said. "There is a lot of unrealised loss on bond positions and some interest rate losses as well as derivatives losses."

sharp downturn in 1994. high growth this year.

posits and repatriated private

Saudi banks usually have significant exposure in world bond markets, which took a Bankers did not expect

ARAB BANK PIC JORDAN MATICMAL BANK JORDAN MATICMAL BANK / MEW.

MIDDLE EAST INVESTMENT BANK.

ANDIAN BANK FOR INVESTMENT

BANKS SECTOR

JORDAN FRENCE INSURANCE

ARAB BANKING CORPORATION/JORDAN PHILADELPHIA INVESTMENT BANK.

INSURANCE SECTOR

JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER /NEW ARAB INTERNATIONAL HOTELS

ARAB INTERNATIONAL HOTELS /NEW

SERVICES SECTOR

THE JORDAM WORSTED HILLS ARAB PHARMACBUTICAL MANUFACTURING JORDAM DAIRY

DAR AL DAWA DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT ARAB INVESTMENT & INERNATIONAL TRADE

ARAB ALURIBIUM INDUSTRY
LIVESTOCK & POULTRY
ARAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING
MATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY
INTERMEDIATE PETRO-CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES
JORDAN ROCKWOOL INDUSTRIES
JORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCE/JIRCO

MATICMAL CARLE & WIRE MANUFACTURING

INDUSTRIAL SECTOR

THE JORDAN PIPES MANUFACTURING RAFIA INDUSTRIES

THE JORDAN CEMENT FACTORIES THE ARAB POTASE/KEW

JORDAN PRINCIPUM REFINARY

ARAB ALUMINIUM INDUSTRY

ARAB INTERNATIONAL BOTTLS /NEW
JORDAN NATIONAL SHIPPING LINES
HATIONAL PORTFOLIO SECURITIES
KEAL ESTATE INVESTMENT;
JORDAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING CENTER
MACHINARY EQUIP. RENTING & MAINTENANCE
JORDAN PRESS FOUNDATION / ALRA'I
UNITED MIDDLE EAST & COMMODORE BOTELS
ARAB INTER. FOR INVESTMENT & EDUCATION

JORDAN INVESTMENT & FINANCE BANK BEIT KLWAL SAVINGSINVESTMENT FOR HOUSING

BANK OF JORDAN

THE HOUSING BANK JORDAN KUWAIT BANK JORDAN GULF BANK JORDAN ISLAMIC BANK

"All budgeting for 1995 is with no growth in balance sheets, deposits or loans but reasonable increases in profits purely from the benefit of the rise of interest rates," one

But one encouraging sign for banks was government moves to repay part of its \$5 billion estimated debt to contractors.

The Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency (SAMA), the country's central bank, on March 15 issued special bonds to clear some of this. Bankers said it has also been making some cash payments.

NO. OF SHARES TRADED

19211

72367

35550

35550

12900 1700

273605

7100 3250

168902

550424

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET BOUSIEG BANK CESTER AMMAN - SEMEISANI TELEPHONE: 660170 / 663170

ORGANIZED MARKET SHARE PRICE LIST FOR HONDAY

The bonds, with maturities of up to two years, can be cashed at the banks, probably at a discount, or used as collateral for loans. Some of the debts have been overdue

Some bankers believed this would inject liquidity into the market. But others remain sceptical and wanted to see how the new bonds were handled before judging their

for vears.

27/03/1995

196310

403347

91471

91471

67583

6310

551941

15217

455744

1502502

66758

USCB figures showed banks' total assets rose 3.9 per cent to 327.6 billion riyals (\$87 billion) from 315.4 billion (\$84 billion) in 1993.

> PREV. CLOSI CLOSING PRICE CLOSING

> > 2.900 1.160 3.760 3.650

4.000

1.550

5.050 2.950 1.880

7.350

4.010 2.110 2.680 2.590

7.480 .860 6.410 .640 1.400

INDEX NUMBER: 159.43 CHANGE : +0.812

2.520 2.560

INDEX NUMBER: 134.62 CHARGE : +0.19

1.860 1.860 1.160 1.120 .950 1.000 .660 .680 10.300 10.150 2.320 2.310 3.280 3.280

INDEX NUMBER: 128.05

1 +1.55%

7.370 4.000 2.220 2.680 2.460

7.490 .860 6.410 .660 1.440 3.440

2.050 1.140 .660 4.300

1.460 . 1.410. 2.250 . 2.200 2.250 2.200 1.550 1.550 3.550 3.500 1.960 1.950

INDEX NUMBER: 118.13

INDEX NUMBER: 140.17 CHANGE : +0.54<sup>2</sup>

1.630

1.550 5.510 5.300 2.930 1.860

187.500 190.000

2.860

1.130 3.790 3.650 3.000

# Investments in Jebel Ali top \$3b DUBAI, United Arab Emi-

rates (AP) - Private investment in the Jebel Ali free zone, one of the premier free zones in the Middle East. topped \$3 billion at the end of last year, an official

said Monday. Sultan Bin Sulayem, director of the zone and the Dubai Ports Authority, said 735 companies were operating in the zone at the end of 1994.

Of these, 200 companies are in manufacturing, 181 in warehousing and distribution, 217 in trading and 137 in the services sector.

In terms of capital invest-ment, manufacturing accounted for more than 83 per cent of the private investment. Mr. Sulayem said.

Apart from the Middle East, and especially the Gulf, Europe has emerged as a major investor in the zone.
The Middle East accounted for the largest number of companies with

282, including 229 from with-in the Gulf Cooperation Council countries — Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar and the UAE. There are 176 European firms from 23 countries and 48 from the subcontinent — 124 from India, 23 from Pakistan and one from Sri

Lanka. The Far East is represented by 27 companies from Japan and 14 from Hong Kong. There are also 33 U.S. companies, with seven from Canada and two from Bermu-

There are 10 from sub-Saharan Africa, four from Central and South America and two from Australia.

Competition from other regional zones is growing as the neighbouring emirate of Abu Dhabi recently announced it will set up three industrial

Iran, across the Gulf, has several free zones and other Gulf countries are said to be streamlining their zone operations to make them more attractive to international in-

Mr. Sulayem said that the Dubai zone has achieved a balanced economic profile with a wide range of activities, from manufacturing through distribution to ser-

# Real estate glut hits China after construction boom

had more than four trillion yuan (\$480 billion) of unsold real estate at the end of 1994, with the high prices of luxury projects creating a market glut, the official Xinhua news

agency has reported. Feng Jun, an official with the ministry of construction's real estate. department, said the surplus space resulted from a speculative boom from 1991 through the first half of 1993, but added growth of the sector had now been brought under control.

Total investment in the sector in 1994 exceeded 170 billion yuan, up 41.3 per cent over 1993. While the rise remained large, it nevertheless represented a drop of 80 percentage points compared with that of 1993 over 1992.

"Macroeconomic controls (introduced in mid-1993) have curbed the speculation by restoring order by forcing a large number of unqualified real estate developers out of business," it said:

BEIJING (AFP) — China , luxury projects to standard housing, which now account for 80 per cent of all ongoing construction, it said, adding that the ministry regards this proportion as "appropriate."

'More developers have shifted their investment to much-needed standard housing from up-scale villas or office buildings, of which there's actually been a glut on the market due to exorbitant prices,"Mr. Feng was quoted as saying.
In a bid to force real estate

companies to shift their focus to building housing for ordinary Chinese people, the government this year introduced a ban on approvals for new up-market projects.
Western chartered sur-

veyors in China said the strict enforcement of a blanket ban would be "ridiculous."

"The glut is concentrated in southern China - in Shanghai and, in particular, Beij-ing, high-quality office and residential space is still in very short supply," said one

# JORDAN MARKET PLACE

MO. OF TRADED SHARES IN PARALLEL MARKET VALUE TRADED IN PARALLEL MARKET



We also have many listings of villas, flats, and building lots FOR SALE Commercial and residential. For more details call:

Abdoun Real Estate Tel. 810665/810689 810528 Fax: 810520

DOLLAR

Your First Choice

in Car Rental

Shmeisani

Tel: 693399

Euro



للانجار

FOR RENT

Deluxe Villas

& Apartments

in Amman

SANABEL

REAL ESTATE

Tel. 864230

Fax. 864231

A SECURE

Hotel

Sweiflyeh





RENT A KELIABLE CAR

RENT A

RELIABLE CAR

AT A

RELIABLE PRICE

TEL: 6 / 819676

FAX: 6/819676

ABDOUN

WE HAVE NO OTHER BRANCHES



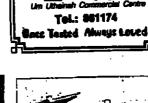
· Free enlarge ment 20 x 30 cm Shmeisani - Opp. Grindlays Bank, Phone: 604042 Swefieh tel: 823891





Stated Chinese Chefs Open 11:30 - 3:30 & 6:00 - Michight Take away is available Shat Al-Arab Street Um Uthainah Commercial Centre















\* DAJANI'S

Unique gold & gems jewelry.

# **Brazilian Grand Prix**

# Berger named winner after disqualifications

rari's Gerhard Berger was awarded victory in the Brazihan Grand Prix Sunday after reigning World Champion Michael Schumacher and David Coutlhard, who were first across the line, were disqualified for using illegal

Analysis of the fuel in Schumacher's Benetton Renault and Coulthard's Williams Renault "showed distinct differences" from the standard fuel samples submitted by the French Elf company before the season started, race stewards said.

The announcement was made some five-and-a-half hours after the end of the race — the opening round of the 1995 World Championship - and both Williams and Benetton gave notice of appeal, which must be confirmed within a week. Disqualifying the two lead-

ers moved Finn Mike Hakkinen in a McLaren Mercedes into second place while Berger's Ferrari teammate Jean Alesi of France took third spot.

Britain's Mark Blundell in the second McLaren was fourth. Blundell's fuel was also tested but found to conform to the standard sample, the FIA said.

Berger, who waited at the track for the result, said: I'm happy. If the other cars didn't meet the rules, well that's too bad. That's why we have rules.

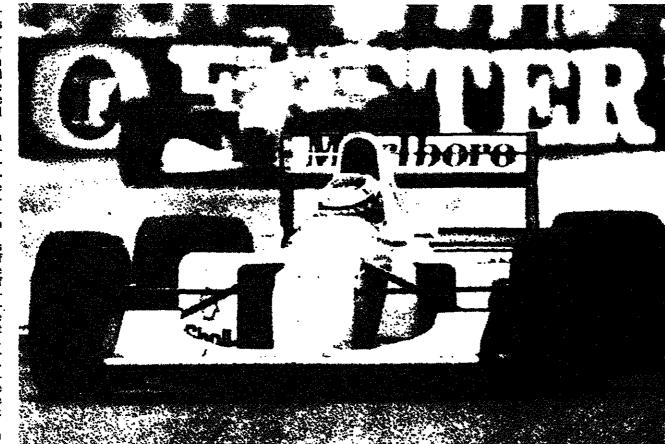
The Austrian driver said he was "just happy to have 10

Reminded that he was now leading the world championship, Berger laughed and said: "that would be nice if this was the last race of the season.

Schumacher and Coulthard had long left the Interlagos track when the decision was announced. Coulthard was flying back to Britain and Schumacher had left for a secret vacation resort in Bra-

A spokesman for Schumacher confirmed that the teams would appeal.

"Elf are quite confident their fuel is exactly to the rules, and that the testing methods used here are



Austria's Gerhard Berger

wrong," he said.

The tests were carried out by the Federation Internatioani de L'Automobile (FIA) with a special travelling laboratory usaed here for the first time.

The disqualifications meant that only eight of the 26 starters officially finished.

There had been warning signs of what was to come when Benetton and Williams were fined \$30,000 earlier in the day because of using illegal fuel during the qual-

After the fine was announced a subdued Schumacher had said he had not known about the problem while Coulthard made no After the race Schumacher

had been "more than happy" with his performance. He admitted he had not believed he could win the race.

"I would have settled for second or third place as we were a little pit behind the Williams," he said.

Praising the Renault engine the team has started using this year, he said it was "a nice situation to be able to pass Ferraris and McLarens on the straight.'

Schumacher finished the 71-lap, 305-076 kms race in 1hr 38min 34.154secs at an average speed of 186.919 kph just 8.060 seconds ahead of Coulthard.

Berger was a lap down. Schumacher had beaten pole man Damon Hill in the other Williams from the start, which he said he "couldn't believe because we have had problems starting and this is the first real start I've made' in the new car.

He led until making his first pit stop on lap 18, put-ting Hill in the lead, but led again when Hill's gearbox failed and the Englishman spun of.

Schumacher made his second fuel stop on lap 35 to put Coulthard in the lead, but the Scot in turn had to come

drive half the race "virtually was back in command, leadone handed." ing comfortably to the flag. The race on a bumpy Inter-

lagos circuit with cars that

have had little testing took a heavy mechanical toll. Only

15 of the 26 starters lasted

The McLaren results were

remarkable considering the

team's serious problems in

testing with a car that hand-

led badly and was uncomfort-

ably tight for the drivers - so

much so that Nigel Mansell

had to be replaced by the

smaller Bluindell for the first

two races of the season while

until a new car is built for

Hakkinen also had "the

unusual mishap of hitting a

bird, which damaged my rear

wing and caused the car to

Finn Miko Salo in the Tyr-

rell Yamaha was up as high as

third in only his third Grand

Prix before "tremendous

pain" in his left arm caused

by an uncomfortable seating

position made him spin and

half the distance.

The car was quicker than me, but I'm quite happy considering it was my first full F1 race distance in dry conditions," he said.

Only three other cars Japanese Aguri Suzuki in a Ligier Mugen Honda, Italian Andrea Montermini in a Pacific Team Lotus and Brazilian Pedro Diniz in the new Forti-Ford.

Among the favoured preseason teams, the Jordan Peugeots of Brazilian Rubens Barrichello and Briton Eddie Irvine retired with low gearbox hydraulic pressure, and Britain's Johnny Herbert re-tired the second Benetton, in which he qualified an excellent fourth, also with gearbox failure.

Both Sauber Fords also retired, Heinz Harald Frentzen when the engine just stopped on the circuit, and Karl Wendlinger when a battery leaed melted after a heat

# Ajax maintain unbeaten record

LONDON (R) — While the majority of Europe's top players had the weekend off to prepare for this week's European Championship qualifiers, it was a routine weekend for Ajax Amsterdam who won again.

Ajax, heavily favoured to win the European Cup for the first time since they completed a hat-trick of victories in 1973, are even more strongly favoured to win the Dutch League for the second successive season and the 25th time in all.

They maintained their 26match unbeaten run since the start of the season with a 1-0 win at at Twente Enschede thanks to Nigerian striker Nwankwo Kanu's 16th minute goal.

They have now won 20 and drawn six of their league matches and stayed four points clear of second-placed roda JC Kerkrade, the surprise package this season, whose only domestic honour came in 1956 when they won

Roda won 2-1 at return to European competition next season.

promoted last season, won for the second successive match after ending their run of 25 games without a win last week.

And for the second successive week, a dordrecht victory ended with a coach losing his job. Last week Dor-drecht beat Sparta Rotterdam 3-1, whose coach Han Berger resigned.

At the bottom of the table Cup in which they face old Dordrecht '90, who were rivals Marseille.

"One final is already a good thing," said trainer Luis Fernandez after his side's victory which came courtesy of a 55th minute penalty from Brazilian start Rai.

"Now we're going for the two others, the French Cup and the most beautiful of all. the European Cup. It's a challenge we're all looking

# **EUROPEAN SOCCER**

Dordrecht, who themselves sacked coach Nico Van Zoghel earlier this month and brought in Jan Versleijen, won again on Friday, top-pling seventh-placed Willem II Tilburg 3-0. On Saturday

fianl after the Corsican side

beat Monpellier 3-1 in the

PSG are also in the semifinals of the European Cup where they play AC Milan and the semis of the French

Tilburg coach Jan Reek quit. In France, Paris St. Germain stayed on conirse for triple cup glory by beating Le Havre 1-0 to reach the final of the newly-introduced French League Cup. The French champions, out of the running for the title, will play Bastia in the

other semi.

Feyenoord to stay four points clear of PSV Eindhoven who in turn have a three-point cushion over Twente and have set their sights on a

There were no top division matches in Spain, England or Italy at the weekend, but Werder Bremen and Borussia Moenchengladback gained ground on leaders Borussia Dortmund in Ger-

Dortmund drew 0-0 at Stuttgart on Saturday and lead Bremen on goal difference after Bremen won 5-1 at Duisburg on Friday. Borussia Moienchenglad-

bach, in third place, won 2-0 at Bochum to narrow the gap on Dortmund to just two

With 11 matches to go. only four points separate Dorlmund from sixth-placed Bayern Munich who beat' struggling neighbours TSV Munich 1860 1-0.



# SPORTS IN BREIF

lose balance."

# Farmers cause match postponement

the past week, cutting all traffic outside year's World Cup finals. Larissa and two other locations. The farmers are protesting about a new law which will Court jails star high jumper force them to pay more taxes. They also want higher prices for their products.

### Ethiopian athletes missing

LONDON (R) - British police said Sunday three Ethiopian women athletes and their day's competition in Durham, but the four notes for teammates saying they did not intend returning to Africa. Inspector Derek Bushby said there was no suggestion the women had committed any offence and they were at liberty to stay in Britain until their visas expired at the end of this month.

The Football Association of the stay of t Benfica booed off

pended for one match each — and Argentine matrch against Norway. Claudio Caniggia, who is banned for two

and North Carolina, which won regional finals 45 points. on Saturday. Oklahoma State will play topranked UCLA next weekend. In the Midwest Romario's success credited to church Regional final, defending national champions Arkansas was leading Virginia 27-25 at half-time in the battle for the remaining final four

# Belgium without key players

crucial European Championship qualifying Flamengo team to a 3-2 victory over arch rival match at Seville Wednesday. Goalkeeper Botafogo.

Michel Preud'homme, who now plays for Benfica in Portugal, and midfielder Franky all exits from the town of Larissa on Sunday football while playmaker Enzo Scifo and and prevented the local soccer club from sweeper and captain Georges Grun are both travelling to play a Greek first division match recovering from long-term injuries. National that was subsequently postponed. Larissa club coach Paul Van Himst was expected to name officials said they had failed to persuade the Bertrand Crasson as sweeper behind an farmers to let them through so that they could insecure-looking defence comprising Regis catch their plane to the island of Crete for the Genaux, Pascal Renier, Manu Karagiannis match against Ofi. Thousands of farmers have and Rudi Smidts. Standard Liege's Gilbert been blocking the main highway linking Bodart takes over from Preud'homme, who Athens and the northern port of Salonika for was voted the number one goalkeeper in last

SHANGHAI (AFP) — Former Chinese athletics star Ni Zhiqing has been sentenced to eight years in prison for accepting bribes, a newspaper reported Monday. Ni, a former champion high jumper who became vice-director of the Fujian province sports commitcoach had disappeared in Britain after taking part in the World Cross Country Chamber worth 57,000 yuan (\$6,700) over a deal to sell worth 57,000 yuan (\$6,700) over a deal to sell years to sell year pionships. The rest of their squad flew home from the northeast of England after Satur
2.29 metres at China's national games in 1971, during the upheavals of the 1996-76 Cultural secretely boarded a train to London, leaving Revolution. It would have been a world record but was never recognised internationally as there were no foreign observers

LONDON (AFP) — The Football Associa-tion (FA) could ban England international matches abroad unless the team is accompa-LISBON (R) - Benfica were booed off the nied by Scotland Yard detectives capable of pitch after they crashed 3-1 at home to identifying troublemakers, an FA spokesman Guimaraes on Sunday, leaving them little hope indicated here Sunday. The suggestion follows the riot at the England/Ireland internapered by the absence of four players through tional in Dublin last month which resulted in suspension, Benfica were left frustrated by a the match being abandoned. Irish police had host of close calls in the first half. Dimas refused help from British forces. "If we can't Teixeira, Edilson Ferreira and Paulo Bento export our own intelligence with us and have each hit a post in the space of 12 minutes for our own intelligence officers on site where we the home side. Benfica went into the game are playing then it would not be sensible to go without Brazilian defenders Carlos Mozer, to that event and play," said the FA spokes-William Andrade and Paulo Pereira - sus- man. England's next away fixture is October's

### Panathinaikos retain lead

Oklahoma State in NCAA semis ATHENS (AP) — With two goals in two minutes, Panathinaikos Athens downed cros-EAST RUTHERFORD, New Jersey (R) - stown AEK 3-0 over the weekend to retain a Fourth-seeded Oklahoma State upset second lead in the first division soccer league. After seeds Massachusetts 68-54 in the Eastern 25 rounds, Panathinaikos has 64 points, as Regional final on Sunday to earn a berth in against 48 of AEK in second place. Olymthe NCAA basketball tournament's final four piakos Piraeus, which played later against for the first time in 44 years. Oklahoma State Paok Salonica, is in third place with 46 points will travel to Seattle for next week's final four, from 24 games. Aris Salonica beat last-place along with former national champions UCLA Kavala 3-1 at home to retain fourth place with

his participation in a Japanese-founded messianic church which has branches in Brazil, the Rio daily Jornal Do Brasil reported Sunday. Romario received a 40-minute heal-BRUSSELS (AFP) - Belgium will be with- ing from one of the church's members before out four key players when they face Spain in a scoring three goals Thursday in leading his

# Magic win 4th straight game

By the Associated Press

RESERVE DENNIS Scott hit four 3-pointers and scored 18 of his 32 points in the second quarter as the Orlando Magic won its fourth straight game, 132-98 over the Golden State Warriors on Sunday, in Orlando, Florida. Shaquille O'Neal scored 24

points and grabbed 12 rebounds before resting the final 10 minutes. Every Orlando player who played scored at least four points. Latrell Sprewell had 25 points and Carlos Rogers 22

for Golden State, which lost its fourth consecutive game. The Magic led 33-24 after one period and outscored the Warriors 40-17 in the second quarter for a 32-point halftime lead.

Orlando's Nick Anderson sat out the final three quarters because of tendinitis in his left knee. Teammate Anfernee Hardaway, who has played the last three games with a dislocated finger, left midway through the third quarter and did not

Kings 104, Timberwolves 98: In Minneapolis, Mitch Richmond scored 18 of his 23 points in the second half to lead Sacramento to victory. Richmond hit three 3-

pointers and scored 13 points in a 24-10 run that started the third quarter as the Kings won for just the fifth time in 20 games. Spud Webb had 21 points and eight assists for Sacramento, which is battling Denver for the eighth and final Western Conference

playoff spot. Christian Laettner had 23 oints and Sean Rooks added 11 points and 10 rebounds for the Wolves, who have lost nine of 12.

Richmond made five 3pointers to give him 130 for the season, breaking his own franchise record of 127 set last season.

Nuggets 102, Blazers 98; In Portland, Oregon, Reggie Williams scored nine straight points in the final 3:24, including a key tip-in with 30 seconds left, lifting Denver.

Rod Strickland's 32 points led all scorers as the Blazers lost for the fourth time in five

Bryant Stith came off the bench to lead the Nuggets' balanced attack with 19 points. Rodney added 18 and Williams finished with 17. Denver defeated Portland

for the third time in four games this season. Strickland was 11-for-16 from the field with 11 assists that gave him a team high 22

double-doubles this season.

Supersonics 93, Knicks 82: In Tacoma, Washington, Gary Payton scored 26 points and made a career-best five 3pointers as Seattle swept the Knicks for the first time since the 1987-88 season.

Payton scored 10 points in the third quarter when the Sonics outscored the Knicks 27-12 and took command of

the game. The Sonies won their fourth straight game and en-ded the Knicks' two-game

winning streak. patrick Ewing led New York with 27 points, but just nine in the second half. He

also had seven rebounds. Anthony Mason, playing his first game since being suspended by the Knicks for five games for breaking team rules, had 10 points and 10

che, a 40-year-old lathe operator from eastern Germany accused of stabbing

Former world No. 1 Monica Seles

HAMBURG (R) — Former world number one

Monica Seles still suffers

from severe mood swings

after being stabbed in the

back two years ago by a

man with a kitchen knife,

her lawyer was quoted as

Gerhard Strate, who

speaks to Seles twice a

week by phone while repre-

senting her in court action

against her assailant, told

the Welt Am Sonntag

newspaper Seles was suf-

fering from "an unstable

At times Seles's voice

sounds cheerful but then

she lapses into melancholy

and slow speech which indi-

cates the trouble she has

had coming to grips with the

attack, the newspaper said. A retrial of Guenter Par-

psychiatric condition."

saying on Sunday.

'Seles has mood swings

Seles at the Hamburg Open

in April 1993, started last

Jerry May, an American

osychiatrist who has been

treating Seles, is scheduled

to testify on her condition

Parche received a two-

year suspended sentence in

October 1993 for grievous

bodily harm after a judge

ruled he was emotionally

retarded and might not

have been completely re-

Both Seles and the Ham-

burg prosecutor's office

appealed against the sent-

ence, asking for it to be

increased to five years in

Seles, who has not play-

ed a tournament since the

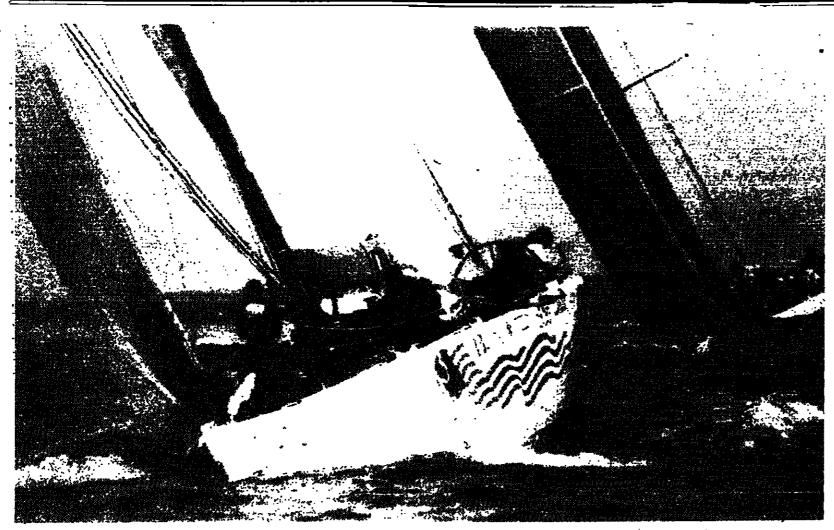
attack, also wants Parche

to be sentenced for attemp-ted manslaughter instead of

causing grievous bodily

sponsible for his actions.

on Tuesday.



America's Cup

# Stars and Stripes withdraws to avoid sinking

SAN DIEGO (AFP) — For a from Nippon (0-6) by 3:54. while Sunday, Dennis Conner felt that same sinking feeling that his old America's Cup rival John Bertrand had three weeks earlier.

Conner's Stars and Stripes dropped out of its race against PACT 95's Young America when it started taking on water on the second upwind leg, arousing memories of March 5 when Bertrand's new oneAustralia broke apart and sank.

Bertrand had better luck Sunday when his crew sailed the resurrected AUS 31 to a 40-second win over Chris Dickson's TAG Heuer to take a leg up in the fight to follow Team New Zealand into the finals of the challenger trials.

Conditions were moderate. with winds of 7 knots building to 15 and three-to-four-foot seas. AUS 35 was lost in to be a break in the hull auch rougher conditions. Fraround the keel. After some In the second challenger frantic bailing and pumping semi-final race. Team New by the crew, the danger sub-

The Japanese, burdened with a slower boat and apparently inferior sails, were never in

Conner's prospects also were questionable. For a few minutes his boat appeared to be in danger of sinking.

Stars and Stripes was not scheduled to race Monday, so there was an extra day to repair the damage, but Con-

ner said Sunday evening that

it wasn't immediately known if that would be enough.

"It's a serious problem,"
he said. "We'll make every

effort to be out there Tues-

day."
The damage was believed

safely back into San Diego

Young America, which led by 16 seconds at the previous mark, completed the race to claim the win and clinch a berth in the defender finals strting April 10.

Stars and Stripes, with a 2-3 record after Sunday's setback, is contesting the other slot with America3's almostall-woman Mighty Mary (1-

Midway on the second up-

wind leg, Stars and Stripes sewer man Wally Henry was

below decks to pack and un-pack sails when he noticed

water coming in through the hull and called out an alarm.

The crew slacked the sails to

stop the boat and called in its

chase boat for assistance.

Conner didn't think the

although some crew on

Henry shouted a warning and port trimmer Bill Trenkle eased the sheet on the headsail.
"We didn't hear any noise on the boat," Conner said. "I didn't feel any lurch, and I didn't know what Henry said,

but he said it in a way that got our attention. Bowman Greg Prussia ducked below to check the problem and emerged about 15 seconds later to say, "It's just Wally being overcon-

and Stripes crewman could

be heard over ESPN teleivi-

son's on-board microphone

Antoher said, "Where?"

again, and a moment later

Then the boat tacked

"something's crack-

cerned. Keep going." Another crewman said, "check the rig," but the sails boat had struck anything, were momentarily re-

Lipton tournaments. The los-

ses have only increased her

desire to remain at the top,

"I think I have good train-

ing now and I'm stronger,"

she said. "I just need to play

in more matches. Hopefully,

in the states and in the clay

court season, I'll be able to

win my first tournaments of

Foredeck man Ralf Steitz Young America said the boat took a hard slap from a wave said, "we had a noise out of the keel area.' as it tacked. Seconds earlier, a Stars Someone else asked, "did

anyone else hear anyting that was very convincing? Then... "A lot of water. Get the tender Betsy ready

with the pump Conner said later, "it soon became apparent we were taking on a fair amount of water. We went into our emergency drill."

Hand pumps were started, air bags were placed on board, a flotation buoy was hoisted to the top of the mast and the crew put on life

Conner said, "I don't think it was the same as what Rod Davis described when AUS 35 sank. Nobody asked, 'are we going to go down, Dennis?' That would have got my attention, because as you know I don't swim very

Later, a U.S. Coast Guard boat provided an electric

the year."
Without Davenport and

Pierce, a former American

now playing for France, there

is a dearth of American parti-

cipation at the Family Circle.

Martina Navratilova retired

with a flourish last season and

former phenom Jennifer

Capriati is still rounding into

form after a bout with subst-

ance abuse.

# Agassi tops Sampras to win Lipton title

KEY BISCAYNE (R) — Andre Agassi won a third-set tie-break Sunday to snatch the Lipton Championships title from Pete Sampras and close in on his world number one ranking in the latest chapter of what has become the sport's most exciting rivalry.

In the first men's final in the 11-year-old tournament to feature the world's top two players, second seed Agassi rallied for a 3-6 6-2 7-6 (7-3) victory over Sampras, aveng-ing a loss in the Indian Wells

final 13 days ago.

Agassi, who beat Sampras in the Australian Open final in their other 1995 meeting, picked up \$330,000 and his third title of the year.

Sampras, who won this event in 1993 and 1994, earned \$74,000 as runner-up and retained his number one ranking for the 81st consecutive week, but by a slim

Sampras looked on his way to a third successive Lipton crown when he got off to a quick start. But a remarkable run by Agassi in the second set dramtically changed the complexion of the match.

"Pete was serving so big at the start and it's always tough when he gets a lead," Agassi

"I had to fight really hard to say in there with him. It boiled down to both of us busting our butts out here and it just happened to go my way," added Agassi, who raised his 1995 match record to 25-2.

Sampras took charge early by getting out to a fast 3-0 lead. He saved triple break point in the 14-point minth game to claim the first set, some intensity. And I got a sense of life in me."

But at 2-2 in the second set, Sampras' serve started to let him down and Agassi took his game to a new level. The Australian and U.S. Open champion went on a tear, reeling off 19 straight points agaisnt the top-ranked Sam-

From 0-40 down on his serve in that fifth game, Agassi did not lose another point until he and won the second set gone 30-0 up in the first game of the third. "It doesn't happen too

often against a guy like Pete," Agassi said of his dramatic run.

"When Pete didn't win that game at 0-40, I think he lost

seed smacked a backhand wide and Agassi let out a

tiebreaker.

There were no service

break opportunities for either

player in the third set as they

battled into the inevitable

Sampras, perhaps thinking of his 1-8 tie-break record

this year, played too

cautiously. Agassi by contrast

seized control of every point

with his deep groundstrokes.

point with a brilliant back-

hand deep into the corner

that Sampras dumped into

On the final point, the top

Agassi reached match

victory whoop and pumped his fists into the air.

Agassi edges closer

Andre Agassi edged closer to world number one Pete Samprs after his win at the Lipton Championships at Key Biscayne, Florida, Sunday.
Sampras, who has held the top ranking for 80 weeks, is now only 227 points ahead of his fellow American.

1 Pete Comment (TICA)	4684 pt:
1. Pete Sampras (USA)	4457
2. Andre Agassi (USA)	3410
3. Boris Becker (Ger)	
4. Michael Chang (USA)	2697
5. Sergi Bruguera (Spa)	2619
6. Yevgeni Kafelnikov (Rus)	2538
7. Alberto Berasategui (Spa)	2488
8. Michael Stick (Ger)	2467
9. Goran Ivanisevic (Cro)	2394
10. Richard Krajicek (Ned)	2239
	2630
11. Wayne Ferreira (AFS)	1977
12. Andrei Medvedev (Ukr)	
13. Todd Martin (USA)	1974
14. Magnus Larsson (Swe)	1982
15. Jim Courier (USA)	1839
16. Stefan Edberg (Swe)	1786
17. Thomas Muster (Aut)	1593
18. Marc Rosset (Swi)	1506
	1439
19. Andrea Gandenzi (Ita)	
20. Thomas Enqvist (Swe)	1299

# **GOREN BRIDGE**

THE WINNING LEAD

NORTH 4 7 6 ♥ 8 5 4 OKQJ972 OJS EAST 

The bidding:
South West North East
1 NT Pass 3 NT Pass
Pass Pass
Opening lead:?
Countless articles and books have been written about the choice of an opening lead. The problems are immense. First, you have to choose the suit to lead; then you have to select the right card. This hand is from a rubber bridge game at the Honors Club in New York.
Note North's raise to three no trump. When you have a good six-card suit, throw point count out the window. If the suit produces aix tricks, it is worth far more than some random 10-count.
There are those who believe that, when the opponents do not probe

when the opponents do not probe for a major-suit fit and settle in a no-trump game, you should lead a major. They would have led a spade here—and been sorely disappoint-ed. Declarer would win, rm six dis-mond tries that the the

ed. Declarer would win, run sir diamond tricks, then take the heart
finesse for the fulfilling trick.

Others are stout adherents of
leading your long suit no matter
what. Obviously, on this deal a club
would be very successful. The question is: Which club should you lead.

Some would start the ten—the
middle card from an interior sequence. That would be disestrous
for the defense. Suppose East wins
the king and returns the queen. If
West allows pariner to hold the
trick, there's no fast entry back to
cash the winning clubs. If West cash the winning clubs. If West overtakes, declarer's eight becomes

stopper. At the table, West found the win ning lead of the fourth-best club. Now West was able to overtake the second round of clubs and cash out second round of cross and cash out the suit for a one-trick set. Note that, had West's suit been headed by A 10 9 8, the correct lead would be the ten!

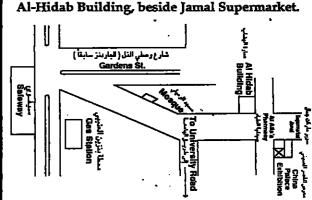
> Jordan Times Tel: 667171

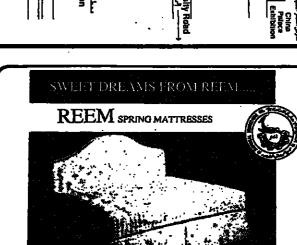
### 4x4 Daihatsu Feroza 1989, duty unpaid, diplomatic use. For more information please call 823100 extension: 285 - for three days

China Palace Exhibition announces its big sale for the following items:

 Chinese cloisonné and ceramic vases and jars. 2. Easter cloisonné eggs. 3. Housewares.

Children toys and gifts. Different Chinese handicraft items. Gardens Street, near Al-Zmeli Mosque, opposite





ELEGANCE, LUXURY, COMFORT are combined in REEM SPRING MATTRESSES

-The most advanced spring system that gives you independent support ver your body needs lt Natural upholatery materials to assure healthler and safer aleep - Double padding to keep you warm in the winter and cool in the

TOO SOPT

Tel.: 675571

Zarka - Jordan p.o Box 2033 Mecca St. 829102

Nabil & Hisham's

Tel.Amman 628159 Zerka Fac. 9:1100

# Sanchez Vicario top seed at Family Circle Cup

HILTON HEAD ISLAND, South Carolina (AP) -Arantxa Sanchez Vicario, the top-ranked player in the world, has a hard time ignoring Steffi Graf, even when the Spaniard knows she has

"She's the player who is behind me and who's coming, pushing really hard and really strong," said Sanchez Vicario, who is top-seeded in the Family Circle Cup at Sea

Pines Resort. Graf, who won't play the Family Circle this week, is indeed pushing hard. She won the Lipton Championships on Saturday and has not lost a set in 15 matches this year. Sanchez Vicario, who has not won any of her three 1995 tournaments, can't be worried about that.

"I'm just looking to play my own game and keep continuing to work as good at the same level," she said. "I'm not thinking about trying to ee who is doing well also or

Some of those players doing well won't be competing in this week's tournament, which began Monday. Australian Open champion Mary Pierce withdrew with a groin injury, while leading American Lindsay Davenport pulled out because a virus that forced her to miss

other players.

this week. The competitors who aren't there make no difference, says defending Family Circle champion Conchita Martinez, who will be play-

the Lipton doubles title game

"You can't think about that," she said. "The only thing you have to think about is the first match and the second and the third." Martinez has had trouble

T

getting to the third one this season. Her one trip to a final this season came at the Delray Beach, Florida, tournament on March 12 and ended in a 6-2, 6-4 loss to Graf. She

"I'm having a hard time," she said. "I just have to pick

also was bounced early at Indian Wells, California.

up my confidence in winning some matches." If form holds true, Martinez, seeded second, would likely face Sanchez Vicario in the final.

Sanchez Vicario lost to Pierce in the Australian Open final and in the semifinals of the Indian Wells and

# **Furnished House For Rent**

Two big Bedrooms, two big Salons, dining room, big garden, telephone.
61/Al-Mutanabi str., near Maternity Hospital, 4th circle, Jabal Amman.

Tel. 641818

### هيئة تنشيط الساجة JORDAN TOURISM BOARD HAS THE FOLLOWING VACANCIES

1. Director of Marketing

7 to 10 years work experience. Minimum five years in management position with international experience.

2. Marketing Advisor Minimum five years experience in marketing

research. Executive Secretary Minimum five years experience working ex-

perience. Excellent office manager skills. The above position requires the following: 1. Excellent command of English and Arabic

languages.

Willing to travel.

3. Excellent computer skills. Interested candidates please contact the following telephone numbers to set up an appointment.

When A Man Loves A Woman

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 5, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

Y Sus Tremendos Cuatro Espadas

presented by and THE AMERICAN CENTER

The National Music Conservatory Thursday, 30 March 1995 - 8:00 p.m. Philadelphia Hotel - Royal Ballroom Tickets are available from: Ticket Price: JD 8
Ahlia Abela, tel. 688481 | The American Center, tel. 820101

Wood Al Human Foundation

Ticket Price: JD 5 Babiche, tel. 661322 Freddy for Music, tel. 692696 Music Box, tel. 815745 Romero, tel. 644227 and the National Music Conservatory, tel. 687620

647951/647914/647952 Tel.: 699238 Cinema Tel.: 634144 Cinema PLAZA PHILADELPHIA Tom Hanks Α Andy Garcia — Mee Ryan

Forrest Gump

Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 6:15, 9:15

Tel.: 677420 Cinema CONCORD CONCORD '1' Comedian star: Adel Imam -

Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 6:00, 8:30, 11:00 CONCORD '2' Jean-Claude Van Damm STREET FIGHTER

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 5:45, 11:00

**Bakhit & Andadileh** 

Tel.: 618274 - 618275 AMMOUN THEATRE Musa Hijazin "Sum'a" in the political satire Hi Citizen

written and directed by Mohammad Al Shawaqta daily on 8:30 p.m. The theatre closes on Monday --- Haifa Al Agha in the children's play ☆☆ Sa'di's Return ☆☆ Nabil Al Mashini Theatre Presents Abu Awwad in the social comedy Punctured Bag

The theatre is closed on Mondays Tickets are available all

Presents: The political satire: al salam ya salam at 8:30 p.m. For reservation, please cal 625155

The theatre is closed

Saturdays & Sundays

AHLAN THEATRE

Tel.: 625155

THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE

مهلذا صند المنصيل

# Israel blockades Sidon fishing, stages air raids

SIDON, Lebanon (Agencies) - The Israeli navy opened fire near Lebanese fishing boats off Sidon on Monday, apparently extending northwards a blockade imposed nearly seven weeks ago on its twin city of Tyre.

'A

Wo im

t rek or in

he Biai

len'e ...c

espi\_\_le

ou } n

or bar

¹e a.M⊓

re but

ial o

nat ra

пофи

ita ign'

חמל,

oveh Est

ano em

"<sup>ç</sup>e'\n

ect-E 4

ngd :

ce C

**3**25

ol ce ir

CCARSONEOS CANOSTE SE

THC

Sidon fishermen said Israeli gunboats unleashed a hail of machine-gun fire when they sailed at dawn more than one kilometre out to sea off the South Lebanon port.

They said they were forced to return to port when the Israelis fired in the water at nets near a flotilla of 20 wooden fishing boats off Sidon, 40 kilometres south of

Beirut. The Israeli action ignored a weekend protest by fisher-men in Tyre, 35 kilometres further south, who handed a petition to a U.N. official asking United Nations Secretary General Boutros Ghali to intervene to stop the blockade.

The petition called the Israeli action "arrogant

aggression." Tyre's 1,500 fishermen, among the most impover-ished inhabitants of South Lebanon, have been blockaded since Feb. 8, barred from sailing more than one able to reach their traditional

Kabul:

behind

Pakistan

Talibans

Israel extended the blockade last month to Sidon and other ports just south of Beirut, before announcing that it was lifting it on March

10 when U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher visited the region.
But Israel reimposed the

measure on Tyre a day after Mr. Christopher's departure, and its gunboats have since repeatedly fired near the Tyre fishermen as they try to reach their usual fishing

Monday's incident was the first time the Israelis have fired off Sidon since Mr. Christopher left on March 16. Israel enforced the blockade to force the Lebanese

army to ease security checks on travellers to and from its occupation zone in South Beirut has refused to ease the checks, saying they are

legitimate and necessary because of suspicions that agents from the zone set off a carbomb that killed three people in a Hizbollah (Party of God) district of Beirut last December. Israeli warplanes mean-

while blasted Hizbollah strongholds in soutehrn Lebanon on Monday. Four jet fighters fired

over the Iqlim Al Tufab hills, a sparsely inhabited region where Hizbollah has strongholds dug into the rock,

Huge columns of black smoke billowed over the Jabal Rafib hill in the Iqlim Al Tufah, which the warplanes pounded for 20 minutes, wit-

Four other warplanes buz-

zed the area and fired heatseeking balloons to ward off any attack from the ground, witnesses added. Hizbollah guerrillas and

Lebanese army troops fired anti-aircraft guns at the warplanes but missed their On Saturday Hizbollah claimed an explosion in South Lebanon which it said killed four pro-Israeli militia-men but the South Lebanon

attack left one civilian dead. The latest raid brought to eight the number of air attacks by Israeli warplanes on Hizbollah and Palestinian bases in Lebanon since the start of 1995, including six on Hizbollah strongholds in the

Army (SLA) militia said the

Iqlim Al Tufah. Two Hizbollah and three Palestinians were killed in these air attacks.

# France sells Kuwait \$55m in boats, radar

KUWAIT (Agenices) — France on Monday sold Kuwait eight missile-carrying patrol boats worth about \$500 million in its biggest defence contract with Kuwait since the Gulf war.

KABUL (Agencies) — A senior Defence Ministry official Monday accused Pakis-Visiting French Defence Minister François Leotard said that under contracts tan of covertly supporting the Afghan Taliban movement signed by him and Kuwaiti counterpart Sheikh Ahmad which is battling forces loyal to President Burhanuddin Hamoud Al Sabah France would also supply a military radar made by Thomson for "Some sort of Pakistani about \$54 million.

support is behind the Tali-Mr. Leotard, announcing ban, and other countries are also involved," General the contracts at a news conference, racalled France's Yunus Qanooni of the Departicipation in the U.S.-led fence Ministry said. coalition that ended Iraq's Gen. Qanooni, who in his seven-month occupation in 1991 and called on Iraq to comply with all U.N. Gulf dual roles as political chief of the Defence Ministry and head of the Kabul Security

crisis resolutions. Commission, is regarded as He called for the release of the de facto defence minister, Kuwaitis detained in th declined to specify which occupation and reportedly other nations were backing still held by Baghdad. the Talibans.

France's only substantial But he was unequivocal on defence sale to Kuwait since Pakistan's involvement with the war has been for Aerosthe militant religious movepatiale missile testing and support systems worth bement, which has seized control of nine provincial Afghan tween \$15 million and \$20 capitals since last fall. million. According to earlier re-ports, the Talibans received

Kuwait signed a defence pact with France in 1992 similar to those reached with the United States and Britain following the war. Kuwait has

with Russia and initialled a military agreement with Chi-

The 42-metre boats will carry anti-ship and air defence missiles and 20-metres and 40-metre cannons. The hulls will be built by France's constructions Mecaniques de Normandie (CMN) and the engines by German company MTU.

CMN is to refit one of only two Kuwaiti gunships which survived the Gulf war, a 57metre missile boat built by the German firm Luerssen. The French company is also building three patrol boats for the Omani navy. In a drive to rebuild the

navy, Kuwait wants between five and six frigates, according to General Daniel Berthalt, the chief negotiator for French arms exports.

France would be in contention with U.S. and other European firms for the contract, worth five times more than the gunboats.

But Kuwait faces financial restraints after baving already spent \$6 billion on U.S. armoured vehicles and Patriot missiles, \$1.2 billion on British armoured vehicles

(Continued on page 7)

# Manila police link Yousef to a series of bizarre plots

MANILA (AP) — The alleged mastermind of the World Trade Centre bombing personally planted a bomb that exploded on a Philippine airliner, planned air raids on the U.S. and Israeli embassies and was preparing to blow up American jets until police raided his Manila hideout, Philippine police believe.

their training in Pakistani re-

(Continued on page 7)

ligious schools.

Claims by the Philippine national police are based on computer diskettes and other materials seized Jan. 6 when officers raided Ramzi Yousen's room in the Josefa apartments, located about 100 metres from the residence used by Pope John Paul II during his visit here

Police believe Yousef, who was arrested in Pakistan last month and deported to the United States, also planned to assassinate the Pope by triggering radio-controlled bombs along his route.
Yousef, who now says his

real name is Abdul Bassit Balochi, was charged in the February 1993 World Trade Centre in New York bombing that killed six people and injured more than 1,000.

Yousef's activities in Manila emerged after fire broke out in the apartment he had rented here last December under the name Naji Haddad. Police raided the flat and arrested a companion, said Ahmad, but Yousef dis-

Police refuse to say whether they are still holding Ahmad.

In a series of reports released last week, police said Yousel's fingerprints were found in the apartment. They also seized diskettes and documents, including schedules for United Airlines and Philippine Airlines, as well as nitroglycerine and other "bomb-making materials."

Many of the allegations against Yousef had been leaked unofficially to Filipino reporters over the past two months. But the latest claims. much more detailed, were released after the surrender last week of Edwin Angeles, alleged operations chief of a Filipino extremist group, Abu Sayyaf.

Police said Angeles, who worked as a translator in Libya from 1990 until 1992, confirmed links between the Abu Sayyaf group and Yousef. Police said Angeles provided new, undisclosed details about Yousef's activities in Manila and confirmed much of the information which had been deciphered from the diskettes and documents seized in the Jan. 6

According to police, Yousef planned to launch a series of attacks Jan. 10, two days before the Pope arrived. It appeared that Yousef had mapped out a series of scenarios, including bombing the papal route and the U.S. and Israeli embassies.

Another option seriously considered was throwing bombs directly at the U.S. and Israeli embassies through the use of a fixed-wing type of aircraft," one of the police reports said.

According to the report, Yousef and a companion contacted a charter company outside Manila in late December about renting a small plane. It also said a document found in the January raid linked Yousef to the Dec. 11 explosion aboard a Philippine Airlines jet en route from Cebu to Tokyo. The pilot landed the plane

safely on Okinawa, but one Japanese man was killed and 10 others were injured in the biast.

Police said Yousef boarded the flight in Manila under the name Amaldo Forlani, hid the bomb in the life vest under the seat while attendants were serving snacks and then got off in Cebu. He was able to slip the bomb past airport X-ray machines because it was made of liquid nitroglycerine which is virtually undetectable, police

U.S. and Philippine authorities believe the December bombing was a test run for attacks on American jetliners over the Pacific.

"It is highly probable that United Airlines flights number one and number two between Hong Kong, Singapore and Los Angeles were targets for bombing," the police report said.

On Jan. 9, the Federal Aviation Administration issued a security alert for all American commercial flights over the Pacific and ordered stringent checks at airports

served by U.S. carriers. The measures included a ban on all aerosols and liquids except infants' milk in hand-carried luggage.

"The use by the group of nitro cellulose/glycerine which could easily pass X-ray machines at local airports is highly significant because it spells a dramatic development in terrorist bombings in the country," the national police said in a classified report seen by the Associated



REGENT VISITS MINISTRY: His Royal Highness Priace Abdullah, the Regent, on Monday visited the Ministry of Interior where he was received by Interior Minister Salameh Ham-

mad and senior ministry officials.

Prince Abdullah, who was accompanied on the visit by His Royal Highness Prince Ghazi ministry for holding the next municipal elections in various parts of the Kingdom.

The Regent issued directives dealing with editations of all procedures related to the elections to guarantee a larger participation by citizens in the electoral process.

Also Monday, Prince Abdullah visited the

Public Security Department (PSD) and met with PSD Director Lieutenant-General Abdul

# **NEWS IN BRIEF**

"I ll wind" from Egypt -- Israeli president

TEL AVIV (AFP) - President Ezer Weizman said Monday that there was an "ill wind blowing across the Nile" following Egypt's refusal to take part in an international air traffic control conference in occupied Jerusalem. "An ill wind is blowing across the Nile and I will ask President Hosni Mubarak to explain this boycott," Mr. Weizman said as he opened the conference. According to the organisers, Egypt has refused to take part in the meeting because it is being held in Jerusalem. Mr. Weizman went to Cairo in December to try to improve strained relations with Egypt, which became the first Arab country to sign peace with the Jewish state in 1979. As well as the Jerusalem issue, the two countries are locked in a dispute over Israel's refusal to sign the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT).

### Former Histadrut leader under arrest

TEL AVIV (AFP) - Israeli police have arrested a former leader of the Histadrut union close to the Labour Party as part of an investigation into embezzlement, police said Monday. Yaacov Michaeli, formerly a close advisor of Transport Minister Israel Kessar, was arrested Sunday after being questioned for seven hours, they added. He is accused of having used Histadrut money to fund Mr. Kessar's campaign in the 1992 primary elections held by the Labour Party to nominate a candidate for the position of prime minister. The Israeli agency Itim said "numerous Labour Party militants were in a state of shock after Michaeli's arrest." Opinion polls have shown that the popularity of Prime Minister Yitzahk Rabin's Labour Party has fallen over the past three months.

### 22,000 petition Israel for Vanunu release

LONDON (AFP) - Petitions bearing some 22,000 signatures were delivered to the Israeli embassy here Monday demanding the release of Mordechai Vanunu, jailed in Israel for giving nuclear secrets to the British press. Actress Susannah York and playwright Harold Pinter were among starting his ninth year in solitary confinement in Israel's Ashkelon prison after being jailed in 1986.

### Cyprus asks for dialogue with WEU

NICOSIA (R) — Cyprus has asked for a dialogue with the Western European Union (WEU) in the hope of eventual membership, a government spokesman said on Monday. "Our foreign minister has sent a letter to the WEU asking for a dialogue ... the final target is the island's admission," spokesman Yiannakis Cassoulides told Journalists. The 10-member WEU, an inter-governmental organisation for European cooperation in security and defence, has been revitalised in recent years. Members are German, France, Greece, Britain, Belgium, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands. Spain and Portugal.

### Captives had taken refuge in Sudan — Hamas

GAZA CITY (AFP) - The Islamic Resistance Movement, Hamas, said Monday that two young Palestinians arrested by the Israeli army at Gaza's border with Egypt had taken refuge in Sudan for the last year. Musa Luheidi, 21, and Suleiman Abdullah Abed Malahi, 24, were on an Israeli wanted list for the killing of Palestinian collaborators. The two were arrested on Sunday near the Rafah crossing between the autonomous Gaza Strip and Egypt. Two others in their group eluded the army and slipped into the Strip. The arrested Palestinians fled to Sudan more than a year ago, when the Israeli army cracked down on militants before withdrawing for the launch of self-rule in

### Police kill 8 suspects in Egypt

CAIRO (R) - Police said they killed eight suspected Muslim militants in southern Egypt on Monday in two separate early morning raids. They said four were killed in a village near Assiut 320 kilometres south of Cairo after a raid on their hideout. They were wanted for taking part in attacks on policemen. Earlier, four suspects were killed in the village of Samalout in the nearby Minya province, 260 kilometres south of Cairo. Police said they were sought in connection with an attack in which three policemen died. In both incidents on Monday, police said the suspects resisted arrest and started shooting. Human rights groups have charged that police follow a shoot-to-kill policy without giving suspects a chance to surrender.

# 40 feared dead in Turkey mine explosion

ANKARA (AFP) - Twenty miners were killed and another 20 reported missing following an explosion in a coalmine in the eastern Sorgun region of Turkey Anatolian news agency said Monday. It reported that authorities had found 15 bodies in the mine, adding to the official death toll from earlier of five dead and nine injured. There was still no explanation for the explosion which occurred Sunday, but the prefect for the Yozgat area, Ertugrul Ersoy, said early Monday methane gas was not the reason. Rescue operations continued through the day to recover the corpses and mine authorities installed a ventilator to suck out carbon monoxide which had built up in the blast area.

### Nafei wins journalists' elections

CAIRO (R) - A government candidate has beaten off competition to win a second two-year term as the president of the Egyptian Journalists Union. The union's judicial committee, which supervised the elections for the top post, announced late on Sunday that Ibrahim Nafei won 1435 votes to 1102 for his main leftist opponent, Galal Aref. Mr. Aref told Reuters on Sunday, when the elections were held, that he was running "to assure the union's independnece from the government or any other political party." Early results for the 12-member union council have indicated growing support for political Islamic groups in the traditionally pro-government union.

# U.S.-N.Korea talks halted

BERLIN (AP) - U.S. and North Korean officials ended negotiations two days ahead of schedule Monday but gave no indication of success or failure on how to replace North Korea's dangerous nuclear facilities.

A U.S. spokesman said the negotiations were adjourned for a pause, though he did not give a date for resump-

The negotiations had aimed at resolving a tough dispute over the agreement reached last Oct. 21 on a plan to replace North Korea's nuclear reactors, which are re-garded as capable of producing weapons-grade materials.

"There will be no meeting tomorrow. The (U.S.) delegation is going back to Washington now to consider some proposals," said William Wanlund, spokesman for the U.S. diplomatic mission in Berlin.

"I wouldn't call them broken up. We're going to go back to Washington and think about what the Koreans

put forward," he said. The United States has formed an international consortium to provide reactors of South Korean origin, but North Korea balked at oting reactors from its

A North Korean spokesman, reached by telephone at the consulate, said he could not comment further.

The talks began in Berlin on Saturday and had been scheduled to continue until Wednesday.

South Korea and the United States have hinted North Korea could face economic sanctions imposed by the United Nations Security Council if it backs out of the arrange-

ANKARA (Agencies) — Turkish President Suleyman Demirel on Monday sacked

Foreign Minister Murat

Karayalcin and replaced 10

other ministers in a cabinet

reshuffle prompted by the

internal politics of a partner

in the coalition government.

in a statement from the office

of Prime Minister Tansu Cil-

ler who submitted the list to

Mr. Demirel earlier in the

day. The appointments take

All the ministers were from

the social democrat republi-

can people's party and the

reshuffle was expected since

Hikmet Cetin took over the

party on Feb. 18. He becom-

es state minister and deputy

Veteran social democrat fi-

gure Erdal Inonu takes over

from Mr. Karayalcin, a week

into a huge military operation

into Iraq that has triggered

sharp criticism from Turkey's

it was unlikely Mr. Inonu

would change tack on the

issue. Ms. Ciller, who

ordered the incursion last

Monday, has been consulting

Justice Minister Mehmet

Four other state ministry

positions and portfolios for

public works, labour, indus-

try and trade, culture, tour-

Mr. Cetin and Mr. Inonu

are seasoned politicians on

the social democrat wing of

The appointments were

The app (ments were part of a w ser reshuffle re-

wider reshuffle

ti- eft-right coalition.

ism were reshuffled.

Mogultay retains his post.

closely with Mr. Cetin.

But political observers said

effect immediately.

minister.

Western allies.

The announcement came

# Qatar's emir calls on Israel to sign NPT

DOHA (AP) - The emir of Qatar on Monday urged that the Middle East be declared a zone free of weapons of mass destruction and called on Israel to sign the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty.

Addressing a new session of the country's advisory council, Sheikh Khalifa Ben Hamad Al Thani, said that for peace to be achieved in the region, all Middle Eastern countries, including Israel, have to commit themselves to the NPT which comes up for renewal next

"It is illogical to allow a certain state to own nuclear weapons while its neighbours are denied possession of such weapons," Sheikh Khalifa

The emir spoke as Arab countries are backing a cam-paign led by Israel demanding Israel, considered to be the region's only nuclear power, join the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT). Egypt, which made peace with Israel in 1979 and is a signatory of the NPT, insists

that it will not support a renewal of the 1970 treaty if Israel does not sign as well. Foreign ministers of the 22-member Arab League recently backed Egypt. But a final resolution did not commit them to a collective stand

on the NPT renewal talks,

leaving each state to vote

individually.

Sheikh Khalifa, whose country has border disputes with Bahrain and Saudi Arabia, said Qatar accords the "utmost importance" to supporting the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) and "to maintaining stability in our

The GCC comprises Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Kuwait, Qatar, Bahrain and Oman.

Qatar is way ahead of its GCC partners in efforts to normalise ties with Iraq and in developing close links with Iran, while paving the way for cooperation with

Welcoming Jordan's Oct. 26 peace agreement with Israel as another step toward a regional peace settlement, Sheikh Khalifa emp the importance of Israel achieving agreements with Lebanon and Syria.

He called for an Israeli withdrawal from all occupied Arab lands, including Jerusalem, the Golan Heights of Syria and South Lebanon.

Touching on domestic issues, the emir said Qatar's current national plan was aimed at reinforcing the country's economy by establishing an industrial base pinned mainly on natural gas, rather than oil.

placing 12 ministers who ten-

dered their resignations in

the cards since Wednesday,

when the governing True Path Party (DYP) and its

coalition partner the People's

Republican Party (CHP)

agreed a new protocol to

enable their coalition to stay

Formed in November

1991, the coalition initially

consisted of the right-wing.

DYP - Ms. Ciller's party -

and the People's Social

Democratic Party (SHP),

which was subsumed within the CHP — headed by Mr.

Cetin — last month.
The SHP's ministers res-

igned at the time of the mer-

ger but had remained in their

posts until replacements were

Kurdish origin, has a reputa-

tion as a conciliator won dur-

ing a 30-year political career.

He was foreign minister from November 1991 to July 1994.

Mr. Inonu is the son of

independence hero Ismet In-

onu, who succeeded the

founder of modern Turkey.

Mustafa Kamel Ataturk, as

head of state. A politician

since 1983, he was deputy

prime minister between

November 1991 and Septem-

The only one of the 12

The incoming ministers in-

cluding one woman, Aysel

Baykal, as minister of state.

She will probably replace

Onay Alpago, outgoing

minister with responsibility

for women and the family.

outgoing ministers to retain

their post is justice minister

ber 1993.

Mogultay.

Mr. Cetin, a 58-year-old of

The changes have been on

Turkey reshuffles cabinet,

February.

in power.

sacks foreign minister

### Highwire record stunt nearly ended in tragedy

BERLIN (AFP) — A high wire walker saved bimself in the nick of time Sunday when he lost his balance 50 metre (162 feet) from the ground during an attempt to set new world record for the highest tightrope stunt Watched by thousands of onlookers and Berlin telepision viewers, Matthias The ber, 26 was half way along a 620 metre (2,015 foot) long wire strung between the television broadcasting tower and the cathedral when he stumbled and dropped his balancing pole. He clutched at the wire to stop himself falling and after a few minutes recovered himself ciently to climb down a cable fixed to the highwive to stop it oscillating. Initially it was Traber' father Alfredo who was to make the risky wire walk but Matthias stood in at the last minute when his father went down with the flu. The stunt was promoted to symbolise mankind walking a tightrope between global destruction and protection of the environment and was part of the run-up to the United Nations Conference on Climatic Change and Global Warming opening Tuesday in the German capit

### **Bolshoi** conductor quits as row rumbles on

MOSCOW (R) — The head of the Bolshoi Opera company resigned Monday, the second high-ranking artist to quit in a month in a prot-racted row over the lead-ership of the world-famous theatre, ITAR-TASS news agency said. Alexander Lazarev, chief conductor and head of the opera company for seven years, was a sup-porter of former artistic director Yuri Grigorovich, who stood down in early March over a long-running dispute with Bolshoi chief Vladimir Kokonin. A third Bölshoi member, chief designer Valery Levantal, had also tendered his resignation, TASS said. It was not immediately possible to confirm the news, since the Bolshoi is always closed Monday. Grigorovich and his supporters accused Kokonin of being incompetent and were upset at the introduction of shortterm contracts to replace the Soviet era jobs-for-life system. TASS quoted Lazarev as saying in a statement his resignation was "directly linked to the reforms of the administrative system and the artistic leadership (of the Bolshoi)... which has scored a convincing victory over the people of art and art itself." Lazarev had already left for London. apparently for a permanent job, TASS said.

### **Prince Charles** to produce soft drinks

LONDON (AFP) — Prince Charles is to produce soft drinks in partnership with Coca-Cola and Schweppes using fruits and herbs grown at Highgrove, his property in western England, the Daily Mirror reported Monday. The paper, which quoted the Prince of Wales's private secretary Richard Aylard said an official announcement about the venture would be made Wednesday by Duchy Originals Limited the firm which makes and markets the prince's biscuits known as the Duchy Originals. As for the biscuit venture, the profits the prince earns from the sales of the drinks will go entirely to charities he has founded. On Sunday, the Sunday Times said the prince had agreed to let Disney market videos of the cartoon The Old Man And The Gorms based on 2 story he wrote for children.

### Simpson wins 'razzie' for worst supporting actor

LOS ANGELES (R) — As if O.J. Simpson doesn't have enough problems, the former American football star Was 'dishonored' Sunday with 8 Golden Razzie Award for one of the worst film per formances of 1994. In the Golden Raspberry Founds tion's annual spoof of the Academy Awards, Simpson
— who is on trial on double. murder charges - was named worst supporting actor for his role in the comedy Naked Gun 33 1/3.

Koryrev ar

neen receiv

Par eleace 👃 والماسد دقاء سيتناو المهاي Ex. Comment 图 4 Marting Parse of the second Talk of the Car a section

Bus to Later of the The Contract Marie Richard San in Maria dend have marketed The little and the later E and the second Time of the BEN SILV TO THE of the factories 1

The same of the sa designs the later of Saffer Fisher or THE THE PARTY OF T Mount on e aper december Assessment Grilla . Imported and top F.S. designs an moder Tack Medani and Ala Semented in land Section of the sectio menanent activities The second of th

Region is in a reco in Done a holder Are have been being being after a see of the best being a see of the best being bei

die the paper said ing moved to a Applications were of All Payer and me economic of Mi Beings who April of the property in and the government during the government dur